



Reverse Engineering the Eufy Ecosystem: a Deep Dive Into Security Vulnerabilities and Proprietary Protocols

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DistrINet

The background is a solid blue color with several overlapping, semi-transparent geometric shapes. There are large circles and a large, irregular shape that resembles a stylized letter 'E' or a similar form. The shapes are in various shades of blue, creating a layered, abstract effect.

Who is Eufy?

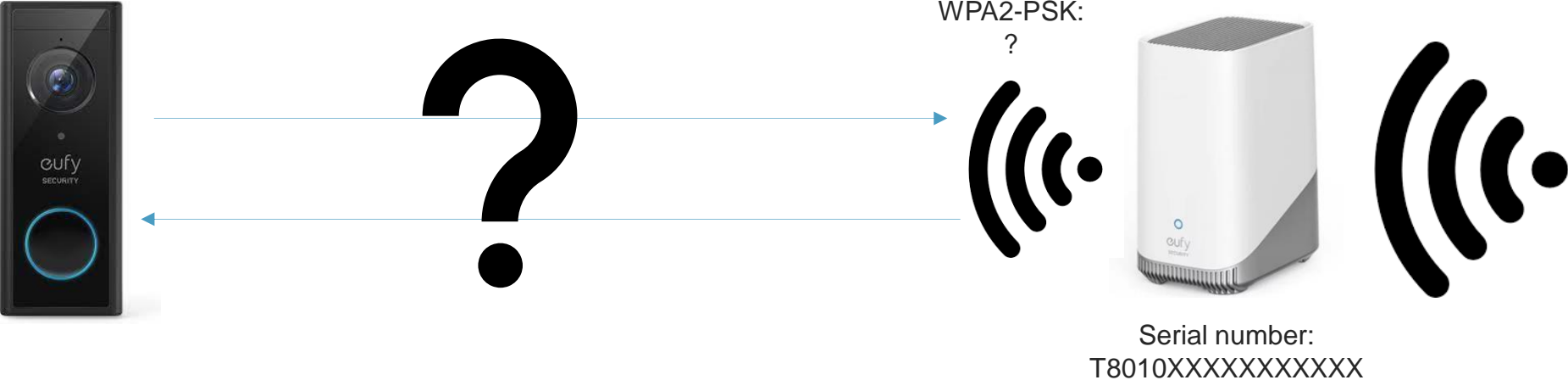
Eufy

eufy SECURITY ANKER

- › Founded in 2016
- › Already among market leaders
- › Focus on security
- › 1/334 Households



Eufy – Setup



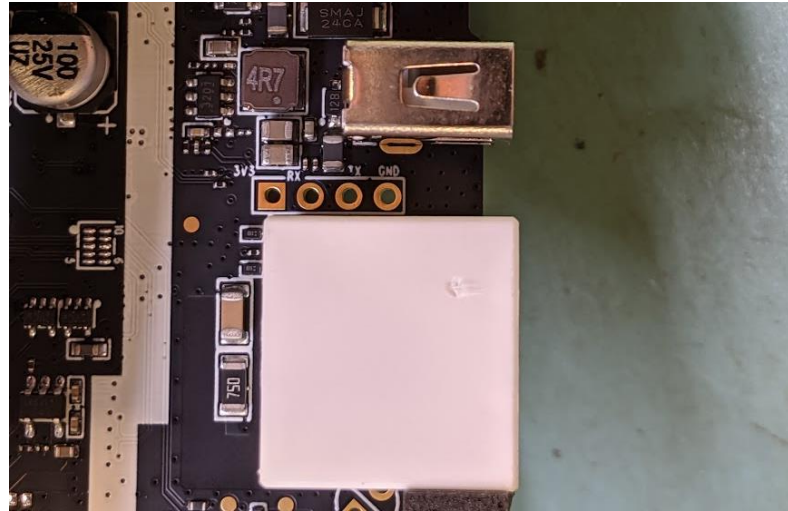
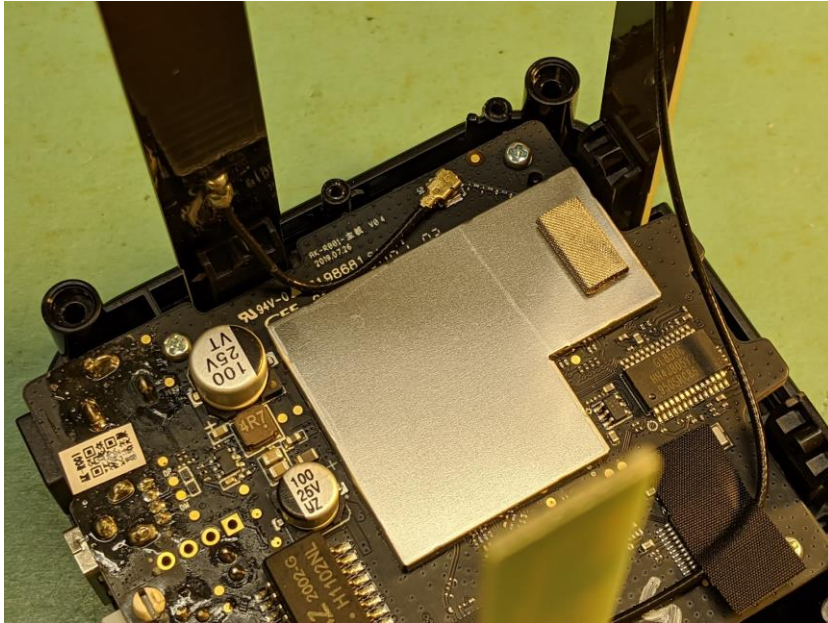
Methods

1. Network traffic analysis
2. Firmware analysis
3. Symbolic analysis



Cracking the WPA2-PSK

Eufy – Firmware acquisition



Eufy – Firmware acquisition

```
** send data to uart2 **
FE 01 21 58 00 78

++ read from uart2 data:
FE 02 61 58 00 10 2B

success to get responce.
get response from app. code:0x00.
in normal mode.
** send data to uart2 **
FE 01 21 51 00 71

++ read from uart2 data:
FE 01 61 51 00 31

success to get responce.

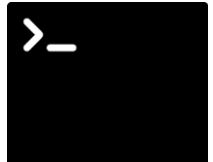
3: System Boot system code via Flash.
## Booting image at bc050000 ...
raspi_read: from:50000 len:40
Image Name: Linux Kernel Image
Image Type: MIPS Linux Kernel Image (lzma compressed)
Data Size: 14616169 Bytes = 13.9 MB
Load Address: 80000000
Entry Point: 805e9490
raspi_read: from:50040 len:2906a9
```

```
normal.sh current_year:1970
normal.sh fail to get system time. ignore ...
[ 50.488000] #####Set_SignalUserPid_Proc,5897
```

```
Login timed out process '/bin/login' (pid 5290) exited. Scheduling for restart.
setrlimit(RLIMIT_CORE, &limit);
starting pid 6382, tty '/dev/ttyS1': '/bin/login'
Eufycamera login:
```

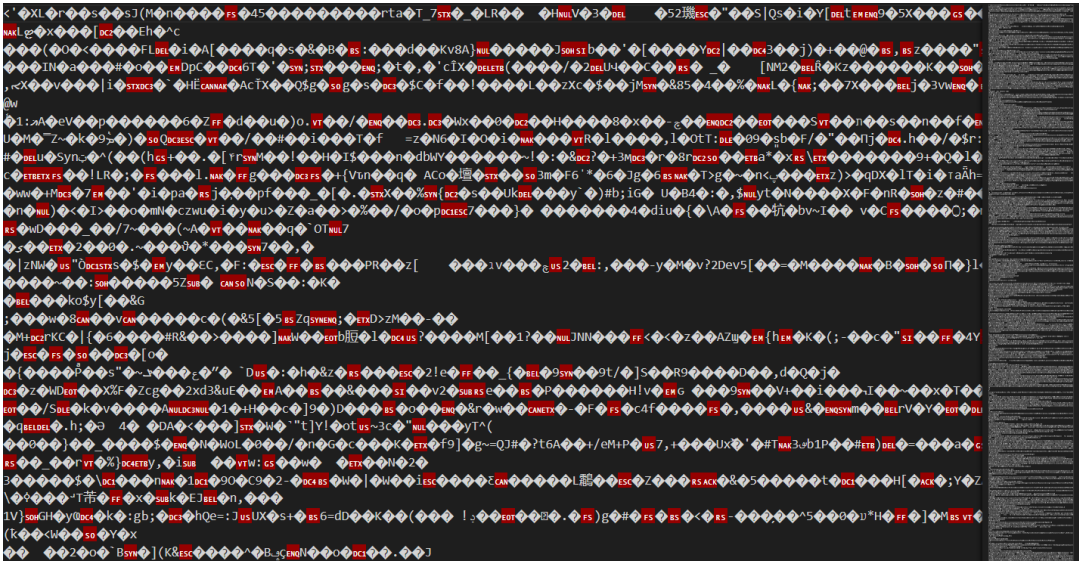
```
##### The CPU freq = 575 MHZ #####
estimate memory size =128 Mbytes
RESET MT7628 PHY!!!!!!
Please choose the operation:
1: Load system code to SDRAM via TFTP.
2: Load system code then write to Flash via TFTP.
3: Boot system code via Flash (default).
4: Entr boot command line interface.
7: Load Boot Loader code then write to Flash via Serial.
9: Load Boot Loader code then write to Flash via TFTP.

m: Load mini system code then write to Flash via TFTP.
u: enter mini system for upgrade normal system.
```



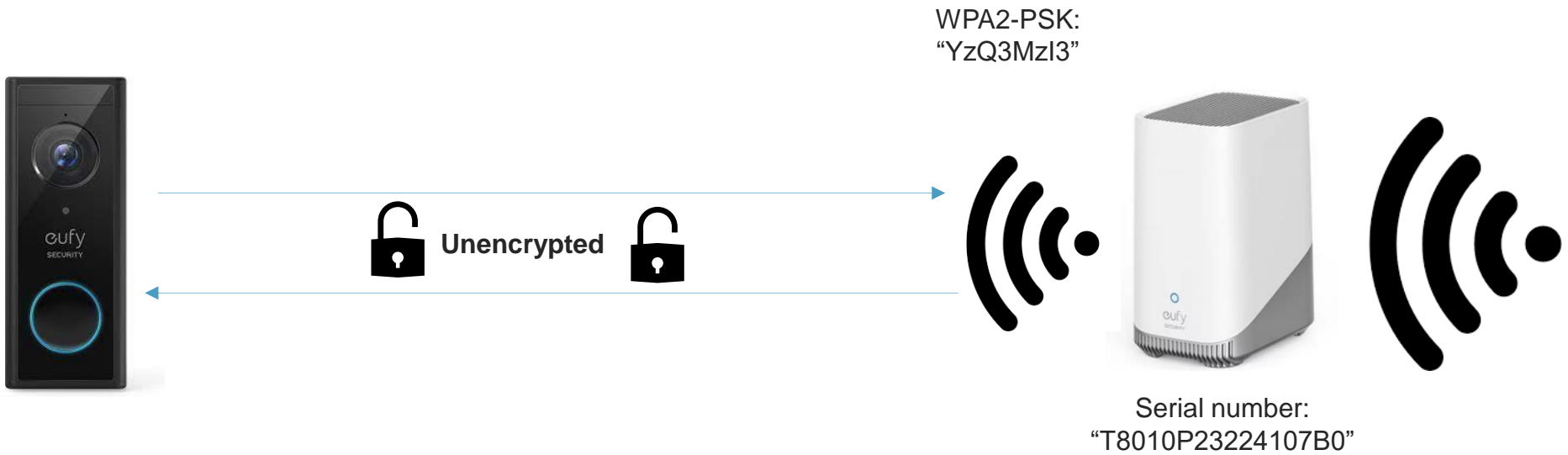
Eufy – Firmware acquisition

› Copying the MTD blocks



4096	Feb	20	08:14	bin
4096	Dec	31	1969	dev
4096	May	9	08:41	etc
4096	Feb	20	08:14	etc_ro
4349716	Apr	26	08:17	home_security
4096	May	10	09:24	lib
4096	May	9	09:35	media
4096	Dec	31	1969	mnt
23664	Apr	27	08:29	ntplclient
4096	Dec	31	1969	proc
4096	Feb	20	08:14	sbin
4096	Dec	31	1969	sys
4096	May	9	09:38	tmp
4096	Feb	20	08:13	usr
4096	May	9	09:37	var
6669272	Apr	27	08:30	webrtc_client

Eufy – Authentication bypass - CVE-2023-37822



Eufy – Filesystem analysis

> Suspicious activities

» Reuse of password

»» UART login

»» WPA2-PSK

» Password follows a pattern

»» Not random

> Dive deeper!

```
genSysFiles()
#login=`nvram_get 2860 Login`
#pass=`nvram_get 2860 Password`
login="eufycamera"
pass="`nvram_get WPAPSK1`"
if [ "$pass" == "" ];then
    pass="Anker39#*"
#login="admin"
#pass="admin"
if [ "$login" != "" -a "$pass" != "" ]; then
echo "$login::0:0:Administrator:/:bin/sh" > /etc/passwd
echo "$login:x:0:$login" > /etc/group
    chpasswd.sh $login $pass
if [ "$CONFIG_PPPOE2TP" == "y" ]; then
echo "l2tp 1701/tcp l2f" > /etc/services
echo "l2tp 1701/udp l2f" >> /etc/services
configVIF()
```

Eufy – Filesystem analysis

```
[INFO][linux_main.c:appclient_init:1463] - ANKER appclient print using 0210g

[ERROR][log.c:LOG_vprintf:463] - appClientInit OK
[ERROR][log.c:LOG_vprintf:463] - appClientInit OK, create main thread=0x22c6398!
[INFO][sub1g_interface.c:zx_init_sub1g:4952] - init_sub1g enter,use /etc_ro/appclient.cfg. ret=0
[INFO][sys_interface.c:zx_create_thread:1128] - stacksize = 262144 Byte
[INFO][sys_interface.c:zx_create_thread:1166] - tid:28701, thread_type:1 ok
[INFO][security_main.c:zx_watch_dog:1760] - zx_watch_dog, PID=5839-----
[INFO][security_main.c:zx_watch_dog:1772] - gRecord_pipe:11,12
[INFO][sub1g_interface.c:zx_get_gw_info_cnf:589] - Get Nwk Info Confirmed, Status=1 ,collector_extAddr = 0x417b6659c5f,panID = 0x9c5f
[INFO][sub1g_interface.c:zx_get_gw_info_cnf:600] - using anker_mac: 0x4:17
[INFO][remote_system.c:zx_remote_system_accept_node:273] - cmd:/sbin/chpasswd.sh eufycamera YzQ3MzI3 need_response:0
[INFO][remote_system.c:zx_remote_system_cmd:104] - 000 alloc send cmdbuf:/sbin/chpasswd.sh eufycamera YzQ3MzI3, need_response:0, node:0x22d3db8
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5314] - enter.....
[INFO][remote_system.c:zx_remote_system_send_server:178] - get socket:13
[INFO][remote_system.c:zx_remote_system_free_node:367] - 222 find delete node:0x22d3db8, cmdbuf:/sbin/chpasswd.sh eufycamera YzQ3MzI3, fd:13
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5358] - XMLIB VERSION: V-3.0.8.8 <=====
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:0, mac:04:17:B6:66:45:C0, status:1, IP:192.168.32.5
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:1, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:2, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:3, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:4, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:5, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:6, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:7, mac:, status:0, IP:
[INFO][xm_interface.c:zx_init_camera_sdk:5419] - xmsdk:8, mac:, status:0, IP:
```

Eufy – Reverse engineering



The image shows a screenshot of the Ghidra software interface. On the left side, there are two panels: "Program Trees" and "Symbol Tree". The "Program Trees" panel shows a tree structure with a folder named "stm32-306.bi" containing a file named "ram". The "Symbol Tree" panel shows a list of symbols including Imports, Exports, Functions, Labels, Classes, and Namespaces. Below these panels is a "Filter:" field and a "Data Type Manager" panel. The main workspace on the right displays the Ghidra logo, which is a red dragon-like creature with a yellow outline, set against a black background. Below the logo, the word "GHIDRA" is written in a stylized, orange and yellow font. Underneath the logo, there is a line of text: "A software reverse engineering (SRE) suite of tools developed by NSA's Research Directorate in support of the Cybersecurity mission". At the bottom center of the workspace, there is a red button with the text "Download Ghidra v9.1.2".

Eufy – Reverse engineering

_securityClean					
00784d70	53 53 49 44 32 00	ds	"SSID2"		
00784d76	00	??	00h		
00784d77	00	??	00h		
		s_ra1_SSID=%s_00784d78		XREF[2]:	get_wifi_ra1_info_v0:00513820(*), get_wifi_ra1_info:00513aa8(*)
00784d78	72 61 31 20 53 53 49 44 3d ...	ds	"ra1 SSID=%s"		
		s_WPAPSK2_00784d84		XREF[3]:	get_wifi_ra1_info_v0:00513860(*), get_wifi_ra1_info:00513ae8(*), create_dev_pair_wav:005142e0(*)
00784d84	57 50 41 50 53 4b 32 00	ds	"WPAPSK2"		
		s_ra1_WIFI_PWD=%s_00784d8c		XREF[2]:	get_wifi_ra1_info_v0:005138e4(*), get_wifi_ra1_info:00513b6c(*)
00784d8c	72 61 31 20 57 49 46 49 5f ...	ds	"ra1 WIFI_PWD=%s"		
00784d9c	2f 73 62 69 6e 2f 63 68 70 ...	ds	"/sbin/chpasswd.sh_eufycamera %s_00784d9c "/sbin/chpasswd.sh_eufycamera %s"	XREF[1]:	FUN_00513C24:00513da0(*)

Eufy – Reverse engineering



```
undefined4      Stack[-0x3c]:4 local_3c      XRE
undefined4      Stack[-0x40]:4 local_40      XRE
F00513C24      XREF[3]:

00513c24 b0 ff bd 27      addiu      sp,sp,-0x50
      assume t9 = <UNKNOWN>
      assume gp = <UNKNOWN>
00513c28 4c 00 bf af      sw        ra,local_4(sp)
00513c2c 84 00 1c 3c      lui      gp,0x84
00513c30 30 b0 9c 27      addiu      gp,gp,-0x4fd0
00513c34 20 00 bc af      sw      gp=>_gp_1,local_30(sp)
00513c38 50 00 a4 af      sw      a0,local_res0(sp)
00513c3c 50 00 a2 8f      lw      v0,local_res0(sp)
00513c40 00 00 00 00      nop
00513c44 07 00 40 10      beq      v0,zero,LAB_00513c64
00513c48 00 00 00 00      _nop
00513c4c 50 00 a2 8f      lw      v0,local_res0(sp)
00513c50 00 00 00 00      nop
00513c54 00 00 42 80      lb      v0,0x0(v0)
00513c58 00 00 00 00      nop
00513c5c 04 00 40 14      bne     v0,zero,LAB_00513c70
00513c60 00 00 00 00      _nop

LAB_00513c64      XREF[1]:
00513c64 ff ff 02 24      li      v0,-0x1
00513c68 cb 4f 14 08      j      LAB_00513f2c
00513c6c 00 00 00 00      _nop

LAB_00513c70      XREF[1]:
00513c70 28 00 a0 af      sw      zero,local_28(sp)
00513c74 2c 00 a0 af      sw      zero,local_24(sp)
00513c78 50 00 a4 8f      lw      a0,local_res0(sp)
00513c7c 38 83 82 8f      lw      v0,-0x7cc8(gp)=>_zx_MD5_HexStr
00513c80 00 00 00 00      nop
00513c84 21 c8 40 00      move    t9,v0
00513c88 09 f8 20 03      jalr   t9=>zx_MD5_HexStr
00513c8c 00 00 00 00      _nop
00513c90 20 00 bc 8f      lw      gp,local_30(sp)
00513c94 30 00 a2 af      sw      v0,local_20(sp)
00513c98 30 00 a2 8f      lw      v0,local_20(sp)
00513c9c 00 00 00 00      nop
00513ca0 a1 00 40 10      beq     v0,zero,LAB_00513f28
-----
```



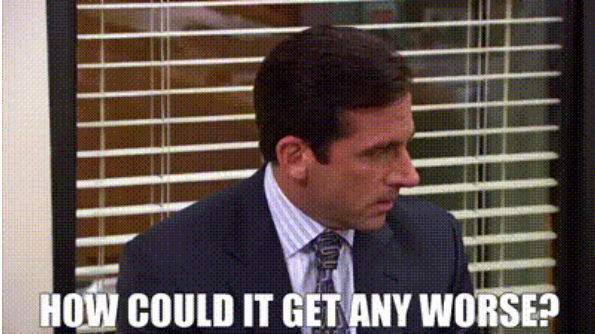
```
Decompile: FUN_00513C24 - (home_securityClean)
1
2 undefined4 FUN_00513C24(char *param_1)
3
4 {
5     char *pcVar1;
6     size_t sVar2;
7     char *__src;
8     int iVar3;
9     undefined4 local_1c;
10    undefined4 local_18;
11    undefined4 local_14;
12    undefined4 local_10;
13
14    if (((param_1 != (char *)0x0) && (*param_1 != '\0')) &&
15        (pcVar1 = (char *)zx_MD5_HexStr(param_1), pcVar1 != (char *)0x0)) {
16        sVar2 = strlen(pcVar1);
17        __src = (char *)zx_Memory_Encode(pcVar1,sVar2);
18        if (pcVar1 != (char *)0x0) {
19            free(pcVar1);
20        }
21        if (__src != (char *)0x0) {
22            local_1c = 0;
23            local_18 = 0;
24            local_14 = 0;
25            local_10 = 0;
26            strncpy((char *)&local_1c,__src,8);
27            if (__src != (char *)0x0) {
28                free(__src);
29            }
30            zx_do_system("/sbin/chpasswd.sh eufycamera %s",&local_1c);
31            nvram_init(1);
32            pcVar1 = (char *)nvram_bufget(1,"WPAPSK1");
33            if ((pcVar1 != (char *)0x0) && (iVar3 = strcmp((char *)&local_1c,pcVar1), iVar3 != 0)) {
34                nvram_bufset(1,"WPAPSK1",&local_1c);
35                nvram_commit(1);
36                nvram_close(1);
37                zx_do_system("iwpriv ra0 set WPAPSK=%s",&local_1c);
38                dzlog("src/sys_interface.c",0x13,"set_wifi_pwd",0xc,0x22f,0x28,"set WIFI_PWD succeeded!");
39                return 0;
40            }
41            nvram_close(1);
42        }
43    }
44    return 0xffffffff;
```

Eufy – Reverse engineering

- › WPA2-PSK directly linked to serial number?!

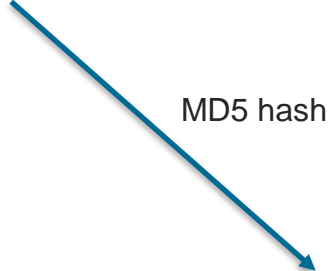
```
int set_wifi_pwd(char *serialNumber)
{
    char *md5HashSN_hex;
    size_t length;
    char *ActualPassword;
    int iVar1;
    char *passwordPointer;

    if (((serialNumber != (char *)0x0) && (*serialNumber != '\0')) &&
        (md5HashSN_hex = (char *)zx_MDS_HexStr(serialNumber), md5HashSN_hex != (char *)0x0)) {
        length = strlen(md5HashSN_hex);
        ActualPassword = (char *)zx_Memory_Encode(md5HashSN_hex,length);
        if (md5HashSN_hex != (char *)0x0) {
            free(md5HashSN_hex);
        }
        if (ActualPassword != (char *)0x0) {
            passwordPointer = (char *)0x0;
            strncpy((char *)&passwordPointer,ActualPassword,8);
            if (ActualPassword != (char *)0x0) {
                free(ActualPassword);
            }
        }
        zx_do_system("/sbin/chpasswd.sh eufycamera %s",&passwordPointer);
        nvram_init(1);
        md5HashSN_hex = (char *)nvram_bufget(1,"WPAPSK1");
        if ((md5HashSN_hex != (char *)0x0) &&
            (iVar1 = strcmp((char *)&passwordPointer,md5HashSN_hex), iVar1 != 0)) {
            nvram_bufset(1,"WPAPSK1",&passwordPointer);
            nvram_commit(1);
            nvram_close(1);
            zx_do_system("iwpriv ra0 set WPAPSK=%s",&passwordPointer);
            dzlog("src/sys_interface.c",0x13,"set_wifi_pwd",0xc,0x22f,0x28,"set WIFI_PWD succeeded!");
            return 0;
        }
        nvram_close(1);
    }
}
return -1;
```



Eufy – Authentication Bypass

Serial number:
T8010P23224107B0



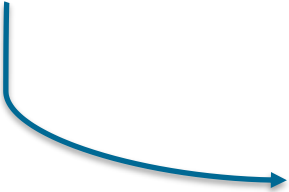
c47327



YzQ3MzI3

First 8 bytes

WPA2PSK:
"YzQ3MzI3"

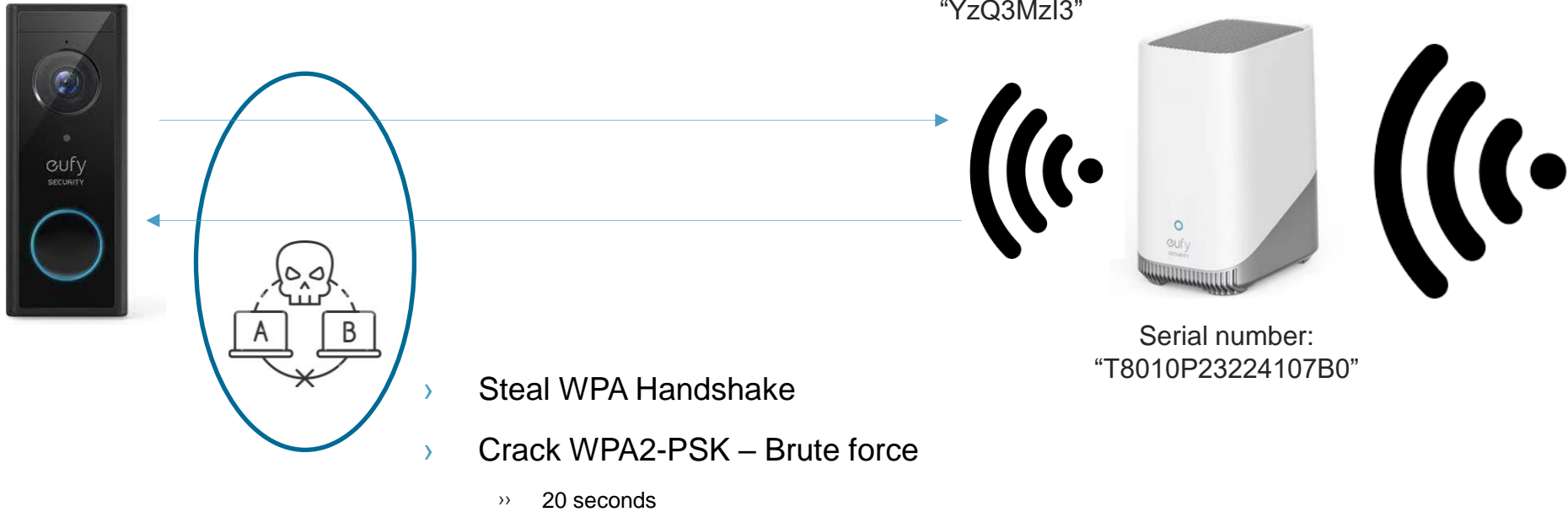


Entropy? #possible combinations?

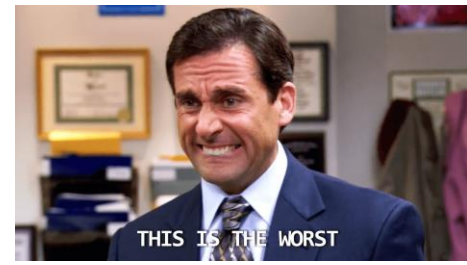
$$16^6 = 16.777.216$$



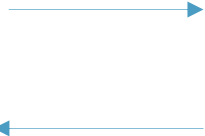
Eufy – Authentication bypass



Authentication Bypass



WPA2-PSK:
"YzQ3MzI3"

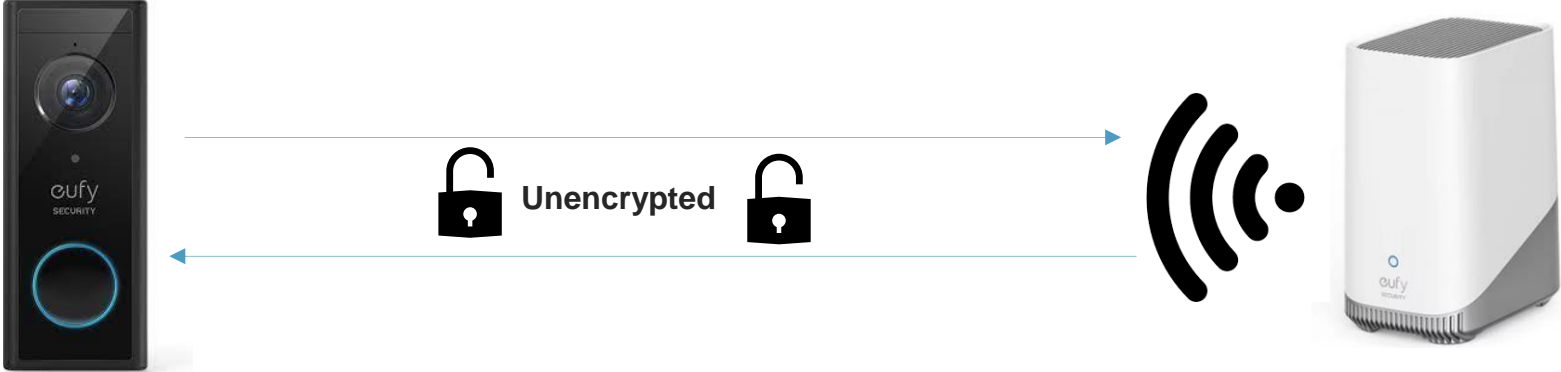


Serial number:
"T8010P23224107B0"

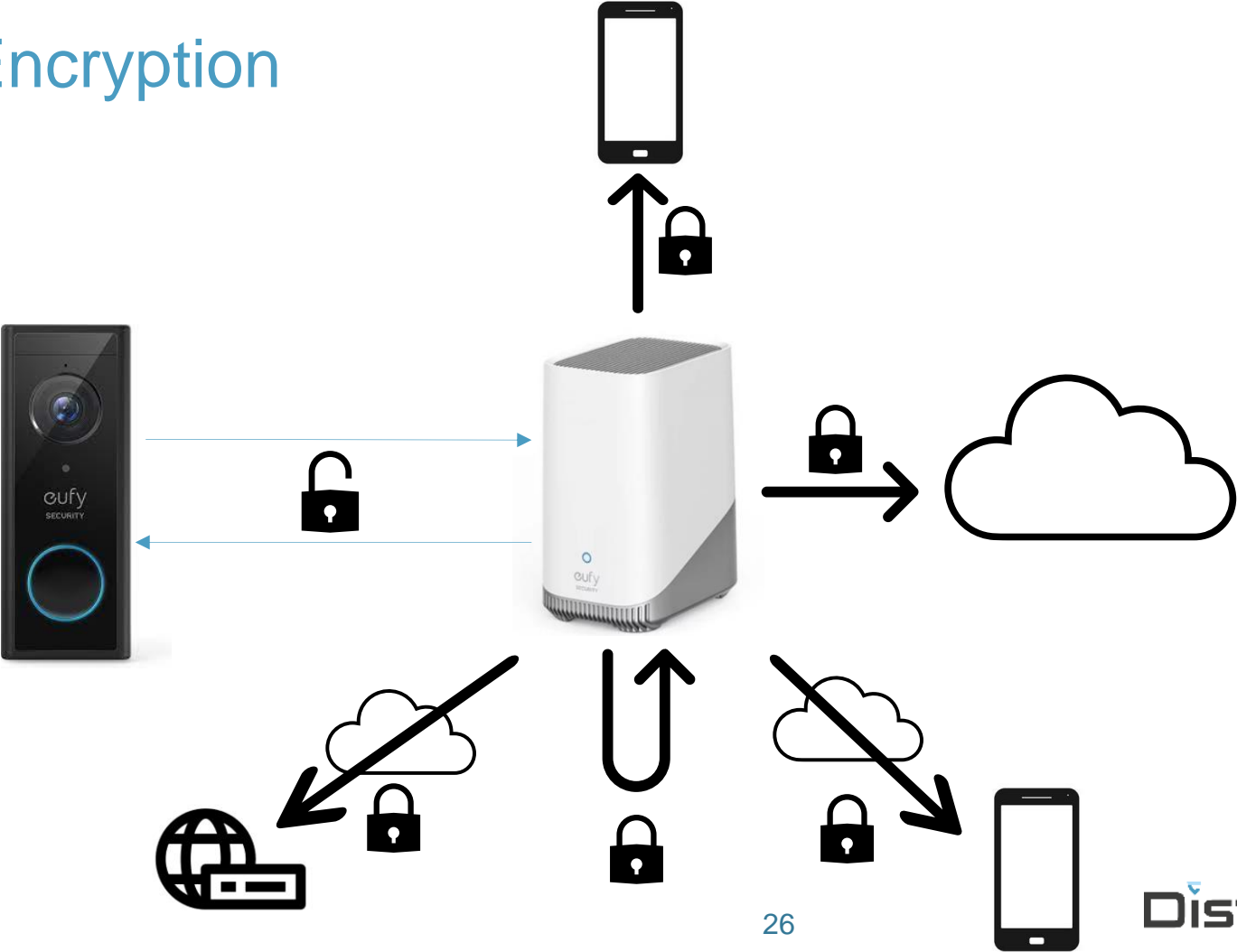


Breaking the Encryption

Eufy – Encryption



Eufy – Encryption



Eufy – Encryption

P2P Encryption

Media Encryption

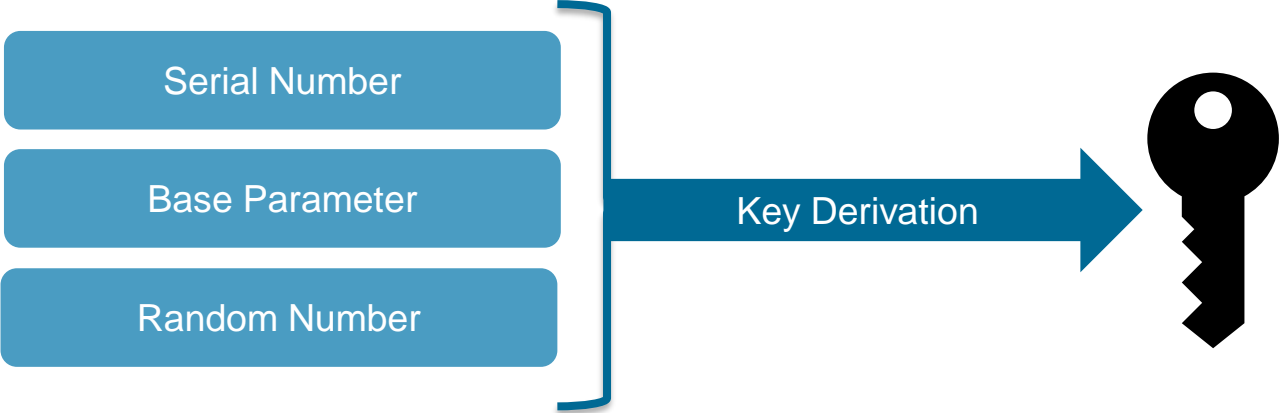
```
1: function GENPICBASEC-  
   ODE(serialNumber, baseParam)
```

Key = baseParam



```
18: return encKey  
19: end function
```

Eufy - Encryption



Eufy - Encryption

Serial Number

Base Parameter

Random Number



Eufy header
Encrypted JFIF header
Unencrypted JFIF body



Eufy – Encryption

› Manual reverse engineering

- ›› Complex
- ›› Fault prone
- ›› Time consuming





Selective execution

```
var C7 = M7wd_  
var s2 = [arguments];  
s2[6] = C7.U1()[0][5];  
C7.P1();  
for (; s2[6] !== C7.q8()[26][3];) {  
  switch (s2[6]) {  
    case C7.U1()[3][6]:  
      s2[9][C7.F(4)]((function () {  
        C7.P1();  
        var z2 = [arguments];  
        z2[6] = C7.q8()[25][8];  
        for (; z2[6] !== C7.U1()[1][7];) {  
          switch (z2[6]) {  
            case C7.U1()[31][14]:  
              z2[9] = {};  
            }  
          }  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```



```
case C7.q8()[18][23]:  
  s2[9] = [];  
  s2[6] = C7.U1()[28][19];  
  break;  
case C7.U1()[8][16]:  
  s2[4] = s2[0][0][s2[5]];  
  s2[3] = V0oXS$(s2[4]);  
  s2[6] = C7.q8()[15][18];  
  break;  
case C7.U1()[21][8]:  
}
```

- › Objective: Reconstruct AES key
 - › Run cross-architecture binary
 - › Run targeted functions
 - › Run with concrete inputs
 - › Avoid complex setup

- › Debugger (gdb, radare2) 
 - › Allows for targeted execution 
 - ›› With concrete inputs
 - › Doesn't work on cross-architecture binaries 
 - › Cross-compiled debugger to use on device 

- › Emulation **X**
 - ›› Execute cross-architecture binaries ✓
 - ›› No selective execution **X**
 - ›› Complex **X**
 - ››› NVRAM calls
 - ››› Peripherals and sensors

- › Binary lifting **X**
 - ›› Makes it architecture-agnostic **✓**
 - ››› Execute lifted binary
 - ›› No selective execution **X**

- › dAngr
 - ›› Debugger for angr
 - ››› Combines **binary lifting** and **debugging**
 - ›››› VEX IR
 - ›››› Debugger
 - ›› ~=Cross-architecture symbolic GDB
 - ›› Simplifies the use of angr
 - ››› CLI

Eufy - Encryption

Selective platform-independent execution

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

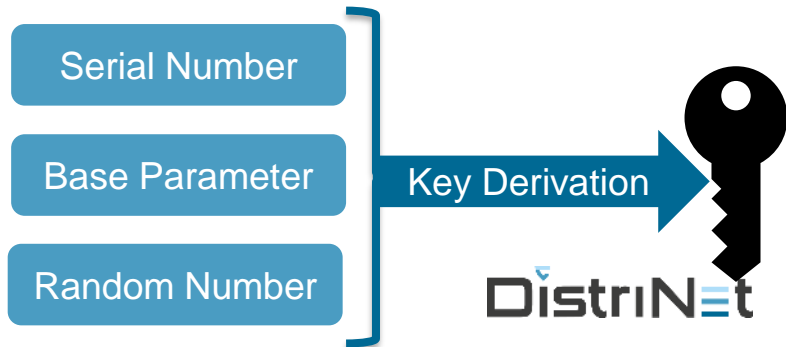
int processMessage(const char* in, int cnt, char* out){
    if (cnt > 0) {printf("count: %d", cnt);}
    int in_len = strlen(in);
    for(int i = 0; i < cnt; ++i){
        for (int j = 0; j < in_len; ++j){
            out[j+i*in_len] = in[j];
        }
    }
    out[cnt * in_len] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the output array after all characters are copied
    printf("p1: %s\n", out);
    return cnt*in_len;
}

int main() {
    char out[2 * 3 + 1]; // Adjusted size to accommodate the result and null terminator
    int i = processMessage("abc", 2, out); // Adjusted cnt parameter to 2
    printf("p2: %s\n", out);
    return 0;
}
```

› dAngr

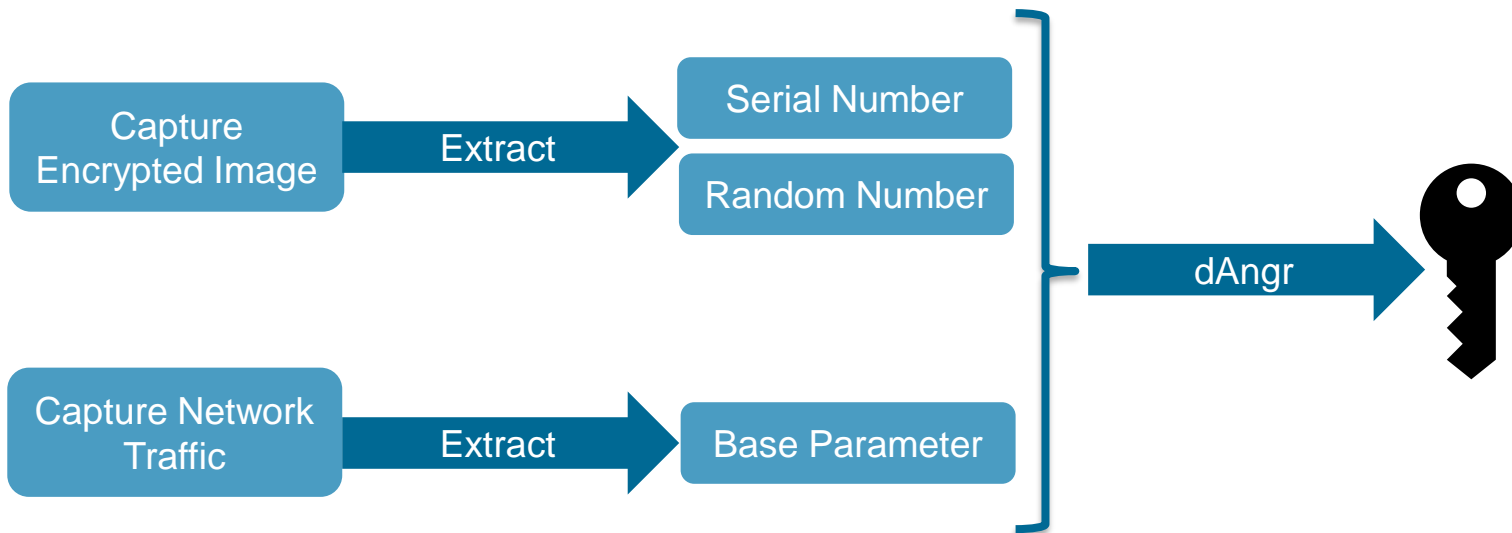
- › Relay the start of execution to a selected address
- › Setting and retrieving registers or memory
- › Debug over logic blocks
- › Stops at
 - ›› Breakpoints
 - ›› Branch points

- › Leverage dAngr to replicate the AES key
 - ›› Call the encryption function
 - ››› Serial and base parameter as parameters
 - ››› Hook the random number
 - ›› Get AES key as return value



Eufy - Encryption

Selective platform-independent execution



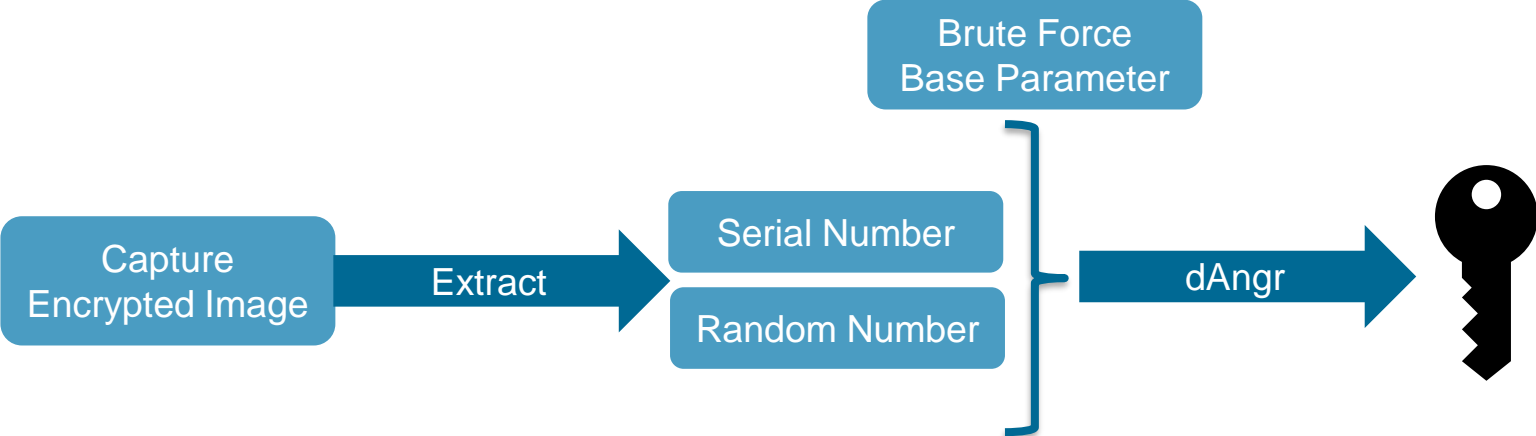
Eufy - Encryption

- › Analysis of the encryption method
 - ›› Only small part of the “Base Parameter” used
 - ›› Brute forceable

Algorithm 2 `getPPCSSuffix(PPCS_ID)`

```
1:  $s = \text{PPCS\_ID}[0 : 15].\text{split}(' -')[1]$   
2:  $sfx = \text{int}(s[0]) + \text{int}(s[1]) + \text{int}(s[3]) + \text{int}(s[5])$   
3: if  $sfx < 5$  then  
4:    $sfx = sfx * 2$   
5: end if  
6: return  $sfx$ 
```

Eufy - Encryption

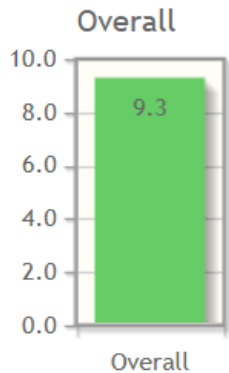


Disclosure

› Disclosed June 2023

› Patched Juli 2024

› CVE-2023-37822



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Version History

4.8.70 2d ago

1. Upgraded advanced encryption protocol for enhanced security
2. Fixed some bugs

4.8.60 3w ago

1. Added new toggle switch "Quick Focus Tap" to SoloCam S340/Floodlight Cam E340/IndoorCam S350 [more](#)

4.8.50 1mo ago

1. Enhanced pan-tilt experiences for 4G&Wi-Fi Spotlight Cam
2. Fixed some bugs

4.8.42 1mo ago

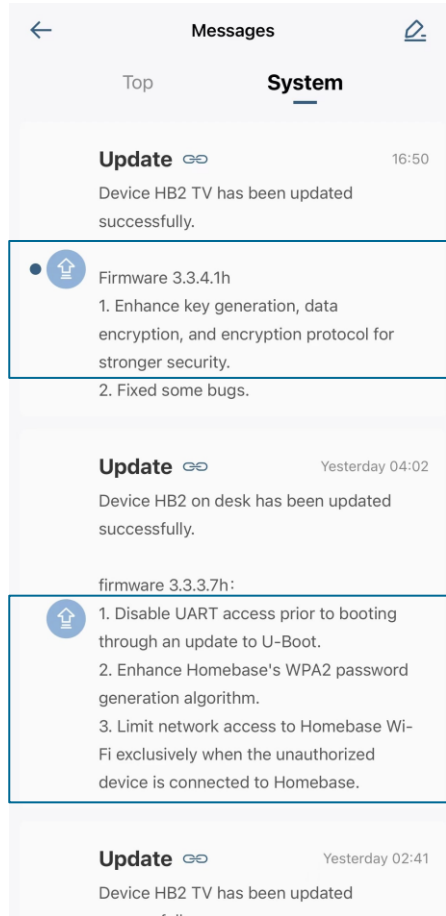
1. Fixed some bugs

4.8.41 1mo ago

1. Fixed some bugs

4.8.40 1mo ago

1. Added 4G Starlight Camera's Pan&Tilt calibration, and optimized the Wi-Fi connection experience. [more](#)



Insights

- › DIY Solutions
- › Unique passwords
 - › Compliance
- › Security vs usability
 - › Vulnerability or feature
- › Solution
 - › Industry-standard, vetted protocols
 - › Reference architectures
 - › Proof of concepts

Conclusion

- › Undermine the security of the complete ecosystem
 - ›› Combine distinct attack vectors

- › Introduced dAngr
 - ›› Augments manual reverse engineering

DistrINet

Thank you!

Read the Paper!



Use dAngr!
It's open source!
(And useful)

