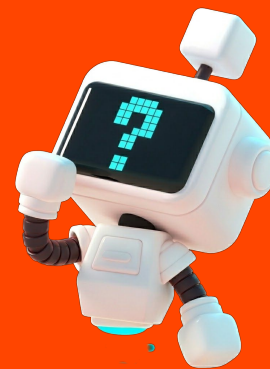




The Zero Trust Odyssey

Our Journey to Modernize Internal Access



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Background



What You'll Get From This Talk

- How we manage internal access to services
- Migrating from perimeter-based security
- Automation and UX for developers
- Resiliency strategies
- Lessons learned from 2 years of zero trust



Reddit's Initial State...



- Independent infrastructure bits duct-taped together
- 25 copies of: nginx intranet proxies / bastions / Pritunl VPN / k8s clusters
- Distributed auth and session management - Google OIDC, private keys in puppet, Okta, bespoke service auth
- Impetus to 'do better' - 2023 breach



What We Were Looking For...

- **Ingress Consolidation:** Reduce three access points (VPN, bastion, proxy) to one.
- **Identity-Aware Security:** Common Okta IdP backed authX control plane
- **Device-Based Access Policies:** Use device identity and posture in authX decisions



What We Were Looking For...

- **Enhanced Logging:** Log all ingress activity to correlate user, device, and resource access.
- **Improved User Experience:** Provide a faster and geo-diverse connection to Reddit infra in us-east-1.
- **Improved CLI / Service Access Story:** Simplify machine-to-machine and CLI authentication without browser login flows.



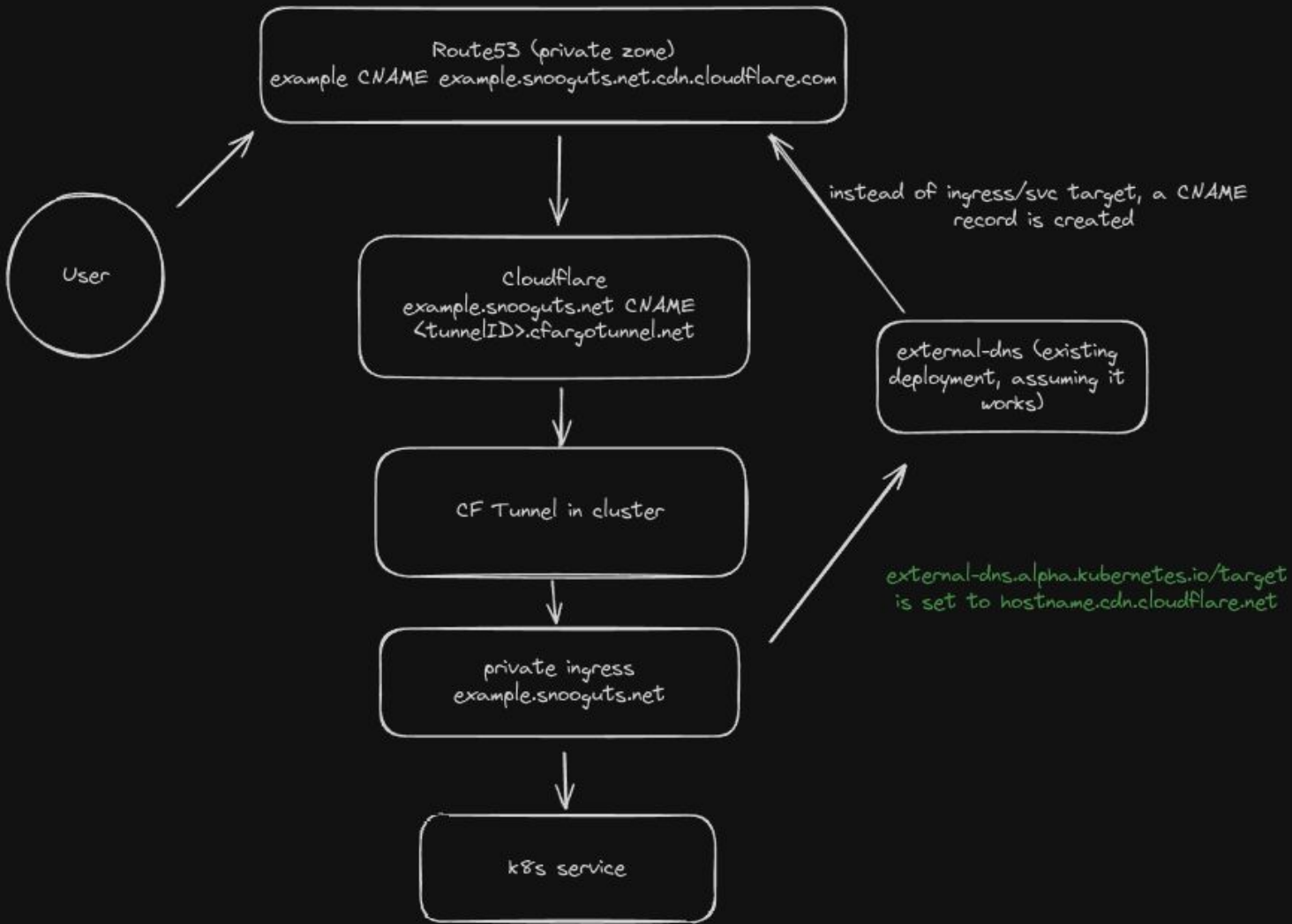


Architecture

How We Migrated...

- **The DNS Strategy**
 - Partial CNAME resolution
 - Public / private DNS resolution
 - K8s and external-dns automation





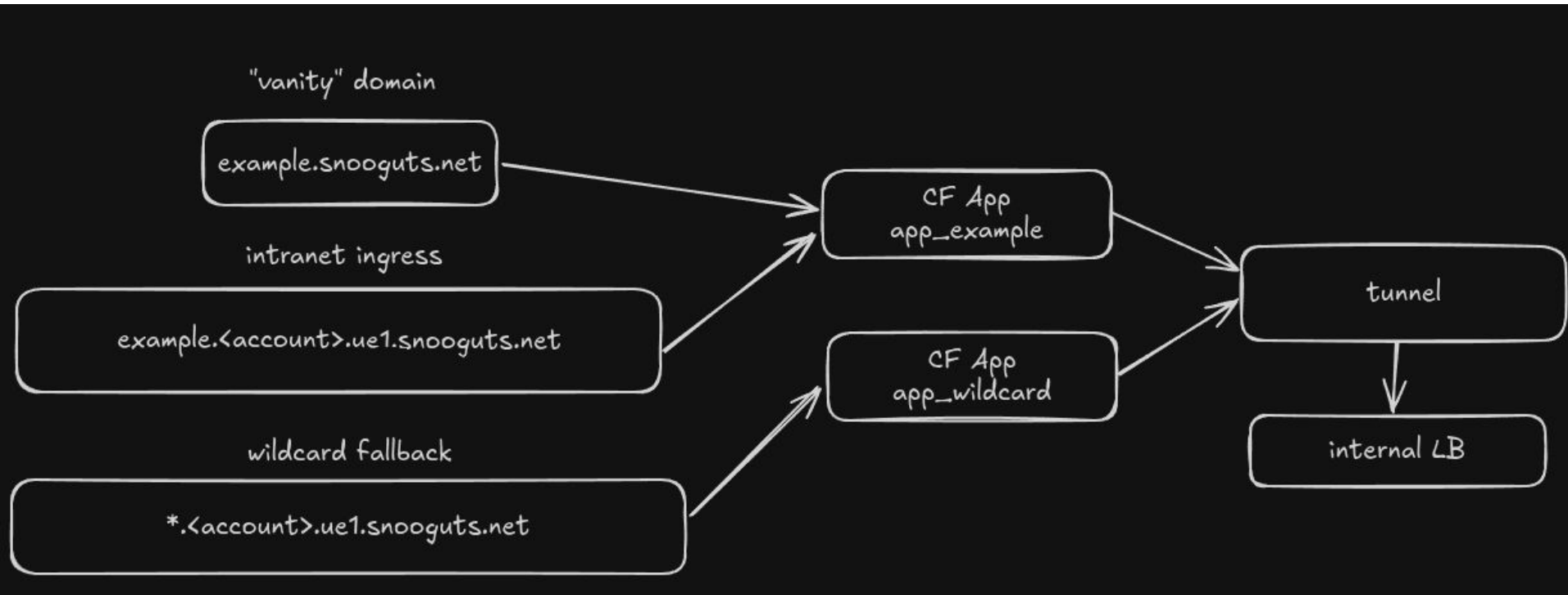
How We Migrated...

- **The DNS Strategy**

- Partial CNAME resolution
- Public / private DNS resolution
- K8s and external-dns automation
- Maintain our AWS Route53 management
- Wildcard resolution strategy and CF ZT Apps



Wildcard Logic



Resolver Policies

- AWS private zone routing
 - Traffic: domain matches regex `.*<some-prefix>`
 - DNS resolver: 10.x.y.2 resolver for AWS account
 - This depends on tunnel CIDR mapping
- K8s apiserver - in private, not in public
- Internal DNS for CI / secrets systems vs human access



How We Migrated...

- **Cloudflared Tunnels**

- Deployed to each k8s cluster or bespoke EC2
- Allocate a CIDR block for routing
- Deal with CIDR block overlaps with vnets (pain)
- Correct AWS security group mismatches from EC2 intranet proxy migration
- Scaling with KEDA/HPA on `cloudflared_tunnel_concurrent_requests_per_tunnel`

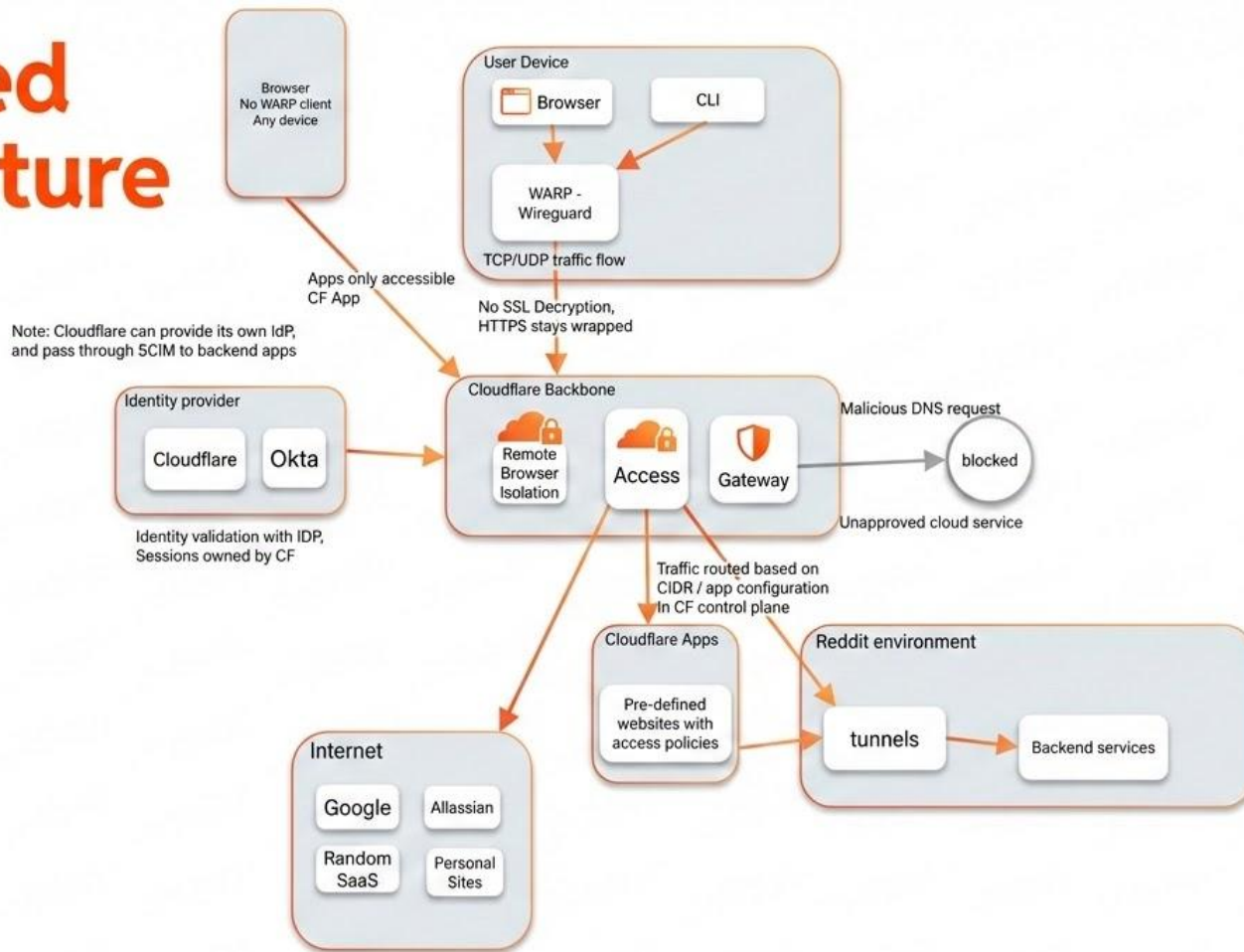


How We Migrated...

- **WARP Split Tunneling vs. Full Tunneling Tradeoff**
 - Reduce human change element via Split
 - Difficulties with ancillary services (Airdrop, home networking)
 - Handful of domains needing routing
 - Not routing Okta IdP traffic to not lose signal



Simplified Architecture





Automation

Scale Challenges

- **Platform & Automation**

- No public, official CF ZT terraform modules or guidance on structure
- Per account worked fine
- ZT Access Policies paradigm changed midflight (unique to reusable)
- Optimization of cloudflared-tunnels to scale in our dev environments (max connections HPA)



Scale Challenges

- **Achilles Controller**

- Reddit's k8s operators approach
- ***CFunnelOperator*** - automatically spin a tunnel deployment in new k8s cluster
- ***CFApplicationOperator*** - automatically spin a CF App for new ingress





Rollout and Operationalization



IT Foundations

- **Gateway Policies**

- Handle DNS records in the public/private zone
- Block risky web categories
- Apply custom egress geo rules

- **Managed WARP Client:** MDM deployment of WARP

- **Communications**

- Internal comms, migration plans
- Runbooks for infrastructure teams, service owners, and end users



Security Foundations

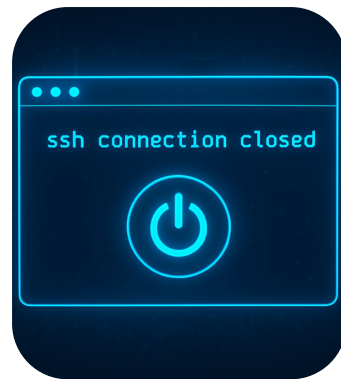


- **Cloudflare Tenant:** Terraform and productionalize the CF tenant
- **Network Coverage:** Establish tunnels across all Accounts / VPCs
- **App-Specific Policies**
- **CF Worker:** Handle CORS, header manipulation



Turndown

- **VPN Access Policies:** Where to handle authX decisions (app or VPN)
- **SSH:** Remove bastions and limit attack surface with fallback.
- **Intranet:** Proxy by proxy and webhook bypass



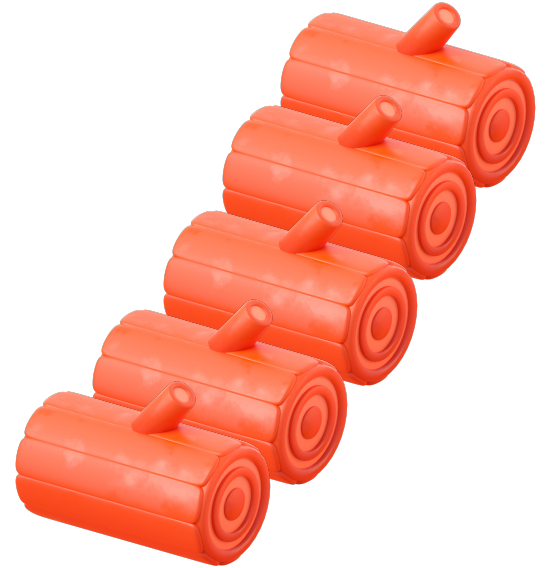


Reliability and Observability



Unified Monitoring & Observability

- **Cloudflare Logpush → Cribl:**
Centralized log collection
- **BigQuery SIEM:** Deep analysis with familiar tooling
- **Real-time Alerts:** Detect suspicious activity immediately
- **Data-driven Dashboards:**
Company-wide visibility



Incidents and Break-glass

- **Friday panic:** Curious case of disappearing tunnel configurations
- **Testing**
- **June 12 Cloudflare/GCP outage:** Single bastion fallback using temporary group membership





Lessons Learned

Employee Privacy

- **Addressing Employee Privacy:** Change in company culture with VPN requirement
- **Transparency:** Document what we capture, who has access, and how we review logs/access
- **Eliminate FUD:** No we can't see all the traffic on your home network, just our device



What Would We Do Differently?

- **Standardize First**
 - How internal apps are accessed
 - Eliminate wildcards
 - Not have a CIDR block overlap?
- **Environment Uniformity**
 - Simpler transition
 - Reduced surprises.



In Conclusion

- **Automation & Resilience:** Reduced developer friction with custom Kubernetes operators; IaC provided fast recovery, but exposed tech debt (e.g., CIDR overlaps).
- **Security & Dev UX Balance:** Prioritized enhanced Developer UX (e.g., seamless CLI access via Warp flag) while maintaining transparency on privacy.
- **Critical Missing Features (Cloudflare):** Lack of support for gRPC (for CLIs) and Load Balancing (for multi-region HA) limits scalability.
- **Next Steps:** Roll out Full Tunnel after successful prototype; address high manual effort for Device Posture and SaaS app migration.



Questions?





That's a wrap

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