

Sharing without Scaring: Enabling Smartphones to Become Aware of Temporary Sharing

Jiayi Chen¹, Urs Hengartner¹, Hassan Khan²

University of Waterloo¹, University of Guelph²

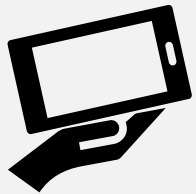


Temporary Device Sharing



Motivation

- Helping
- Convenience
- Social purposes



Sharing practice

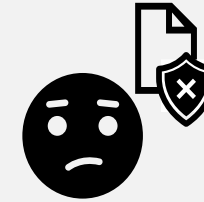
- Supervision
- Sharing protection



Owner

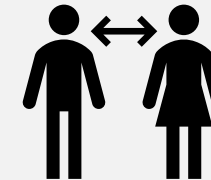


Sharee



Privacy concern

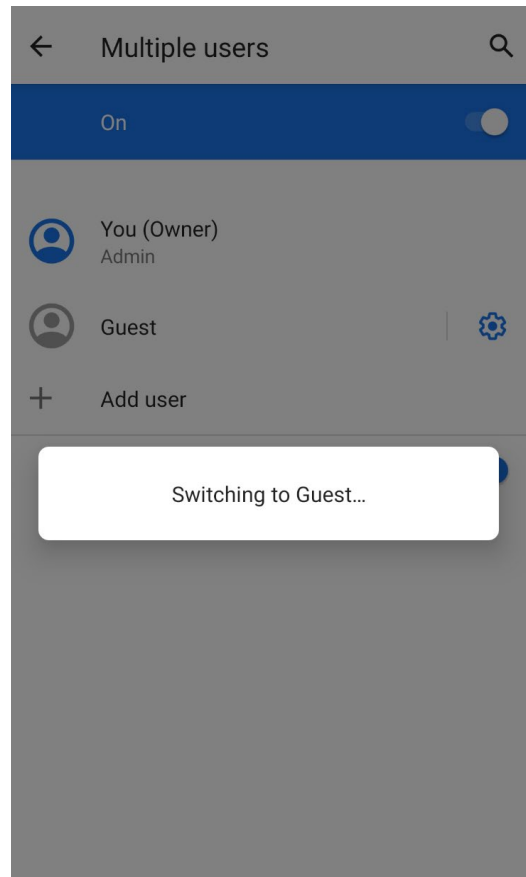
- Personal data
- Sensitive operations



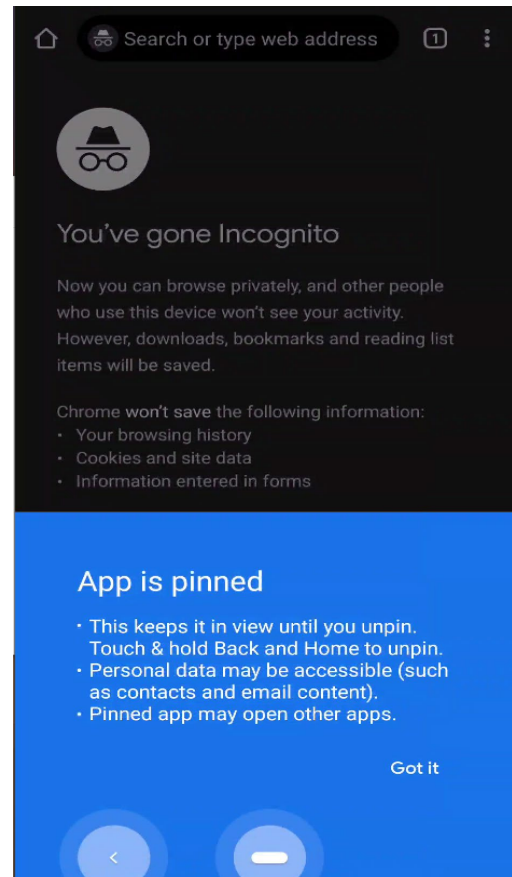
Social implication

- Trust
- Relationship
- Culture

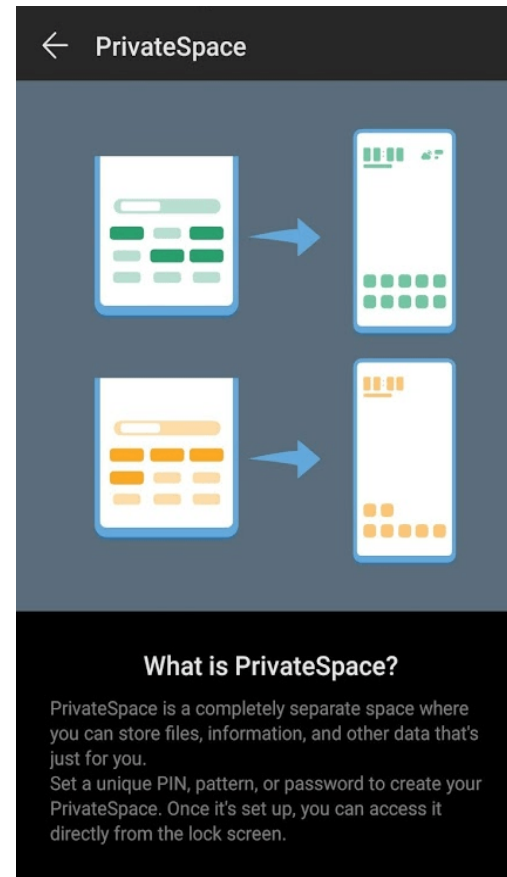
Device Sharing Protection Solutions



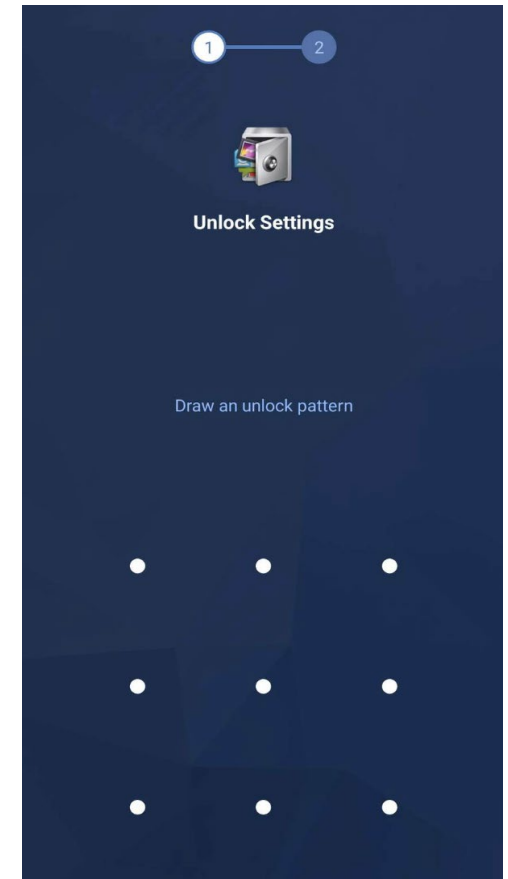
Guest account



App pinning



Vault



App lock

Owner's Failure to Enable Sharing Protection



Forgetfulness

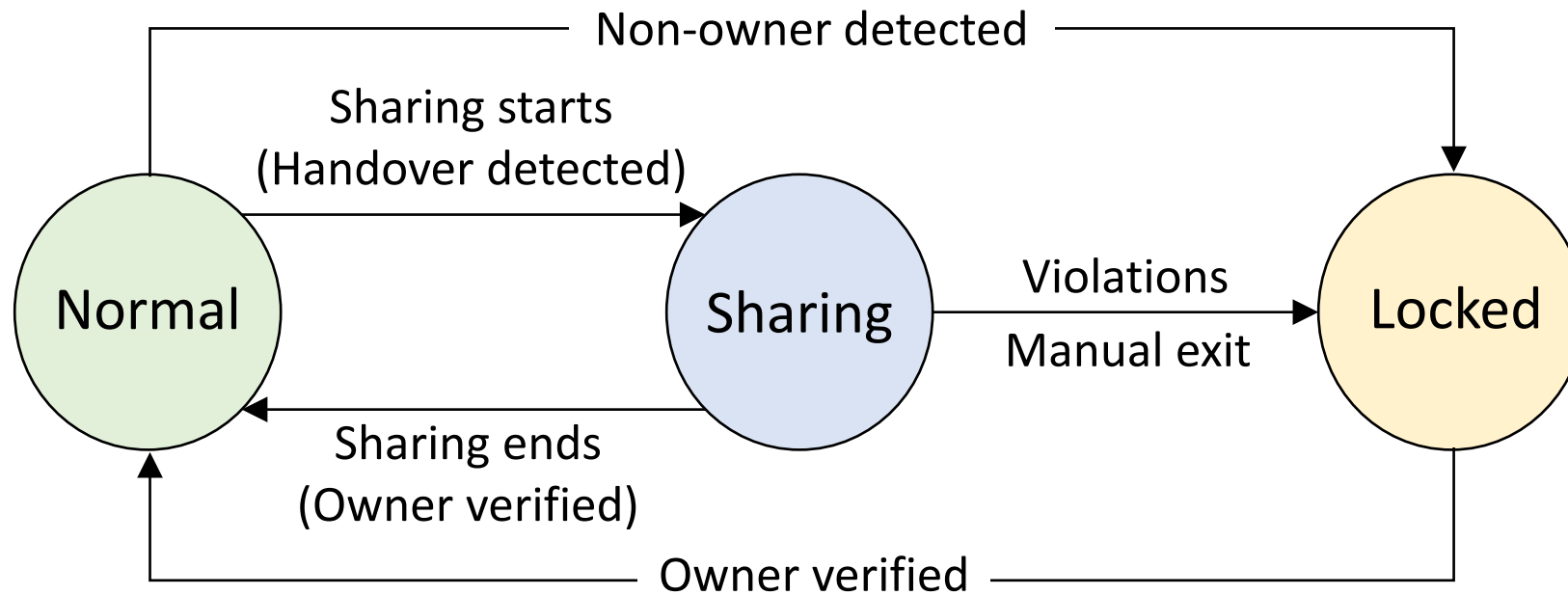
Lack of risk perception

Avoiding signaling mistrust

Need for proactive device sharing protection solution

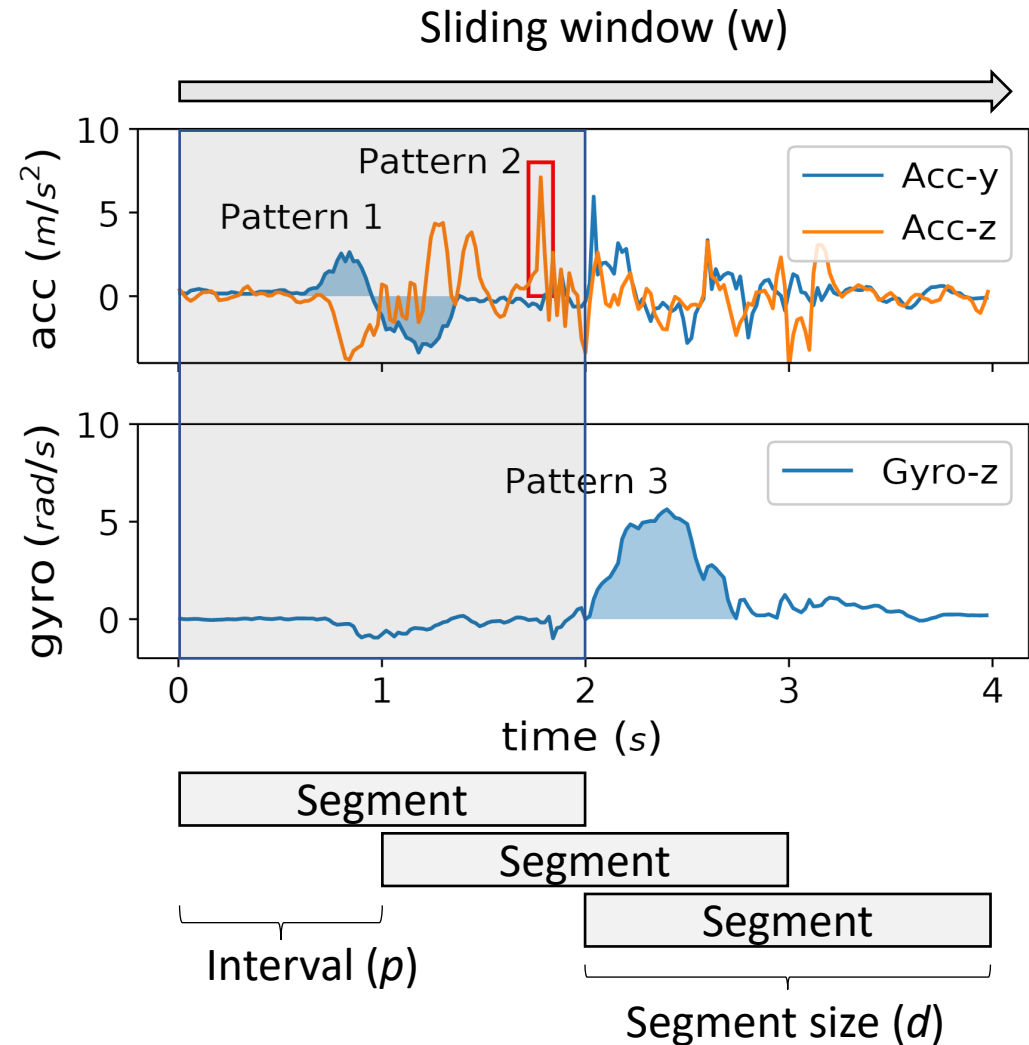
Device Sharing Awareness (DSA)

*Determine **when to** activate and deactivate sharing protection*



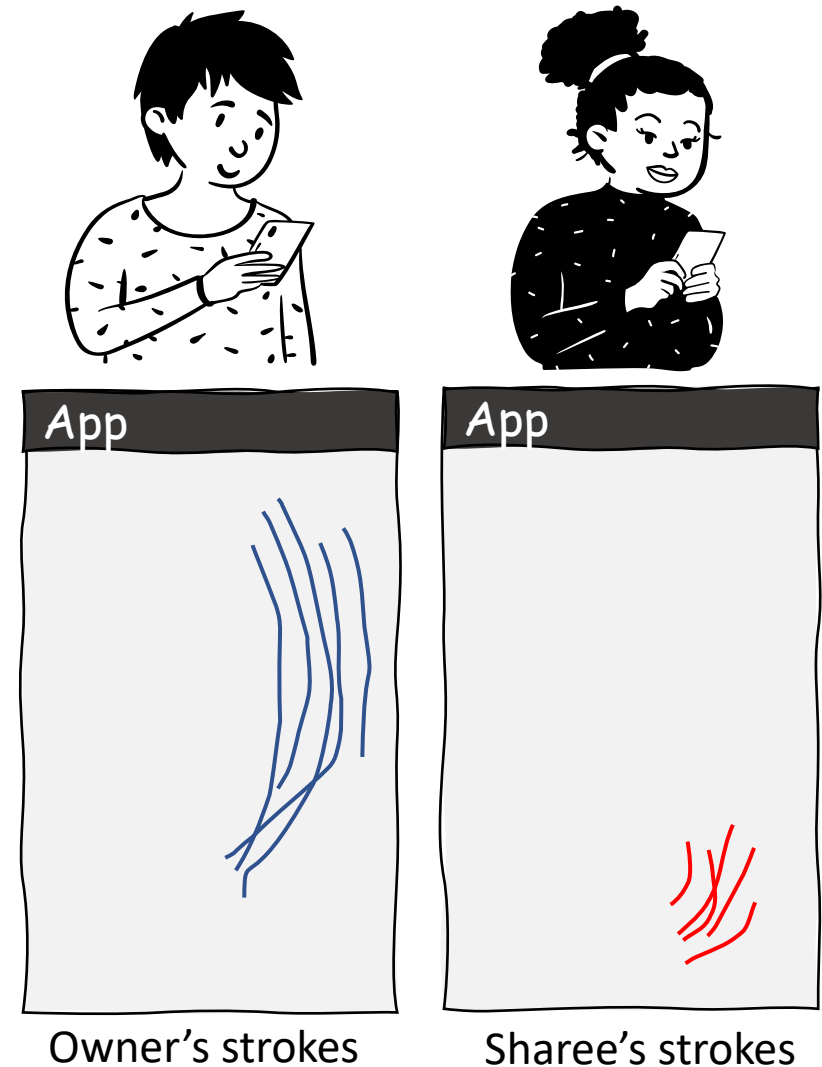
Sharing Gesture Detection

- Start a sharing event
- Handover gesture
 - Owner handing device to sharee
 - Distinguishing handover from other common movements
- Pre-trained cross-user model
- Adaptive sensing



Owner Detection

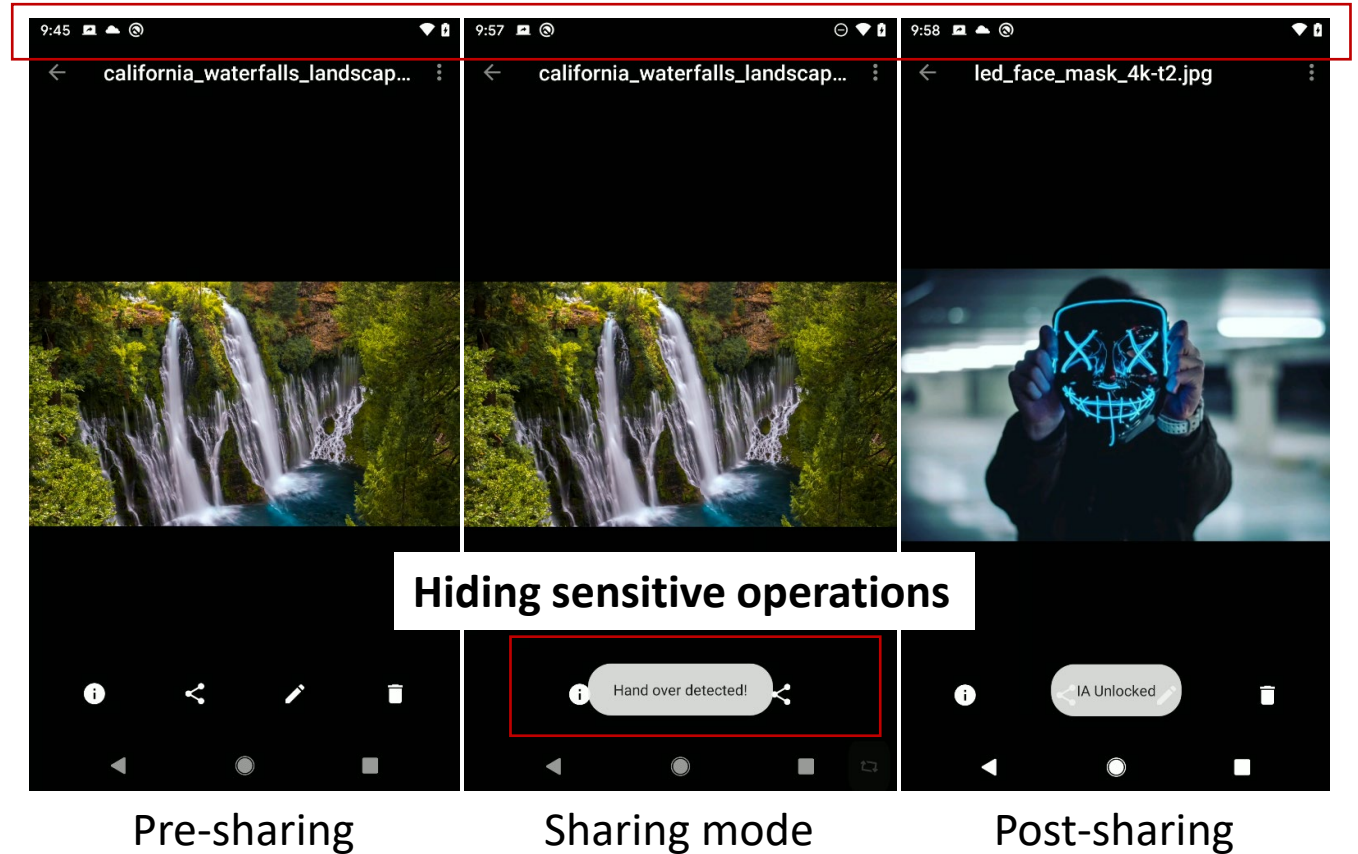
- End a sharing event
- Behavioral biometrics
 - Implicit Authentication (IA)
 - User recognition by how they interact with device
 - E.g., touch patterns, keystroke dynamics
- Handle exceptions
 - Prevent unauthorized access
 - Handle false sharing detection



Implementation

- DSA Service
 - Sharing detection
 - App-level access control
 - Notification management
- Interaction with apps
 - Tracking the current app
 - Notifying apps of device sharing

Hiding sensitive notifications

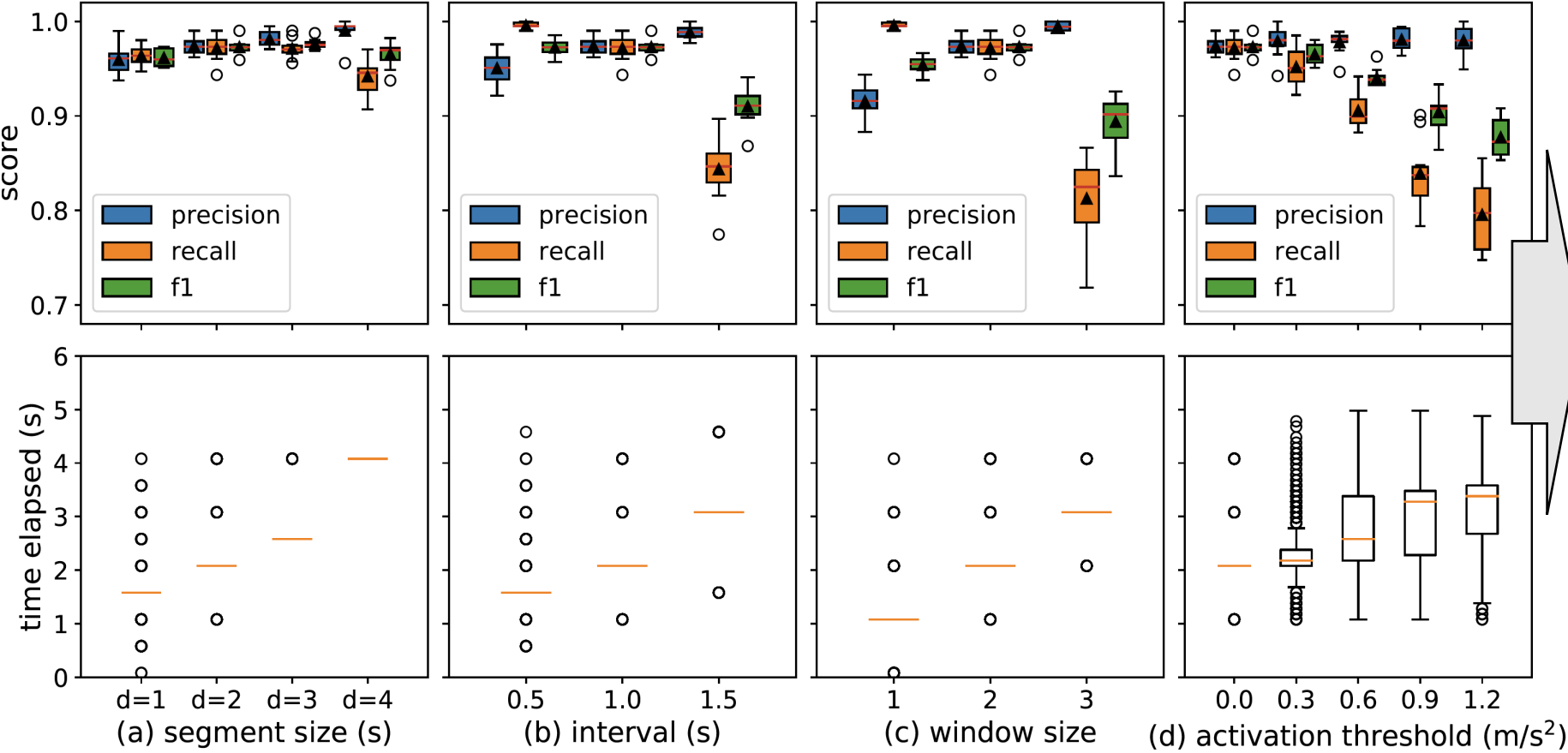


Evaluation Setup

- Handover detection evaluation
 - 18 participants, 5 device models
 - 2044 handover, 1737 non-handover data clips
 - Evaluating cross-user, cross-device detection accuracy
 - Building a pre-trained model with tuned hyperparameters
- Sharing handling evaluation
 - 10 participants, 50 sessions
 - Webpage sharing tasks
 - Adopting Touchalytics IA [1] for owner detection
 - Evaluating how DSA handles complete device sharing events

[1] Frank, Mario, et al. "Touchalytics: On the applicability of touchscreen input as a behavioral biometric for continuous authentication." IEEE transactions on information forensics and security 8.1 (2012): 136-148.

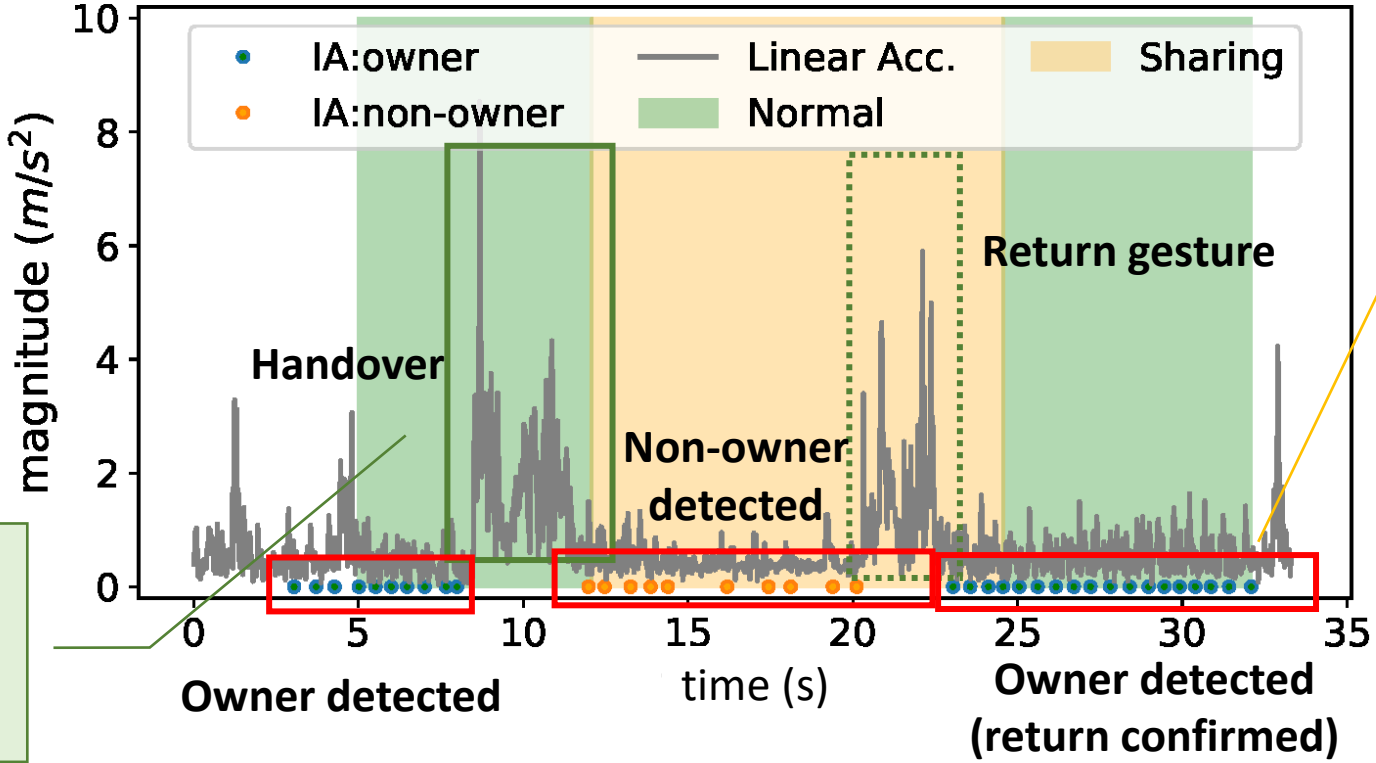
Handover Detection Results



Best settings
 segment size = 2s
 interval = 1s
 window size = 2
 threshold = 0.3 m/s²

Performance
 precision: 0.98
 recall: 0.95
 reaction time: 2.33s

Device Sharing Trace



DSA started sharing mode right after detecting a handover

DSA ended sharing mode only after confirming owner's identity

DSA automatically handled 41/50 sessions without exceptions. 7/9 sessions were corrected by owner detection.

Conclusion

- We proposed DSA to proactively detect and handle temporary device sharing.
- We implemented DSA Service on Android for demonstration.
- A user study showed the effectiveness of DSA in handover gesture detection and sharing handling.
- Data and source code are available at: <https://github.com/cryspuwaterloo/DSA-Framework>.
- Future avenues
 - Extending sharing gesture detection under more contexts
 - Conducting a long-term user study to evaluate user acceptance of DSA
- Thank you for listening! Email: jiayi.chen@uwaterloo.ca