### Motivation

Technologies often collect data about people other than their users.



Quantifying how much technology users value other people's privacy will enable us to

- Better understand selfcensoring behaviors
- Develop custom privacy enhancing tools
- Design personalized interventions to raise awareness

We are developing a scale to measure valuation of other people's privacy.

Authors: Rakibul Hasan, Rudolf Siegel, Rebecca Weil and Katharina Krombholz





# Developing a Psychometric Scale to Measure One's Valuation of Other People's Privacy

## **Preliminary results**

- General privacy value ullet
- Present and past behaviors related to ulletsharing of other people's data
- privacy

#### **Example items with high and low response variability**

"Before posting a photo with my friends online, I ask for their permission"

High variability of responses

#### The current items

- Demonstrate high consistency (Cronbach's  $\alpha = 0.91$ ) Reverse coded items correlate highly with other items Easily comprehensible to study participants

- Most items had high variance in the responses, but not all

Next steps Revise non-applicable and low-variance items Identify factor structure with a larger-sample study

- Current items reflect the following themes
- Opinions regarding norms around

Scan this code to get



Step 1. Literature review and brainstorming to create new items

the abstract with all items.



Two behavioral items were not applicable to everyone

Step 4. Further refinement based on feedback from experts and cognitive walkthroughs with non-experts

Step 5. Crowd sourcing (N=50) to collect response using the final set of **39 items**.

### **Item generation methods**

Iterative approach consisting of inductive and deductive steps<sup>a</sup>.





Step 2. Survey privacy and security scholars



Step 3. Combine and **refine items** 



