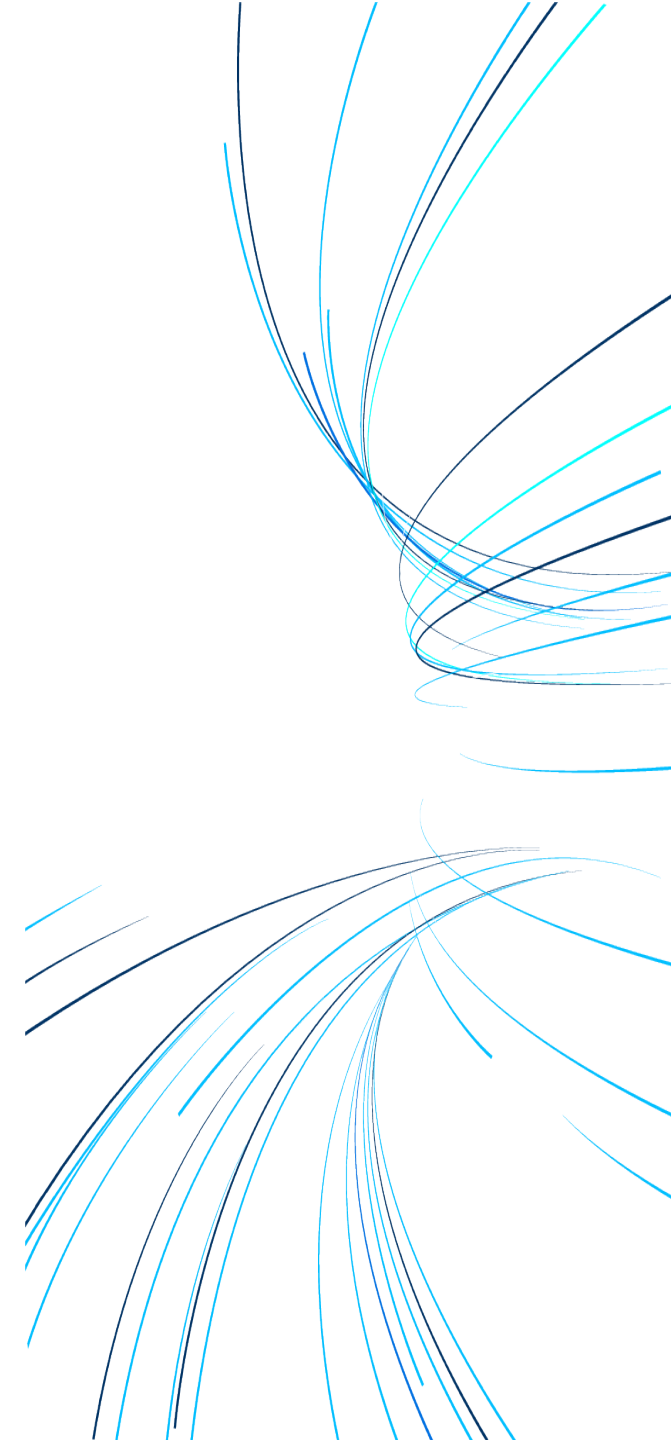
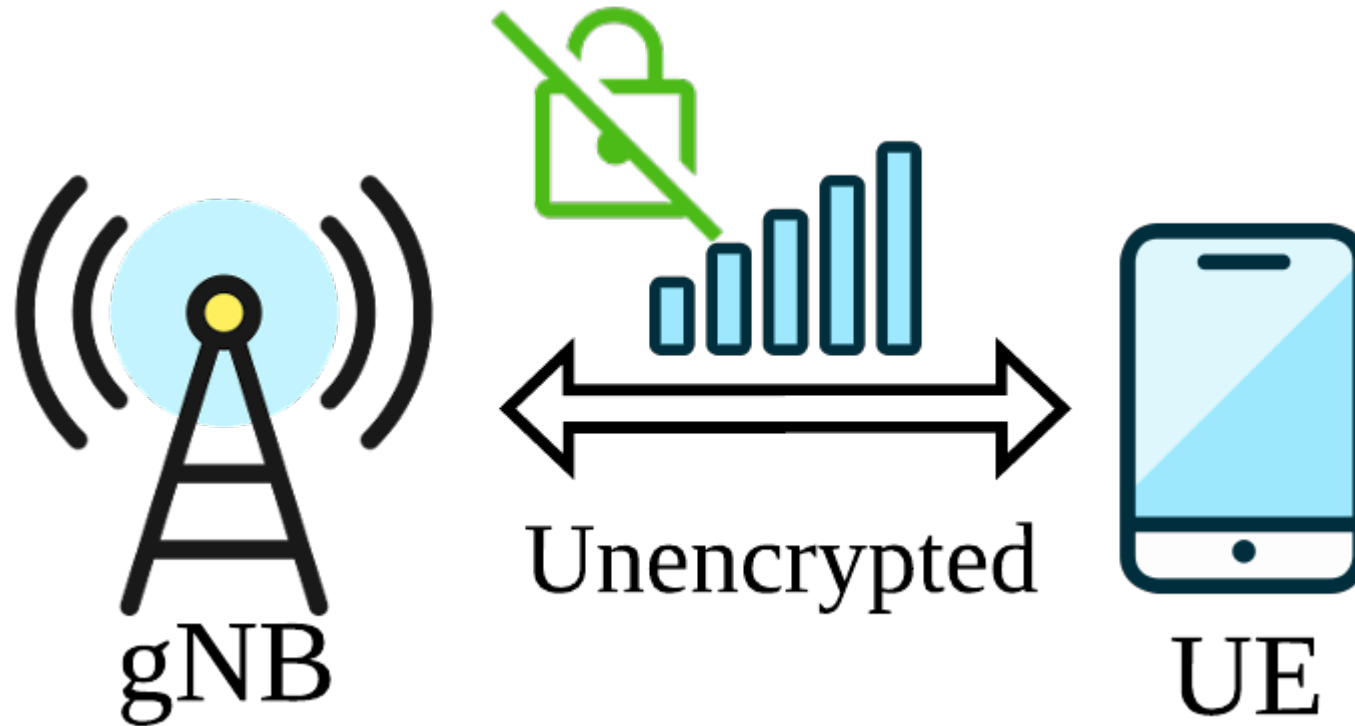


# SNI5GECT: A Practical Approach to Inject aNRchy into 5G NR

Shijie Luo, Matheus E. Garbelini,  
Sudipta Chattopadhyay, and Jianying Zhou



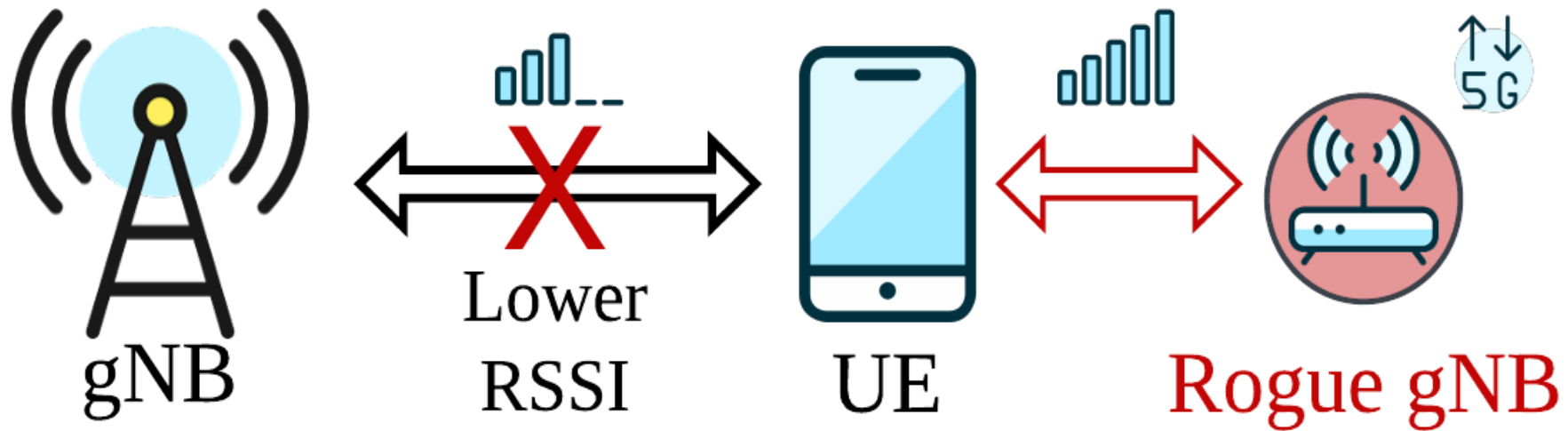
# Threat Model



Both **Physical layer signals** and **messages exchanged before the security context is established** remain unencrypted.

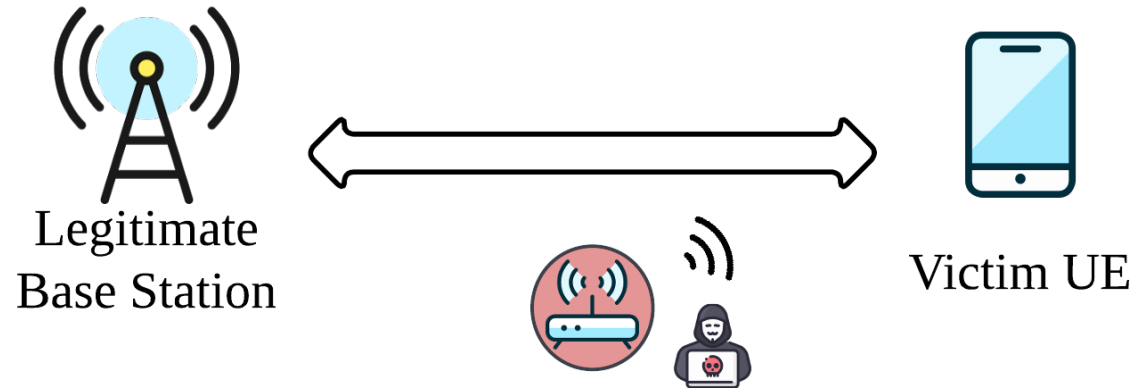
► *This leaves a potential for these signals to be intercepted or even spoofed by an attacker.*

# Motivation



- Most prior works assume a **man-in-the-middle** attacker based on a **rogue base station**.
- Broadcast signals make rogue base stations **easily detectable**.
- **Lack of** tools to passively sniff over-the-air traffic between UE and base station

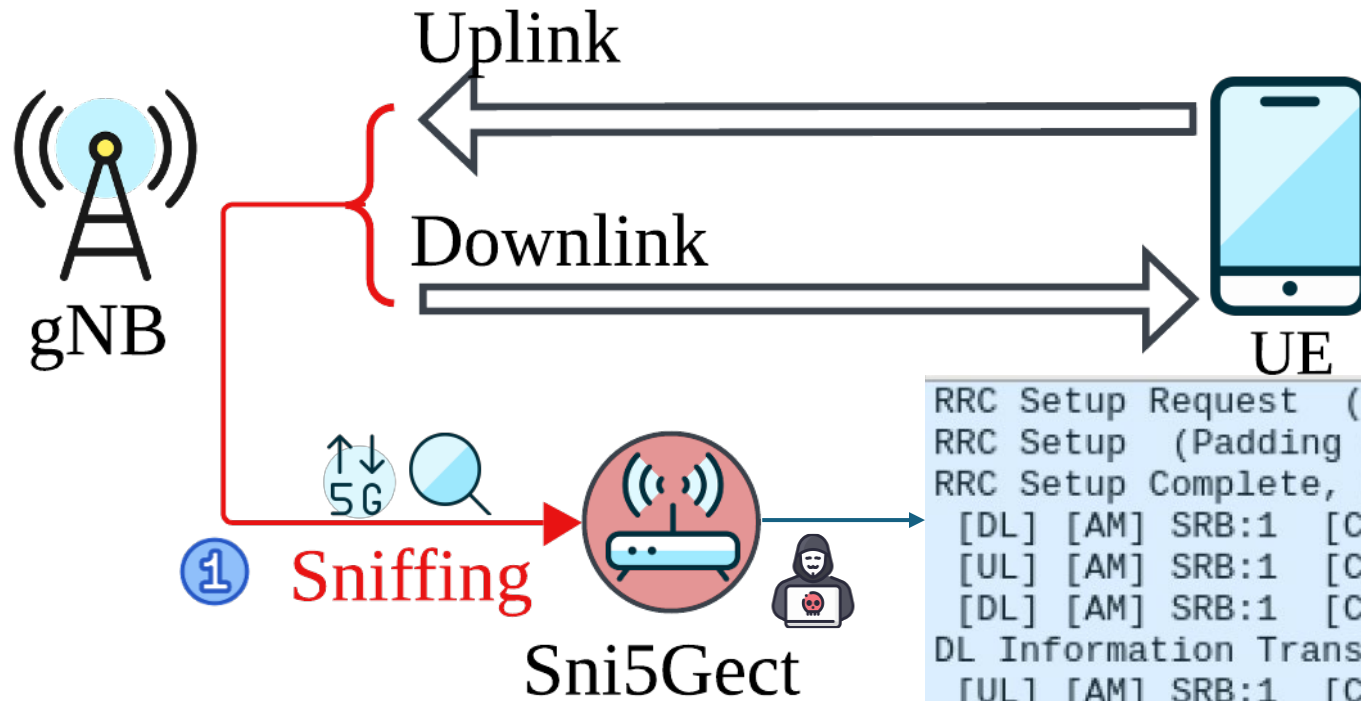
# Attacker Model



- **Adversary:** A passive or active attacker located within radio range of the target UE and gNB
- **Access Level**
  - No privileged access to the base station or core network
  - No access to subscriber credentials or cryptographic keys
- **Attacker Capability**
  - Able to eavesdrop on unencrypted messages (e.g., RRC Setup, Registration Request)
  - Capable of injecting or replaying messages over the downlink communication channel toward the UE

# Sni5Gect: Sniff + 5G + Inject

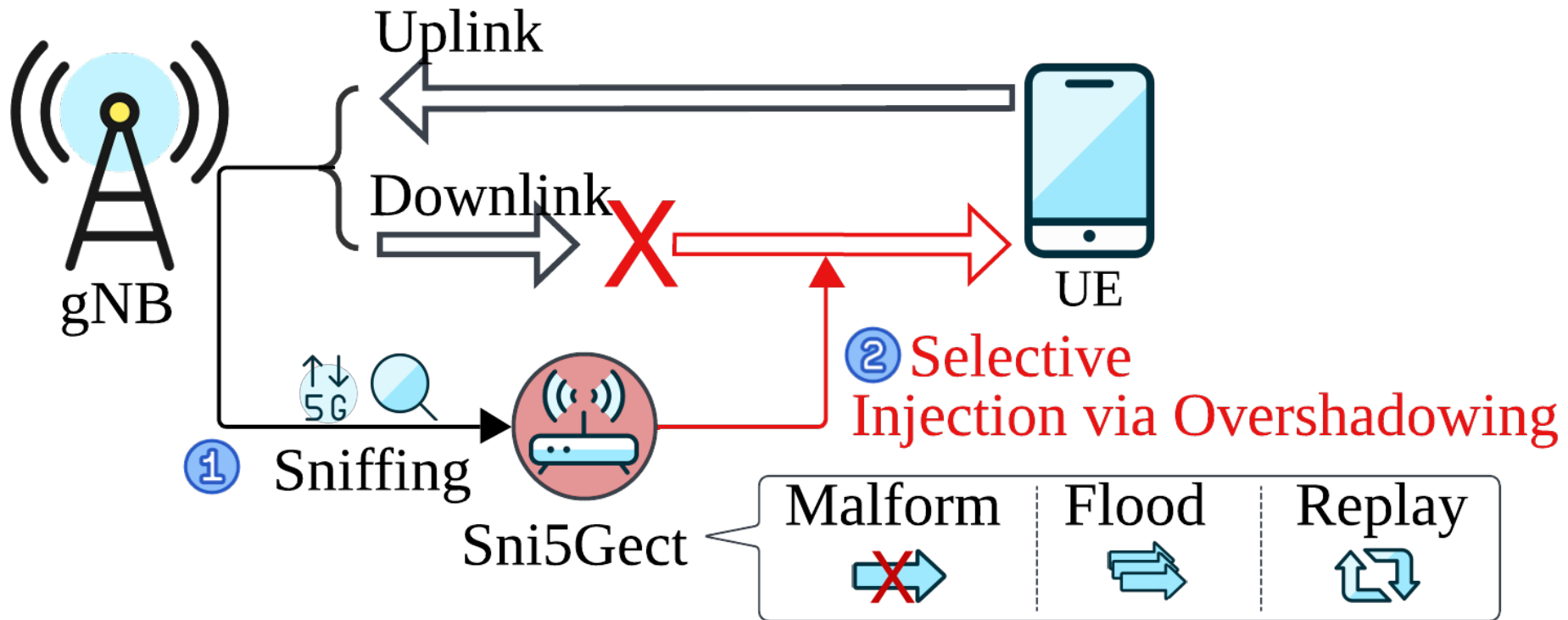
Step 1: **Sniff** uplink & downlink traffic to learn the communication state



```
RRC Setup Request (PHR PH=59 PCMAX_f_c=47) (Padding 0 by
RRC Setup (Padding 6 bytes)
RRC Setup Complete, Registration request, Registration requ
[DL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=1 || , DL Info
[UL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=1 || , UL Info
[DL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=2 (Padding 78 byt
DL Information Transfer, Authentication request [51-bytes]
[UL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=2 (Short BSR LCG
UL Information Transfer, Authentication response [37-bytes]
[DL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=3 || [DL] [AM]
DL Information Transfer, Security mode command (Padding 75
[UL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=3 || , UL Info
[DL] [AM] SRB:1 [CONTROL] ACK_SN=4 (Padding 78 byt
Security Mode Command [9-bytes] (Padding 70 bytes)
```

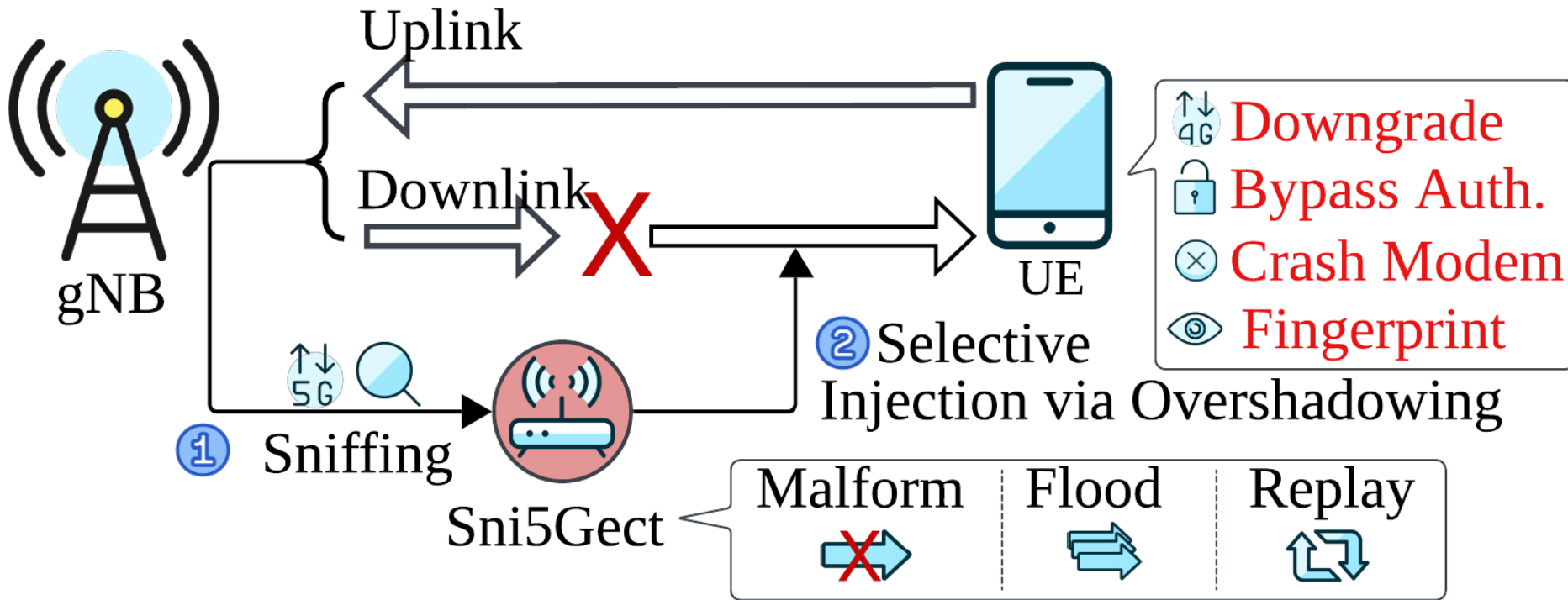
# Sni5Gect: Sniff + 5G + Inject

Step 2: **Inject** forged messages at precise state to influence UE behavior



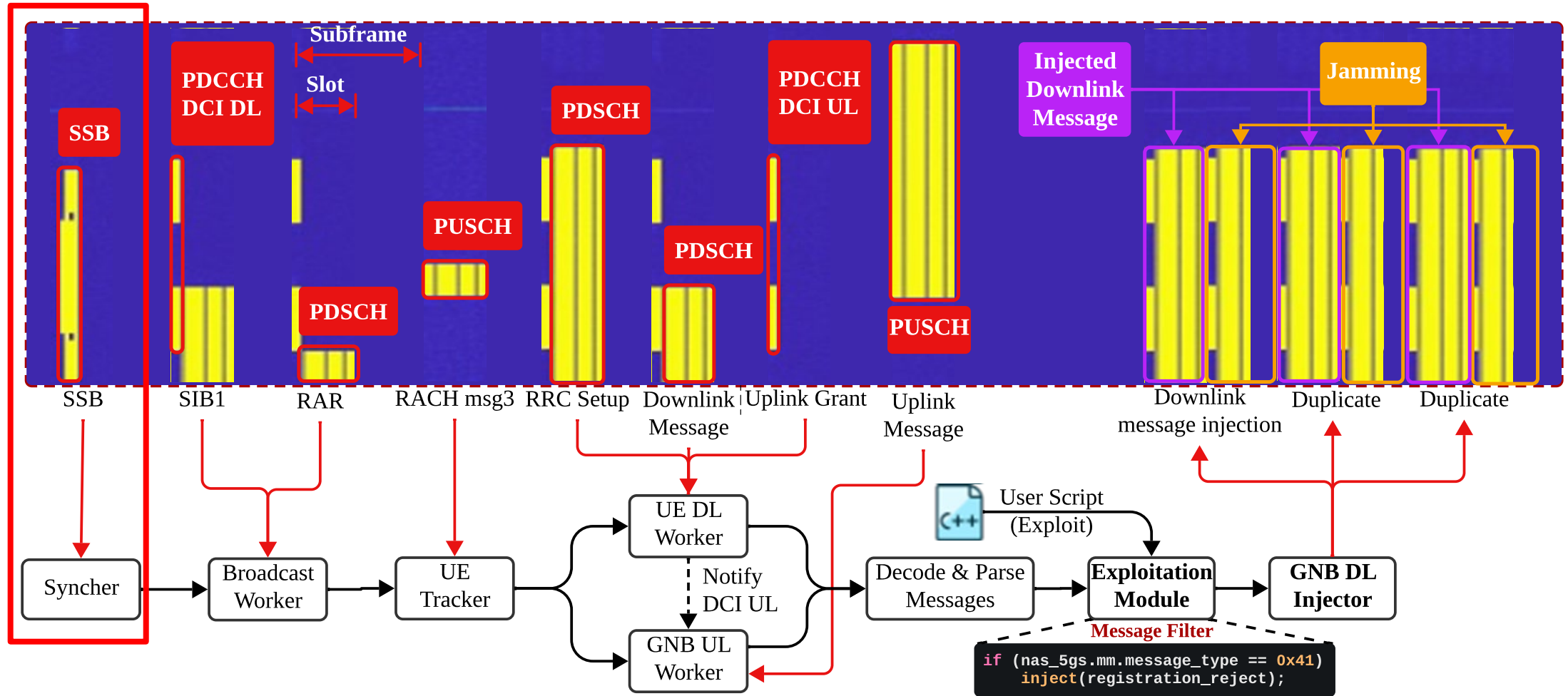
# Sni5Gect: Sniff + 5G + Inject

UE cannot distinguish the sender and **accepts** injected messages



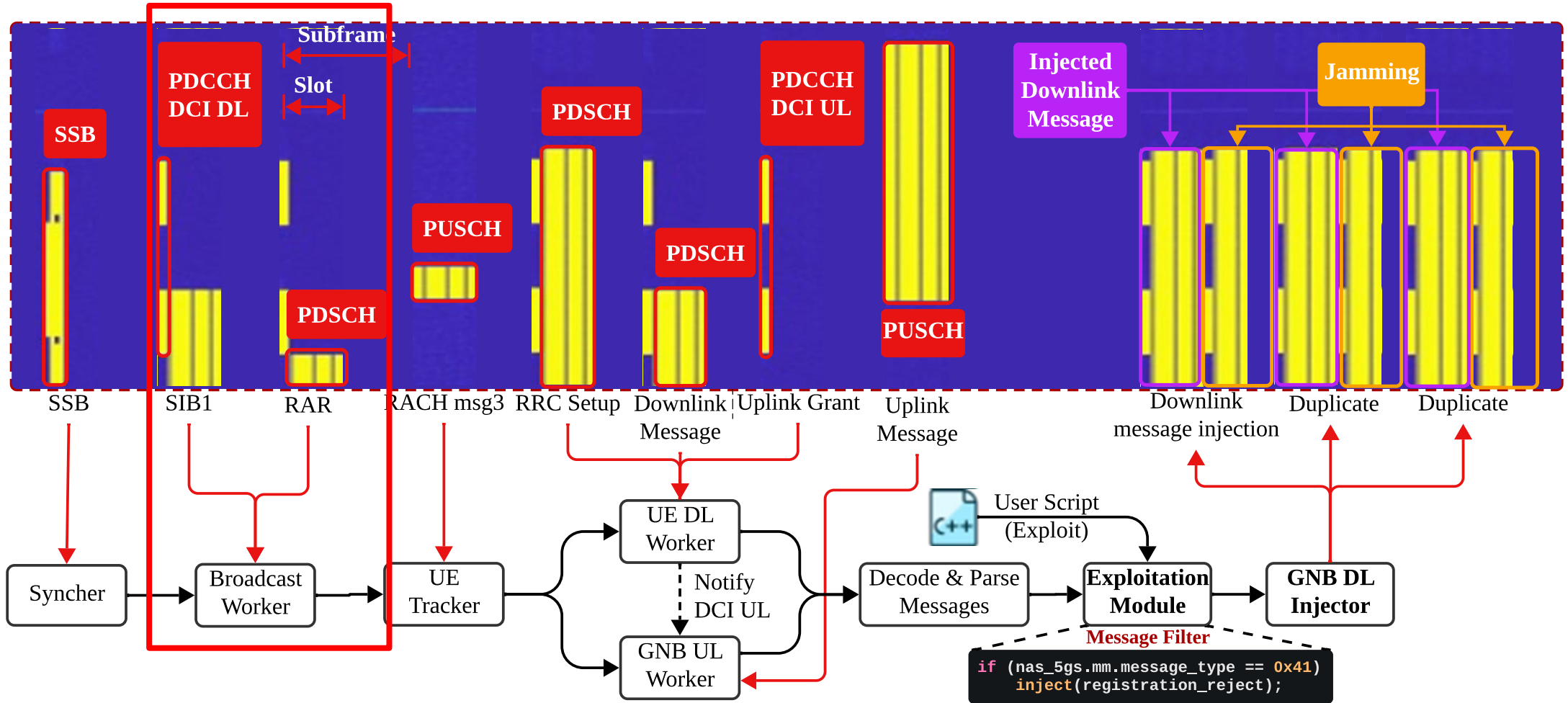
# Sni5Gect: Design

## Syncher: time and frequency synchronization



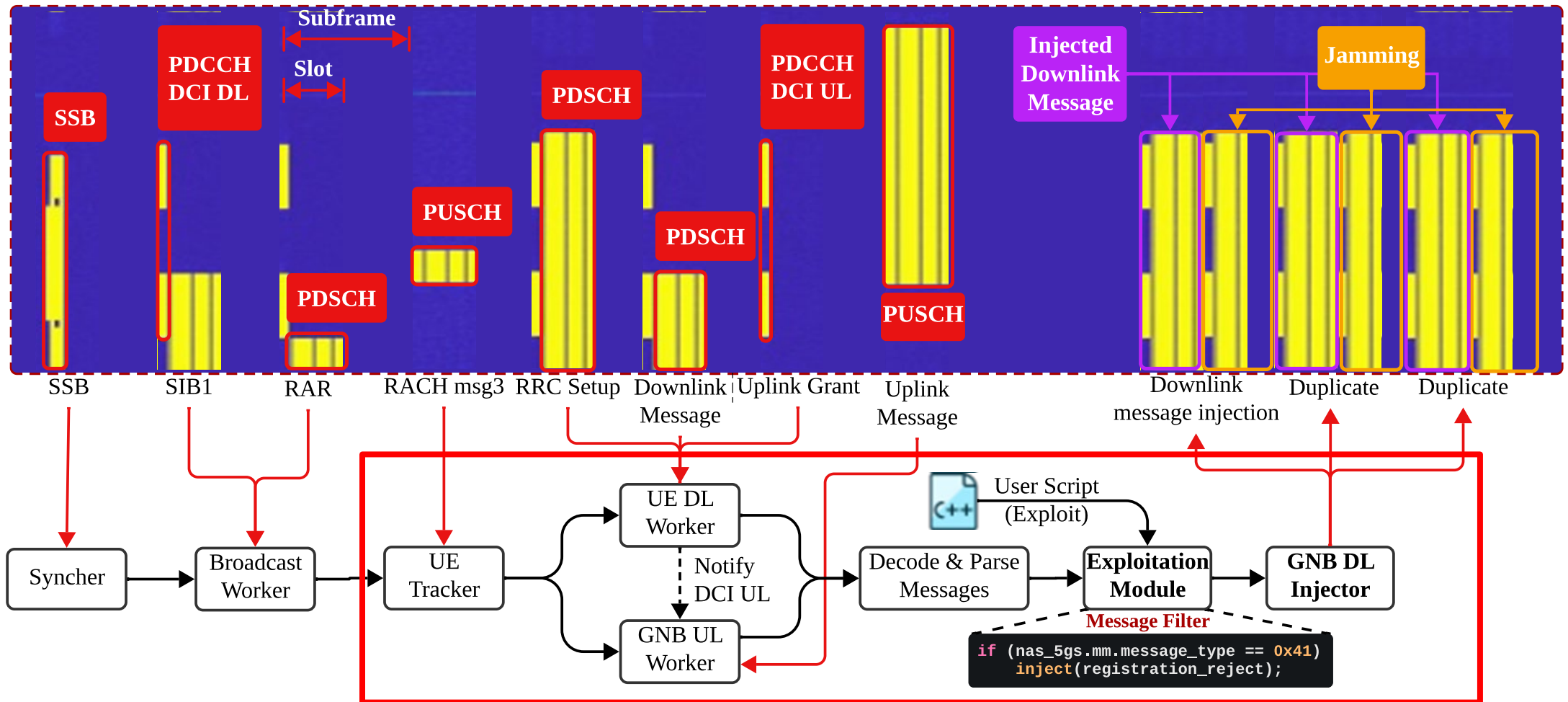
# Sni5Gect: Design

**Broadcast Worker: retrieve cell configuration and detect new UE connections**



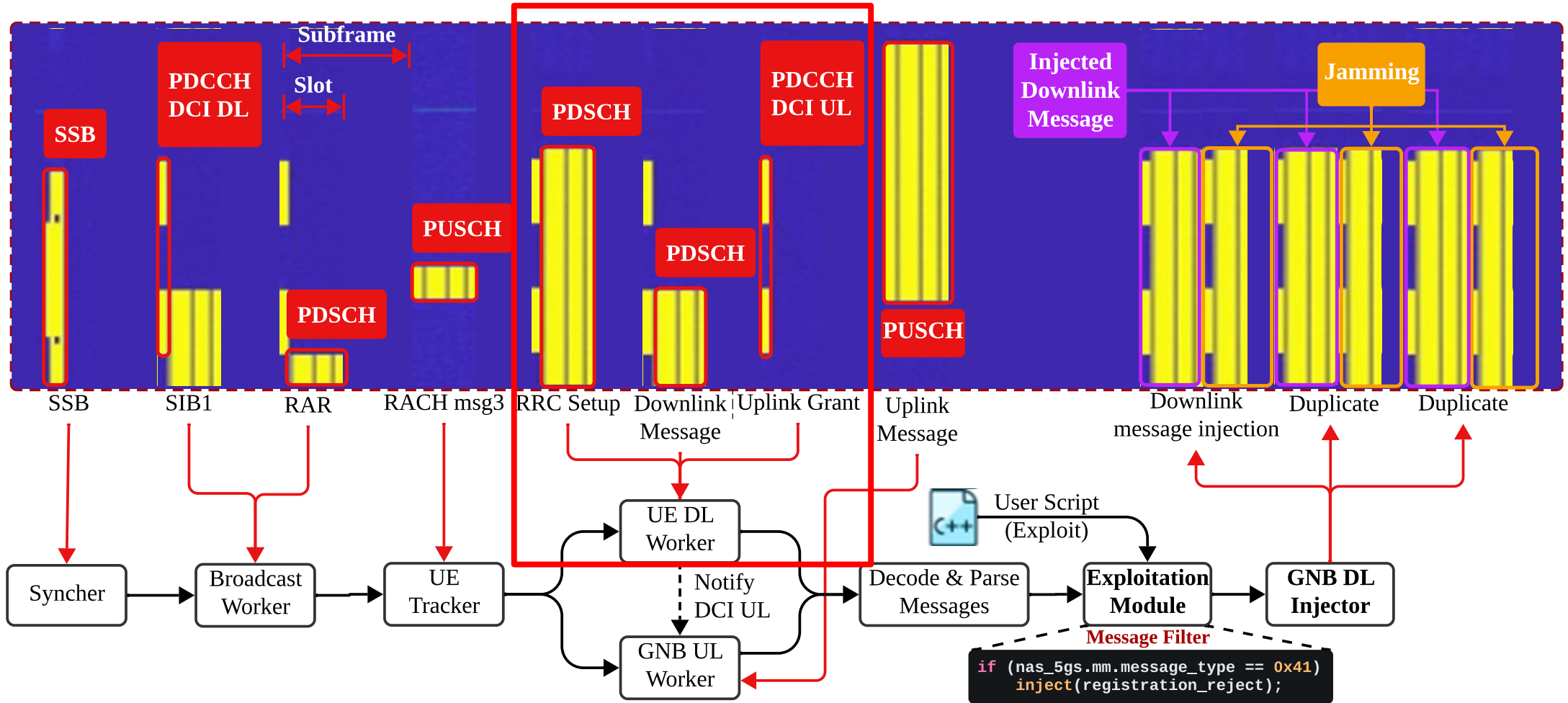
# Sni5Gect: Design

UETracker: monitor the UE connection state and configuration



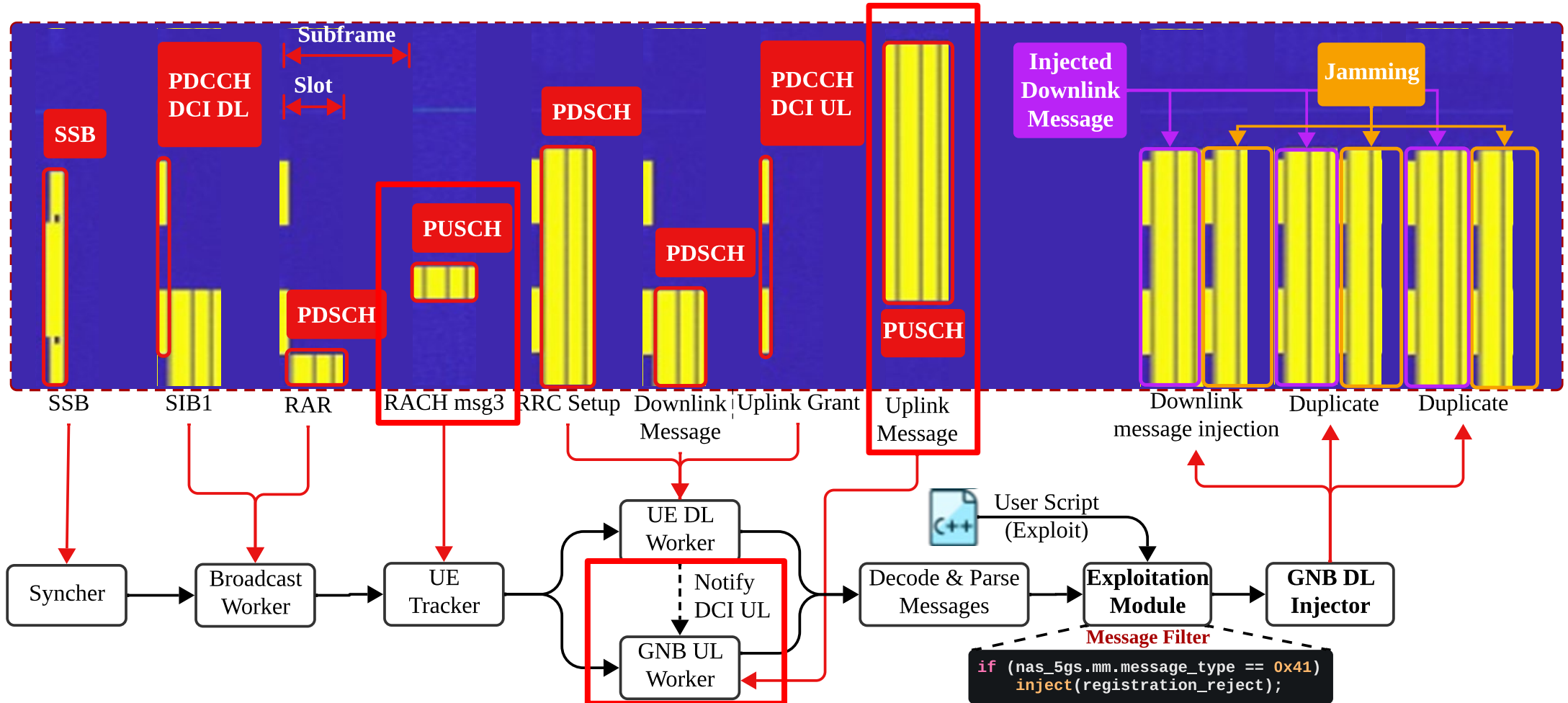
# Sni5Gect: Design

UE DL Worker: decodes downlink messages from gNB to UE



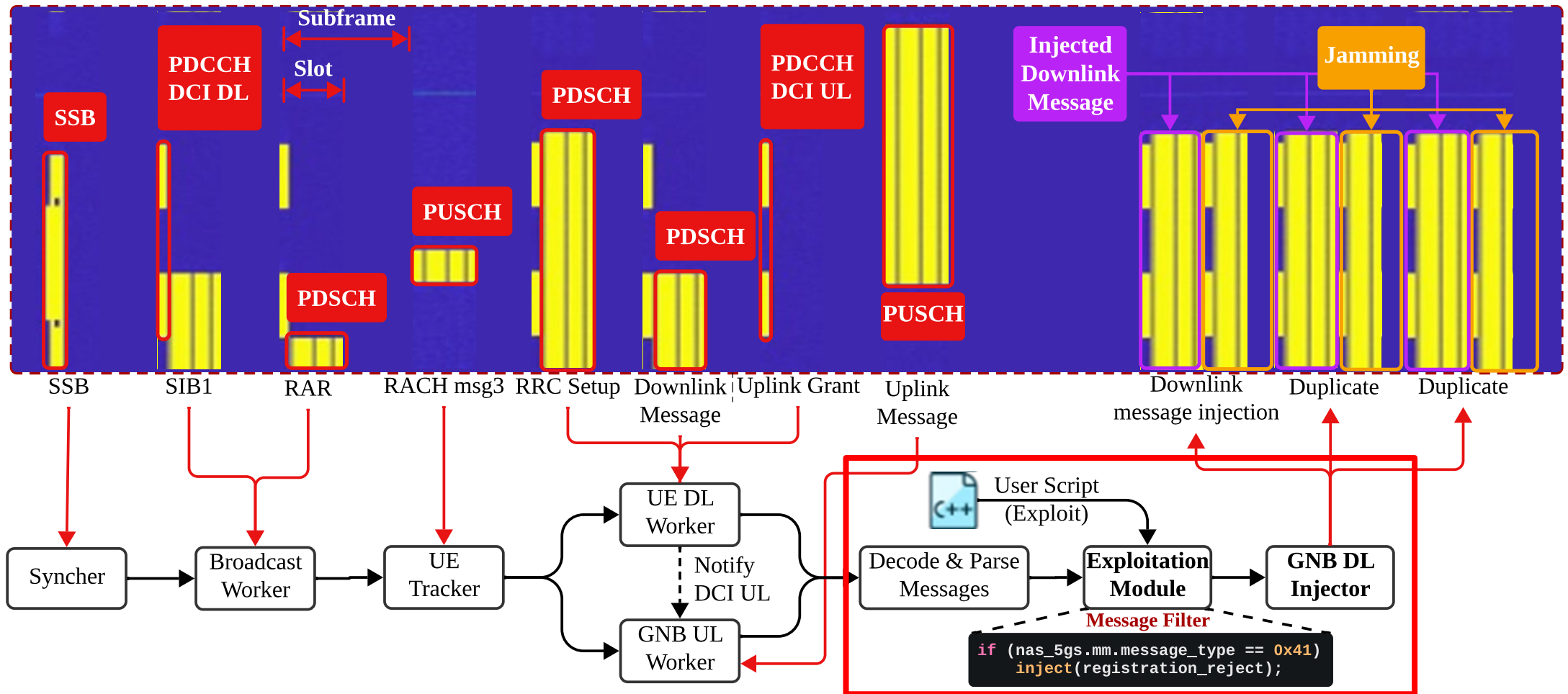
# Sni5Gect: Design

**GNB UL Worker: decodes uplink messages from UE to gNB**



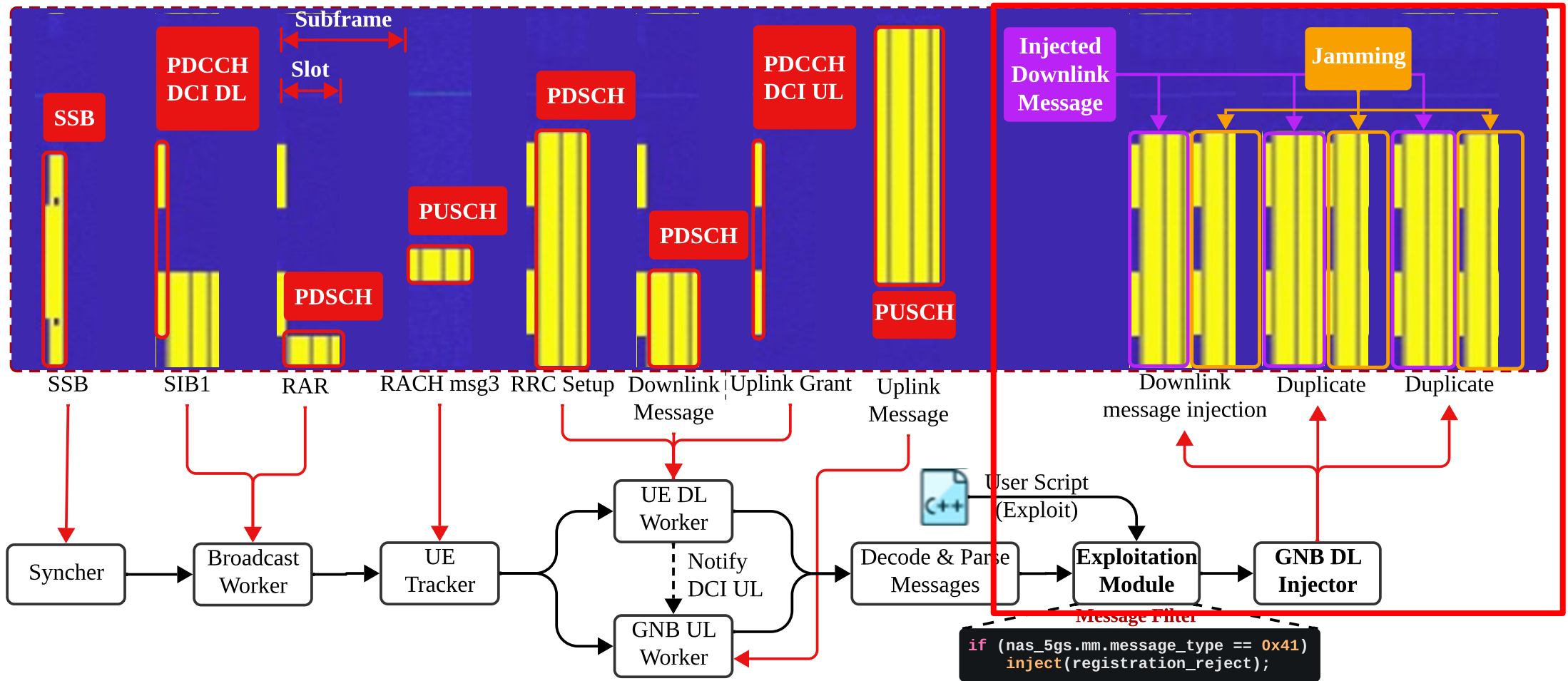
# Sni5Gect: Design

Exploit Module: custom user-defined scripts for triggering attacks



# Sni5Gect: Design

**GNB DL Injector: Encodes and injects crafted downlink messages to target UE**



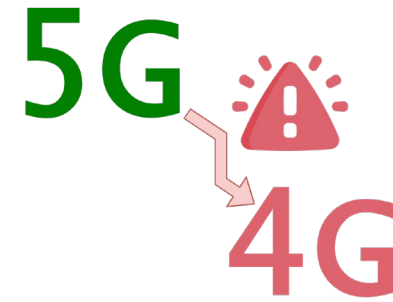
# Attack Scenarios with Sni5Gect



**One-shot  
Attacks**



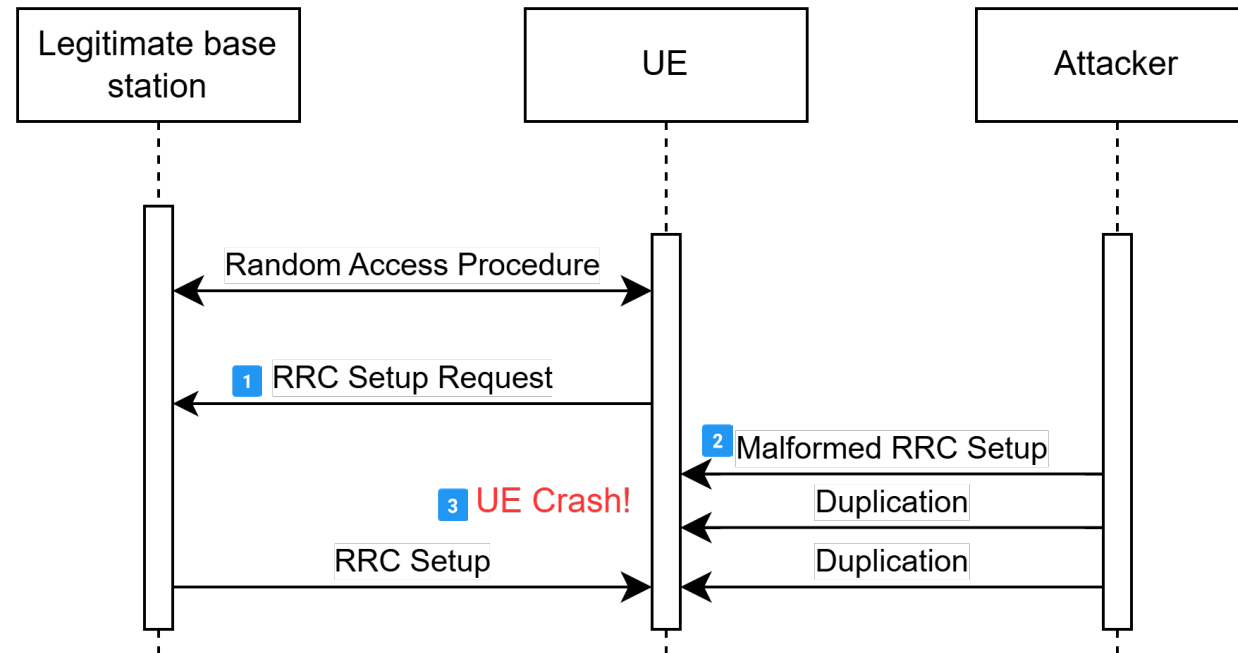
**One-shot  
Attacks with  
Response**



**Multi-stage  
Attacks**

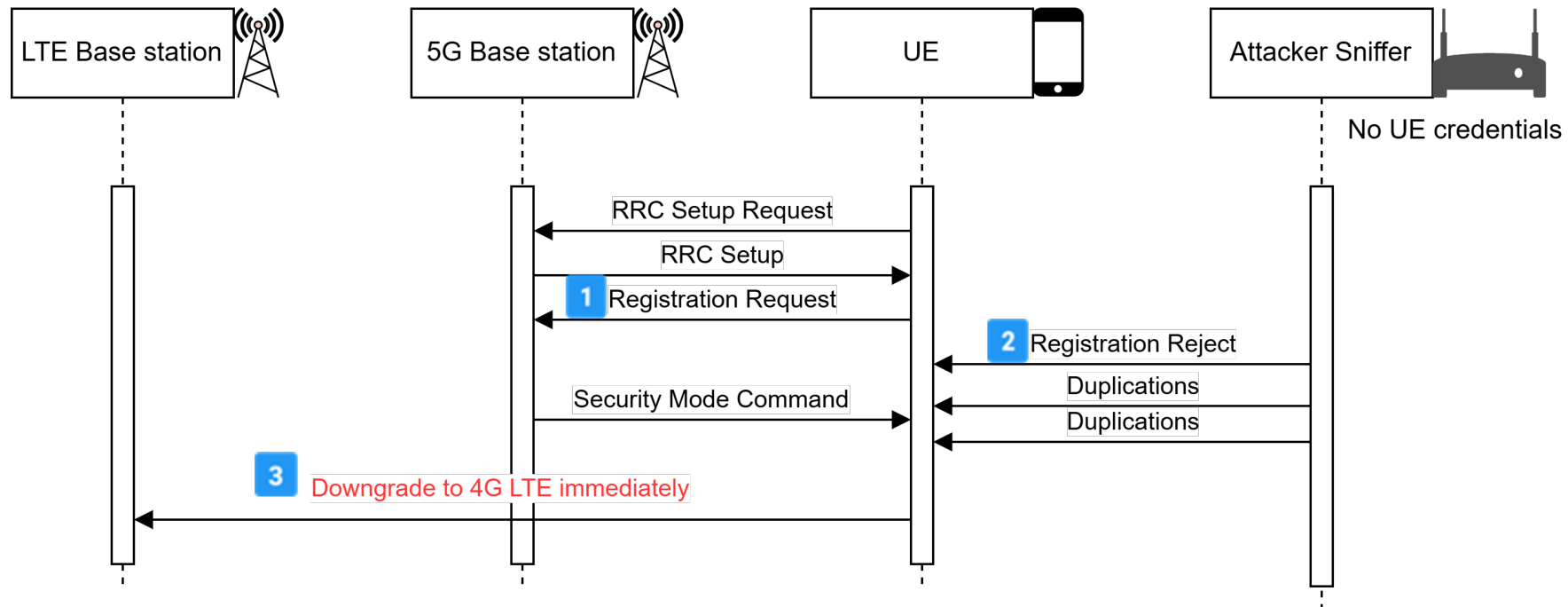
# One-Shot Attack: Immediate Reaction

- Inject a single message → UE reacts instantly
  - Example: Malformed RRC Setup → UE crash



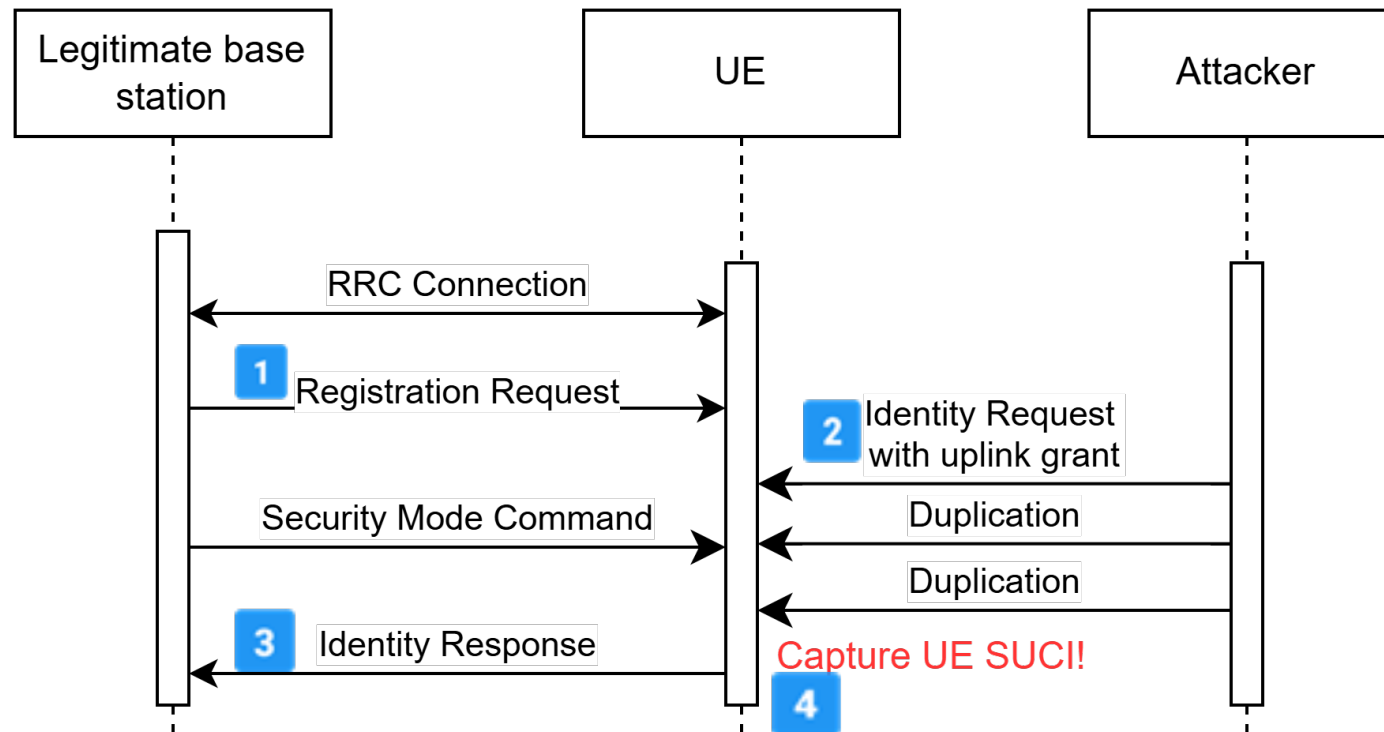
# One-Shot Attack: Immediate Reaction

- Inject a single message → UE reacts instantly
  - Example: Registration Reject → UE downgrades to LTE



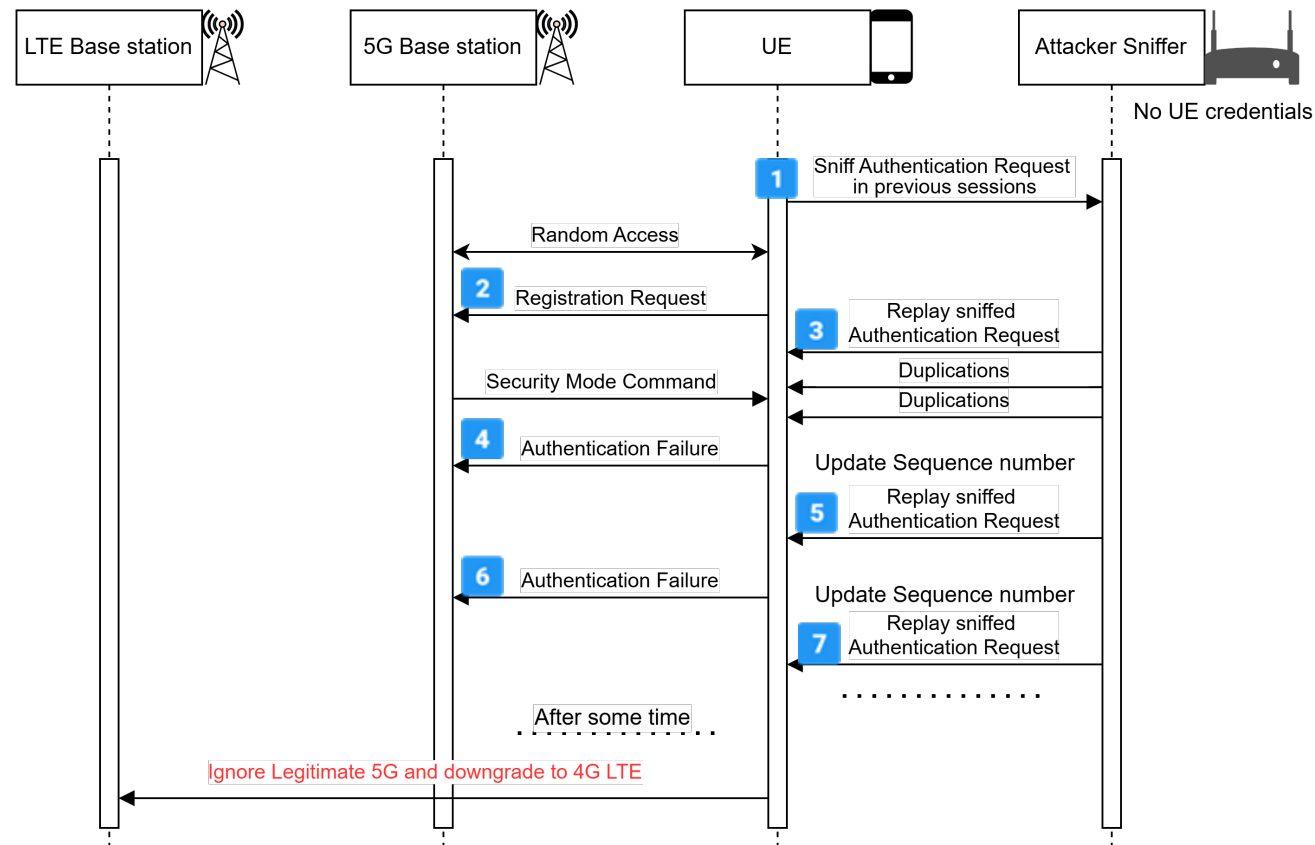
# One-Shot Attack with Response

- Inject a single message → UE replies
  - Example: Identity Request → Identity Response

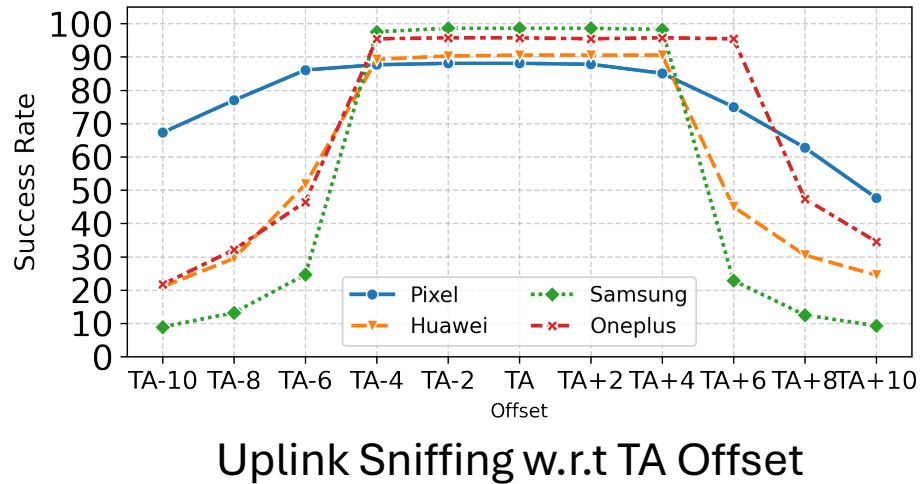
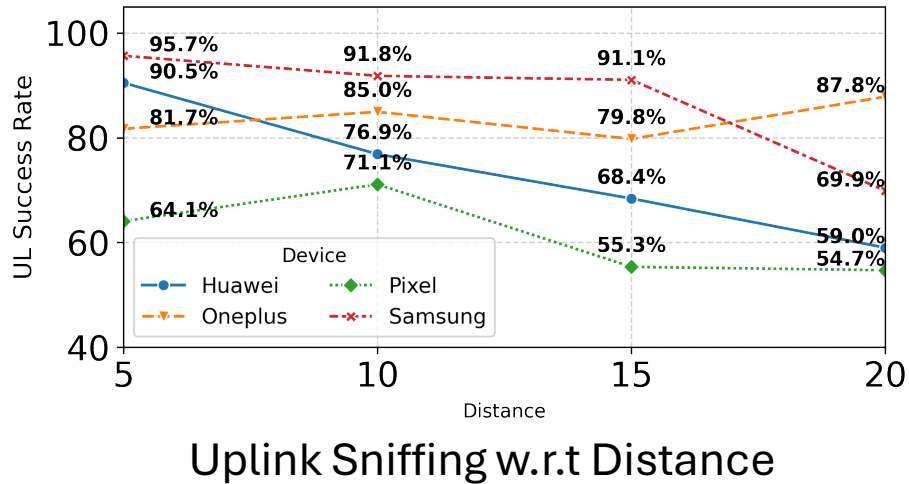
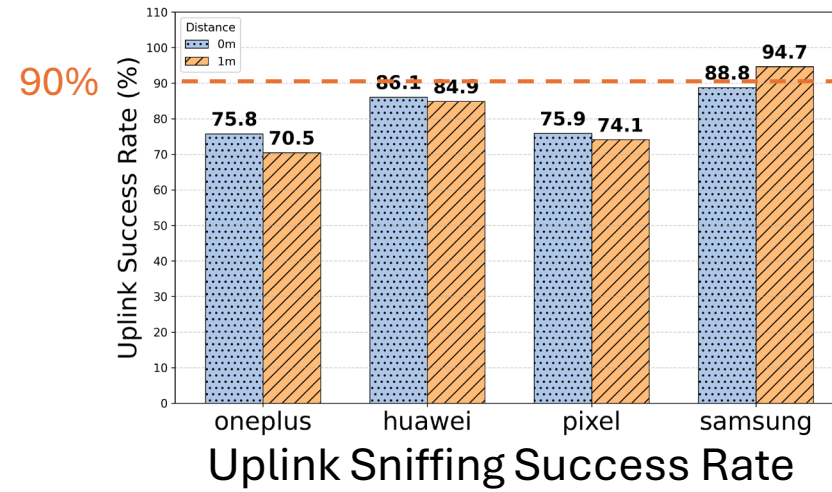
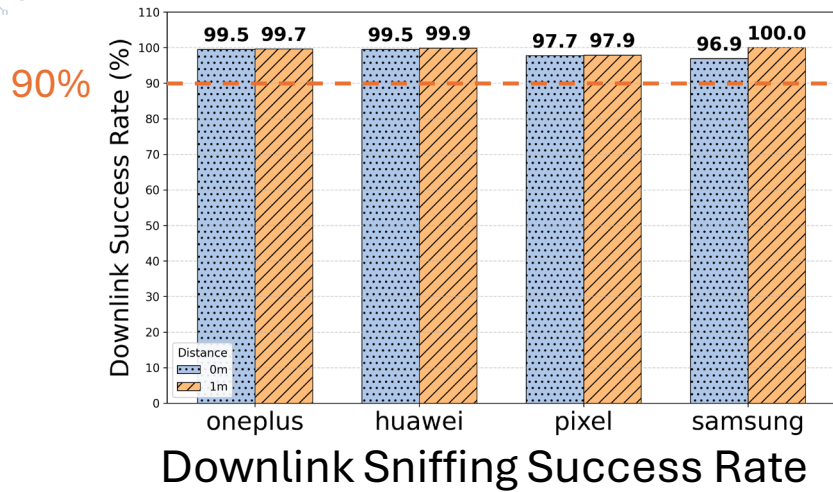


# Multi-stage Attacks

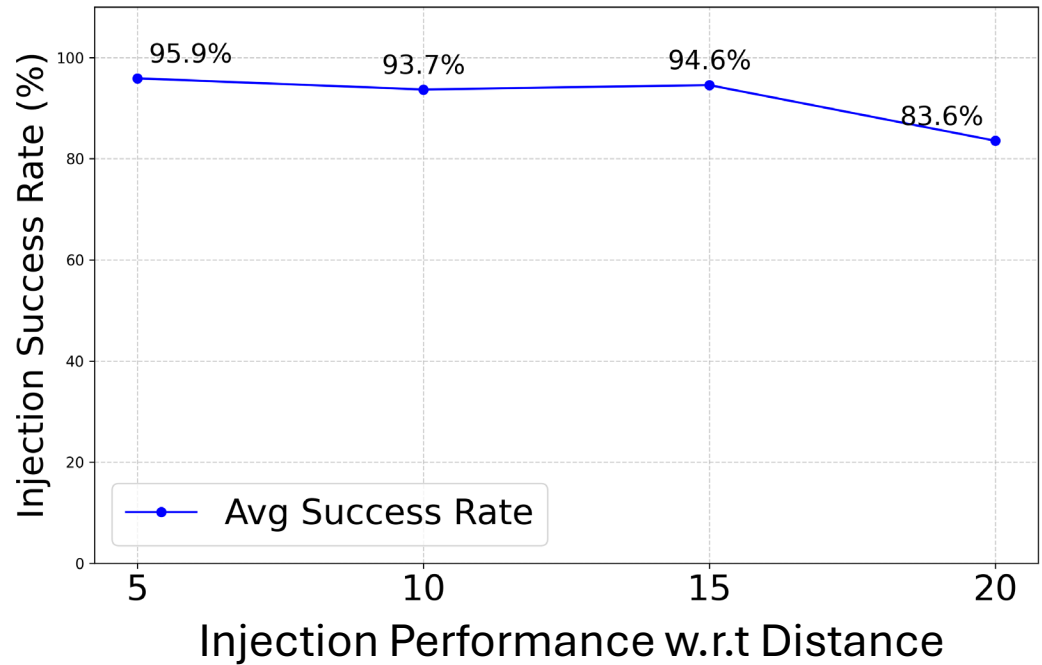
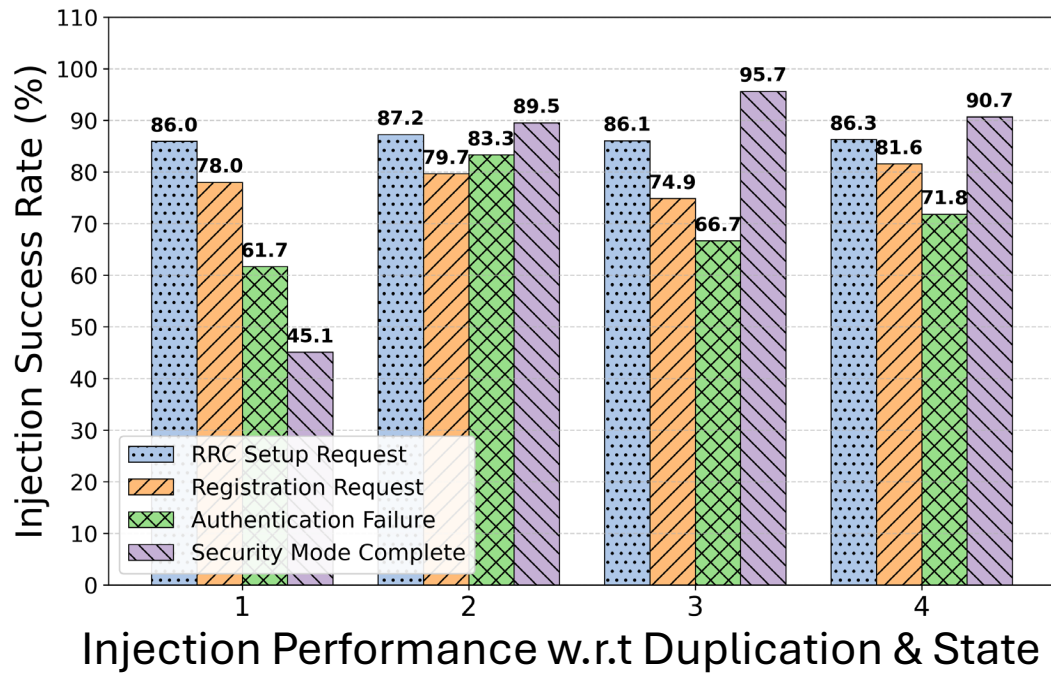
- Sniff + inject messages at multiple states
  - Example: Authentication Replay → UE downgrades to LTE



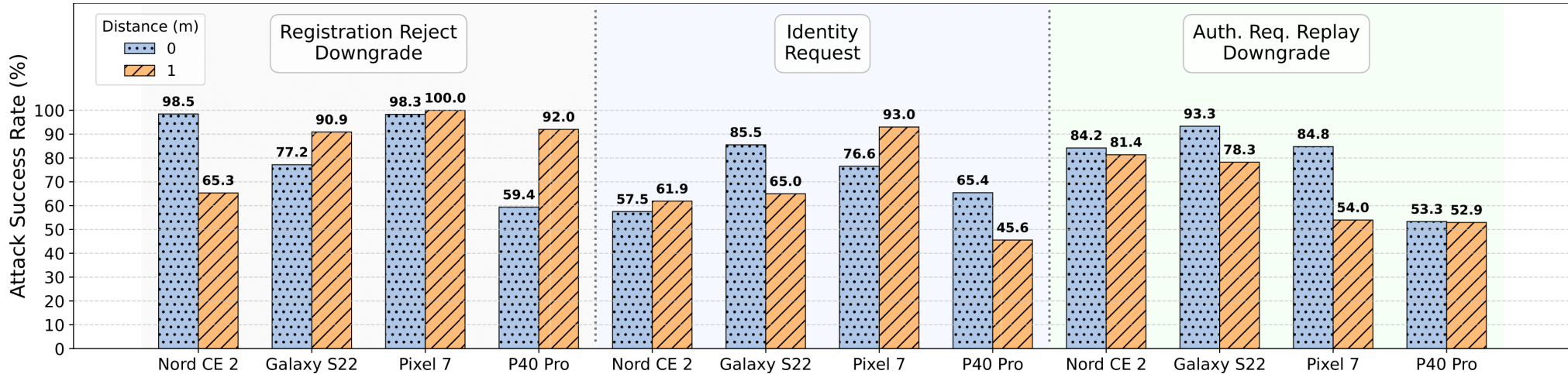
# Sni5Gect Evaluation: Sniffing



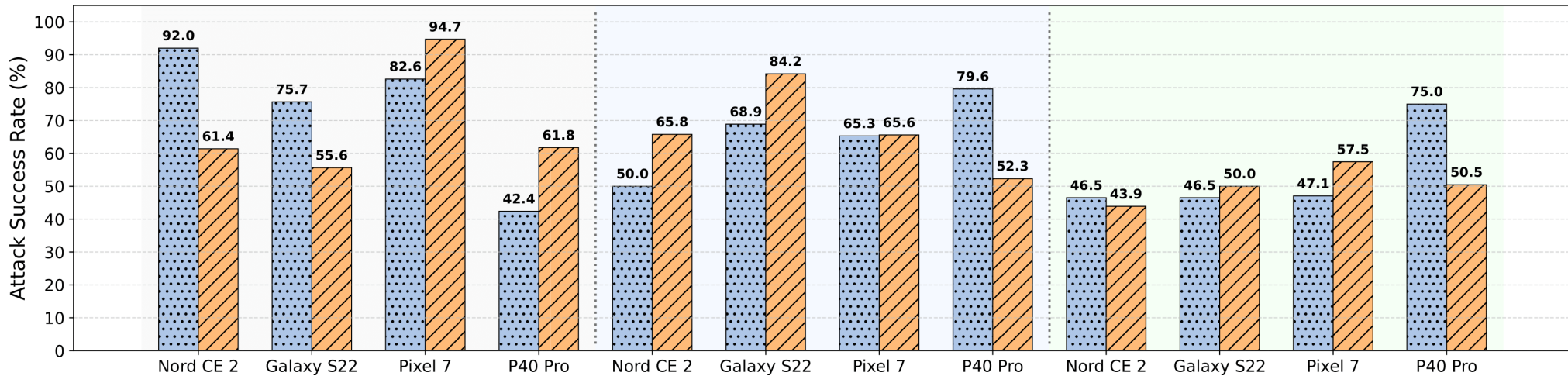
# Sni5Gect Evaluation: Injection



# Sni5Gect Evaluations: Attacks



Attack Success Rates by Device, Distance, and Attack Type using srsRAN as legitimate gNB



Attack Success Rates by Device, Distance, and Attack Type using Effnet as legitimate gNB



# Reusability of Sni5Gect



## Attack Evaluation

Realistic testing without rogue BS



## Throughput Analysis

Measure traffic volume via DCI



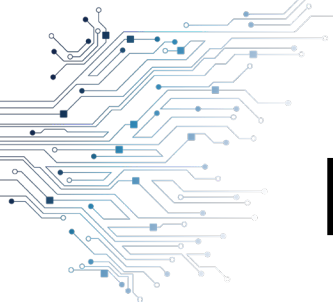
## Traffic Analysis

Study UE ↔ BS communication & privacy

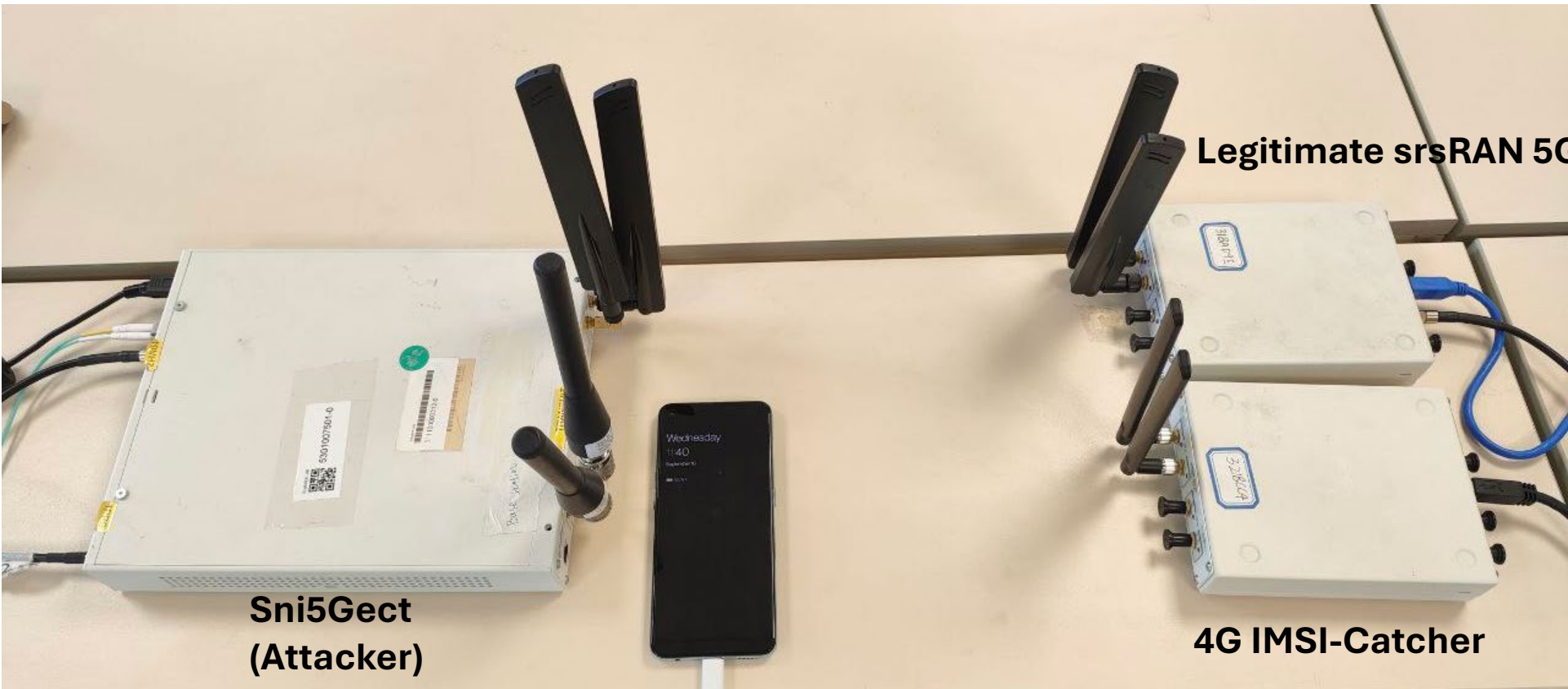
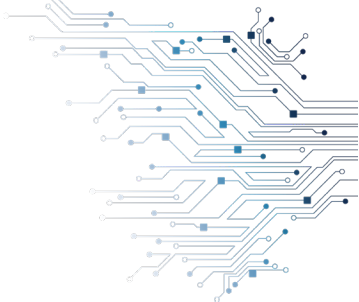


## Anomaly Detection

PCAP dataset for detection research



# Demo



**Sni5Gect  
(Attacker)**

**Victim UE**

**Legitimate srsRAN 5G**

**4G IMSI-Catcher**