

It's all in your head(set): Side-channel attacks on AR/VR systems

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AR/VR Systems – An Immersive Lifestyle

• Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality (AR/VR) systems are everywhere.



AR/VR Systems – An Immersive Lifestyle

- Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality (AR/VR) systems are everywhere.
- Over 60 Billion US Dollar Market Size.



Source: www.precedenceresearch.com

Outline

- Background: Software and Hardware Architecture for AR/VR Systems.
- Threat model and Leakage Vectors.
- Three Classes of Side-channel Attacks.
 - User Interaction: Hand gestures, Voice input, and Keystrokes.
 - Concurrent Application: Application Launch.
 - Real-world Environment: Bystander Estimation.
- Mitigation.



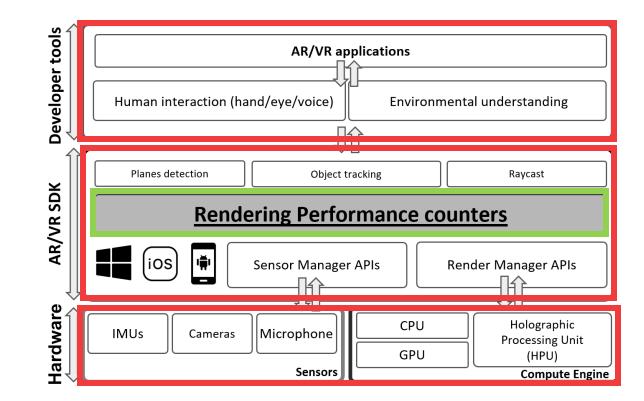






AR/VR Systems

- Main Components.
 - Developer Tools.
 - Software Development Kit (SDK).
 - Device Hardware.
- Rendering Performance Counters.
 - Track the performance of AR/VR applications.
 - Normal user permission.
 - Hundreds of counters are available.



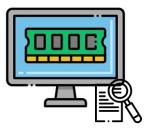
Threat model – Software Side-channel Attacks

- A malicious program runs in the background.
 - Standard application-level permissions.
 - No physical access.
 - Periodically probes rendering performance counters.

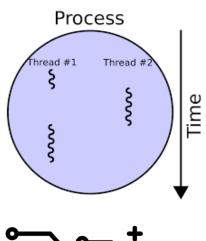


Leakage Vectors

- Memory Allocation API.
 - Expose memory usages on AR/VR devices.
- Rendering Performance Counters.
 - Unity & Unreal Engine SDK.
 - Frame Rate.
 - CPU/GPU frame rate, Refresh Rate, etc.
 - Thread Counters.
 - Game/Render thread time, etc.
 - Render Task Counters.
 - Number of draw calls, Number of primitives, Vertex count, etc.

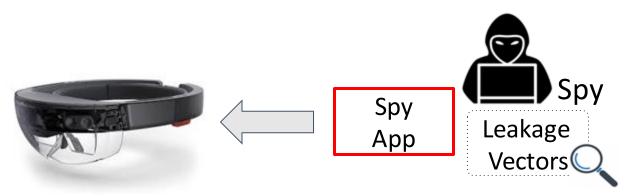






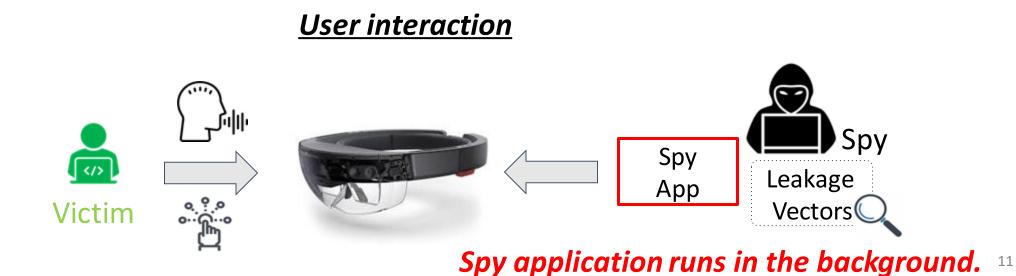


• We demonstrate three classes of attacks.



Spy application runs in the background. 10

- We demonstrate three classes of attacks.
 - Spying on user interactions.



- We demonstrate three classes of attacks.
 - Spying on user interactions.
 - Spying on concurrent applications.

Concurrent applications



Spy application runs in the background. 12

- We demonstrate three classes of attacks.
 - Spying on user interactions.
 - Spying on concurrent applications.
 - Spying on the real-world environment.

Real-world environment



Spy application runs in the background. 13

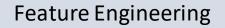
Experimental Setup

- Two popular headsets.
 - Microsoft Hololens 2 (AR).
 - Meta Quest 2 (VR).
- Ten volunteers.
 - Various ages, heights, weights, and gender.
- Attack workflow.

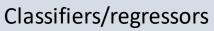




Side-channel signal

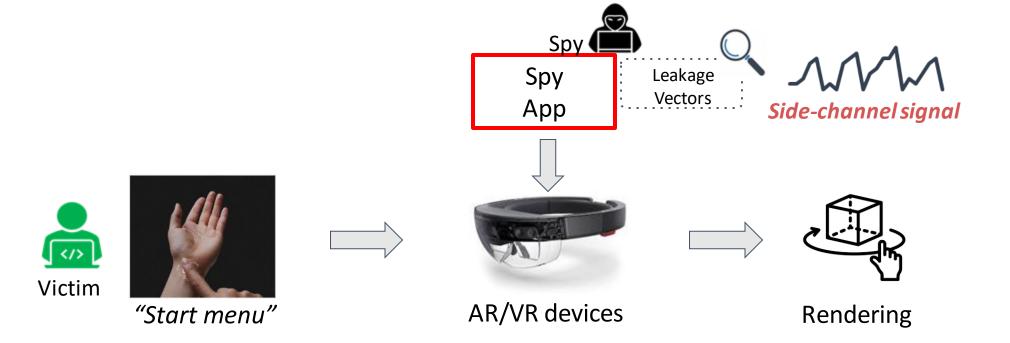






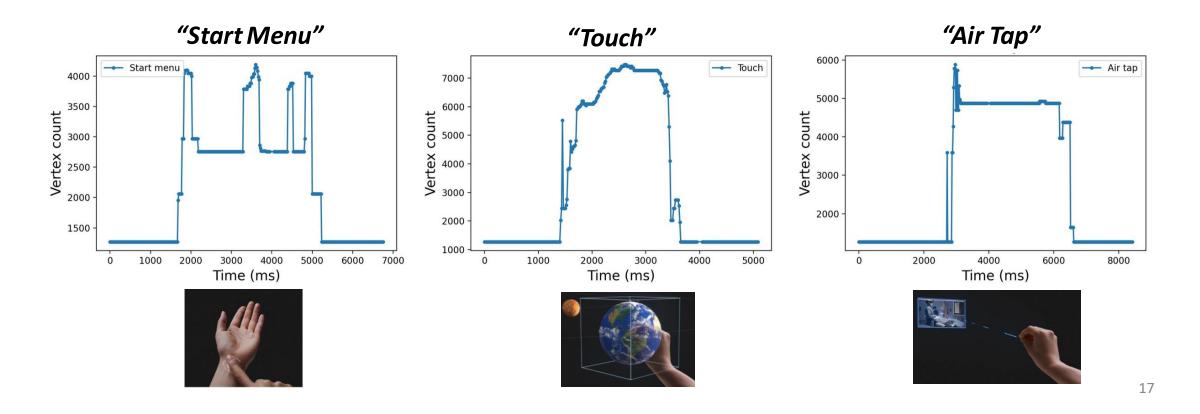
Attack 1: Hand gestures inference

- Victim: Directly interacts with digital artifacts via hand gestures.
- Spy: Collects special signal patterns depending on victim's hand gestures.



Performance Counter Trace

- "Vertex count".
 - The number of vertices in existing 2D/3D scenes.



Classification Results

- Five basic system-level hand gestures on both Hololens 2 and Quest 2.
- The classification results for hand gestures inference attack:
 - K Nearest Neighbors (KNN).
 - Decision Tree (DT).
 - Random Forest (RF).
 - Light Gradient Boosting Machine (LightGBM).
 - Weighted majority rule voting (Voting).

	Hololens 2			Quest 2		
	F1	Prec	Rec	F1	Prec	Rec
KNN	53.6	55.4	54.2	57.9	58.3	58.8
DT	80.0	80.5	80.0	91.3	91.7	91.3
RF	86.6	86.6	86.7	93.7)	93.8	93.7
LightGBM	84.7	86.7	85.0	89.0	91.9	90.0
Voting	89.2	89.3	89.2	91.3	91.9	91.3

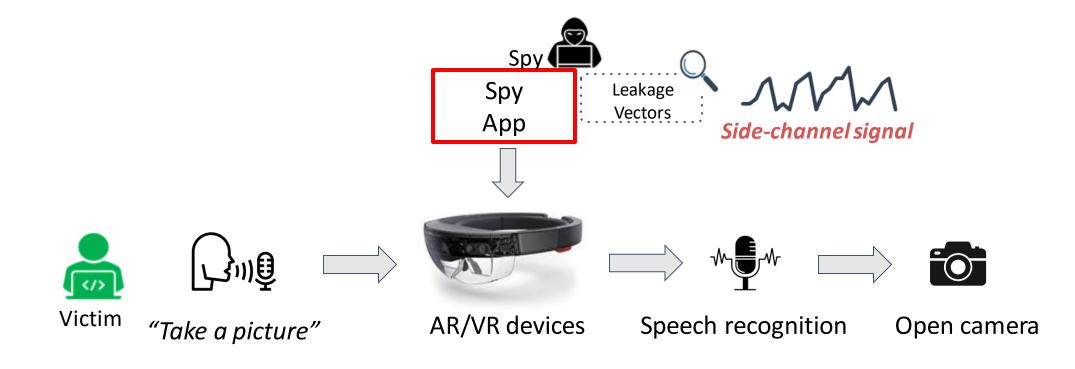
Attack 2: Voice Commands inference

• Victim: Communicates with the headset through voice commands.



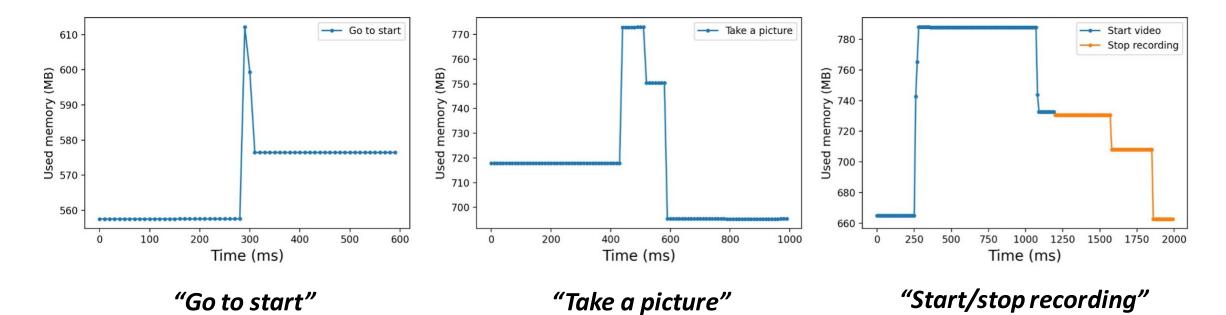
Attack 2: Voice Commands inference

- Victim: Communicates with the headset through voice commands.
- Spy: Measures a content-related pattern performed by the victim.



Memory Allocation Trace

- "AppMemoryUsage" API.
 - Track the spy app's current memory usage.



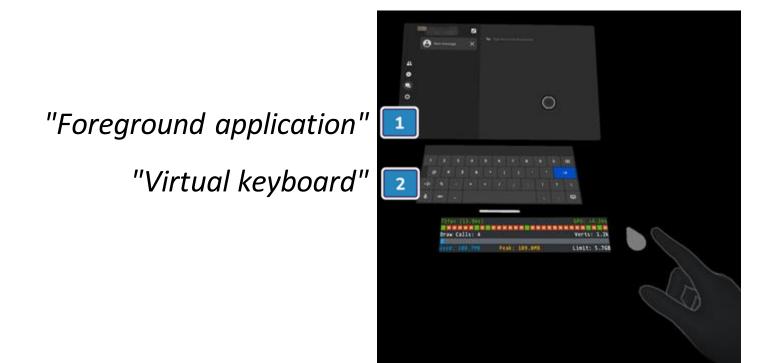
Classification Results

- Five basic headset-specific voice commands on both Hololens 2 and Quest 2.
- The classification results for voice commands inference attack:
 - K Nearest Neighbors (KNN).
 - Decision Tree (DT).
 - Random Forest (RF).
 - Light Gradient Boosting Machine (LightGBM).
 - Weighted majority rule voting (Voting).

	Hololens 2				Quest 2		
	F1	Prec	Rec	F1	Prec	Rec	
KNN	87.5	87.7	87.5	65.9	73.3	62.0	
DT	93.7	93.8	93.8	88.1	89.6	88.0	
RF	91.2	91.3	91.2	86.0	89.3	86.0	
LightGBM	88.9	90.9	89.5	90.3	93.0	90.8	
Voting	91.3	92.4	91.3	93.9	94.0	94.0	

Attack 3: Keystroke Monitoring

• Victim: Enters keystrokes through virtual keyboard.



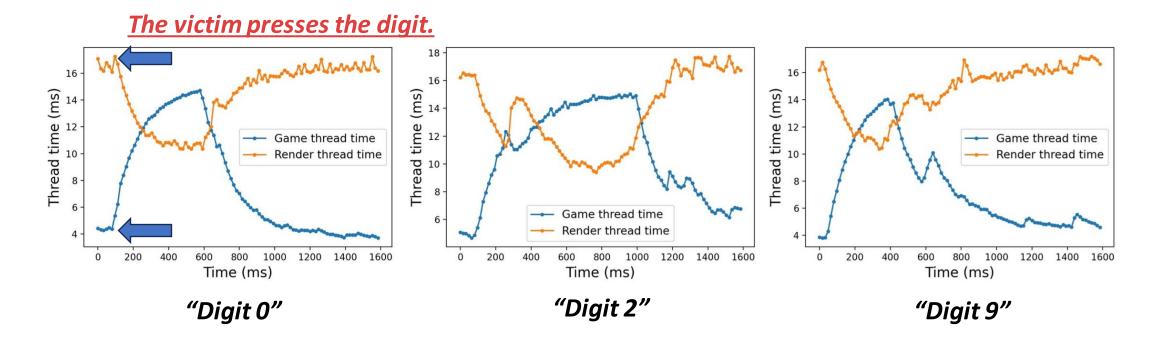
Attack 3: Keystroke Monitoring

- Victim: Enters keystrokes through virtual keyboard.
- Spy: Monitors rendering performance counters to infer the digit input of a victim.



Performance Counter Trace

- "Game thread time" & "Render thread time".
 - Track the execution time of two primary threads in applications.



Classification Results

- Ten digits (0-9) on the virtual keyboard on both Hololens 2 and Quest 2.
- The classification results for keystroke monitoring:
 - K Nearest Neighbors (KNN).
 - Decision Tree (DT).
 - Random Forest (RF).
 - Light Gradient Boosting Machine (LightGBM).
 - Weighted majority rule voting (Voting).

	Hololens 2				Quest 2		
	F1	Prec	Rec	F1	Prec	Rec	
KNN	43.3	49.6	44.3	44.1	49.4	44.0	
DT	88.7	89.8	88.6	92.1	93.7	92.0	
RF	52.1	54.0	52.9	73.7	75.5	75.0	
LightGBM	87.5	88.0	88.8	93.8	94.8	94.0	
Voting	91.4	91.7	91.4	90.1	91.6	90.0	

Attack 4: Concurrent App Fingerprinting

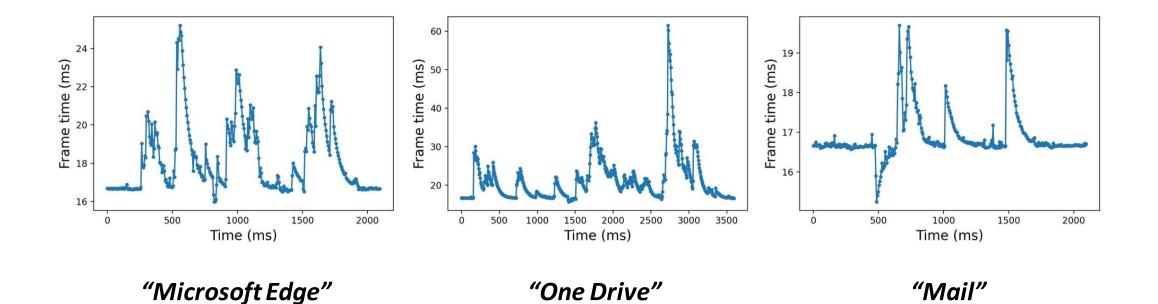
- Victim: Launches a concurrent App on AR/VR devices.
- Spy: Track performance counters and identify the victim's application.



Time to launch an App on AR/VR devices

Performance Counter Trace

- "Frame time".
 - Time takes for two consecutive frames are shown.



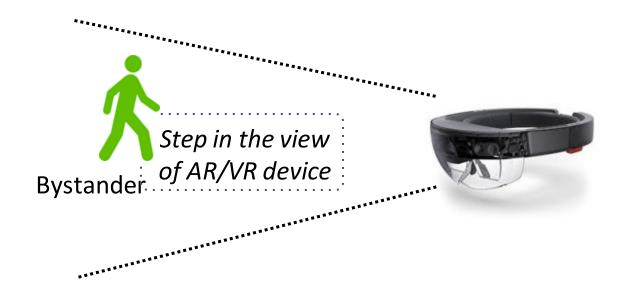
Classification Results

- Twelve applications are profiled on Hololens 2.
- The classification results for concurrent App fingerprinting:
 - K Nearest Neighbors (KNN).
 - Decision Tree (DT).
 - Random Forest (RF).
 - Light Gradient Boosting Machine (LightGBM).
 - Weighted majority rule voting (Voting).

	F1	Prec	Rec
KNN	33.7	39.4	35.0
DT	84.7	86.5	85.0
RF	51.3	53.0	50.8
LightGBM	85.8	87.4	86.8
Voting	89.3	91.0	89.2

Attack 5: Bystander Ranging

• Victim: Bystander steps into the field of view of an AR/VR device.



Attack 5: Bystander Ranging

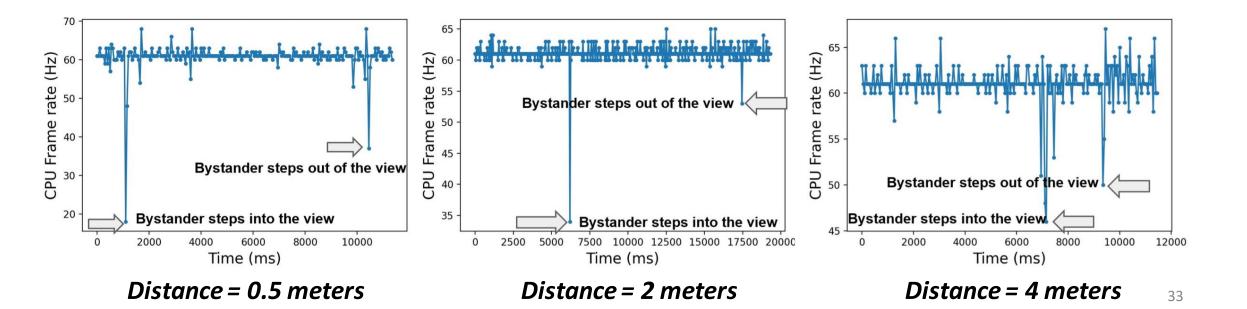
- Victim: Bystander steps into the field of view of an AR/VR device.
- Spy:
 - Profiles leakage vectors.
 - Generates spatial mesh of the surrounding environment.



Turn an AR/VR device into a surveillance device!

Performance Counter Trace

- "CPU frame rate".
 - CPU frame time between two consecutive frames.
- Distance-dependent fingerprint.



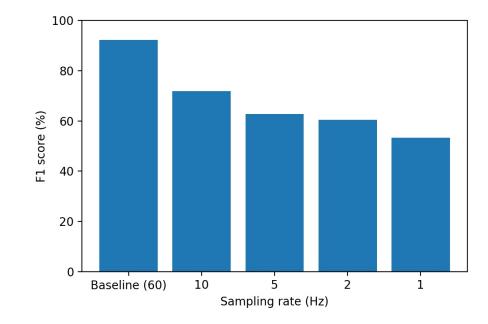
Regression Results

- Distance ranging from 0.5 meters to 5 meters (0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 meters).
- The regression results (meters) for bystander estimation attack:
 - K Nearest Neighbors (KNN).
 - Decision Tree (DT).
 - Random Forest (RF).
 - Light Gradient Boosting Machine (LightGBM).
 - Weighted majority rule voting (Voting).

	KNN	DT	RF	LightGBM	Voting
MAE	0.401	0.103	0.257	0.279	0.164
10.	3 cm			34	

Mitigation

- Managing access to performance counters.
 - Completely blocking access to leaky APIs and counters.
 - Limiting the precision or rate of performance counters.



Conclusion

- Side-channels on AR/VR systems.
 - Through rendering performance counters (First).
- Three AR/VR-specific attack scenarios.
 - Five end-to-end side-channel attacks.
- Mitigation based on limiting the precision or rate is not effective.
- Future work:
 - Multi-user AR/VR systems; better profiling systems for AR/VR.

Thank you! Any questions?

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