

Counting with STAR

Shipping A Privacy-Preserving Telemetry System To Millions Of Users



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USENIX PEPR '23

What is STAR?

Secret Sharing for Private Threshold Aggregation Reporting
 [CCS '22]

What is STAR?

- Secret Sharing for Private Threshold Aggregation Reporting
 [CCS '22]
- 2. "Balls of gas burning billions of miles away"

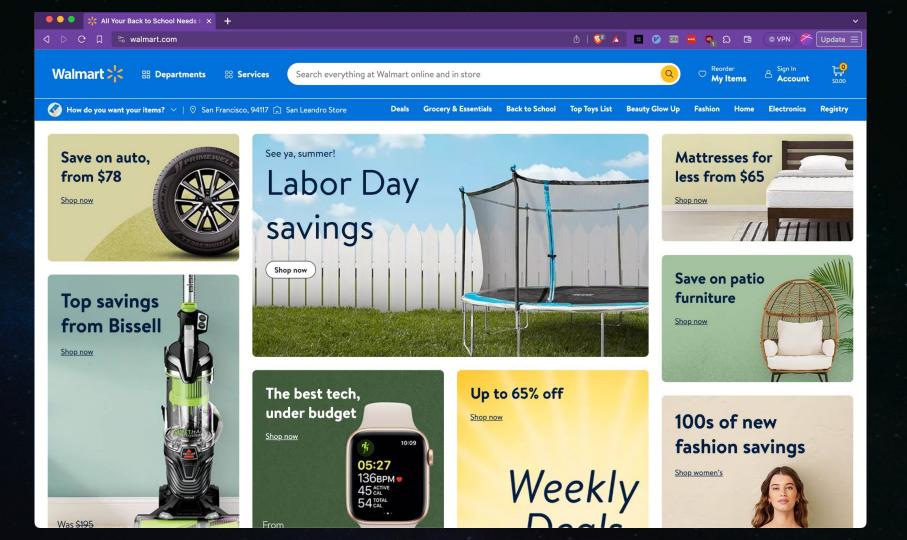


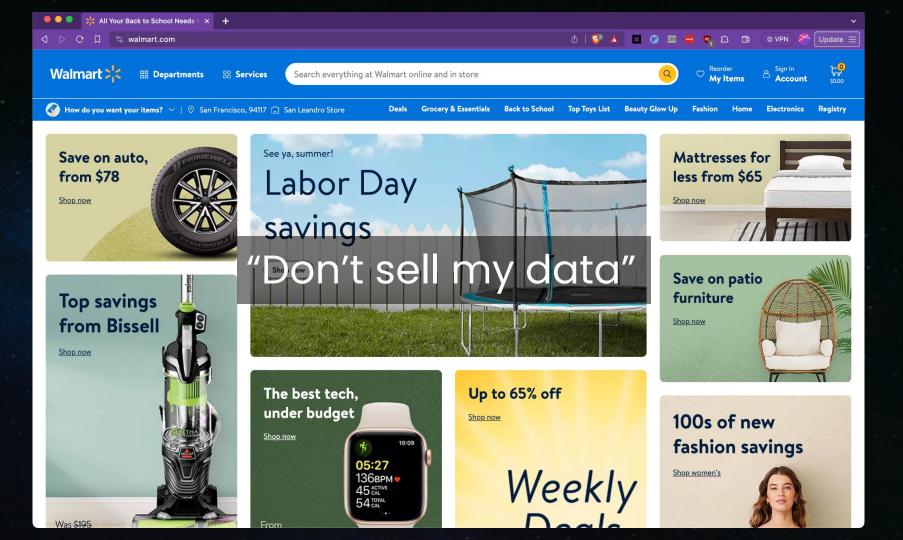
STAR life-cycle

- 1. **Nebula**: why STAR
- 2. **Protostar**: designing STAR
- 3. Red giant: shipping & scaling
- 4. Going supernova: new features unlocked!
- 5. Black holes: and how to avoid them

Nebula.

a STAR is born









Sign in or create your account

Not sure if you have an account? Enter your email and we'll check for you.

Email Address Continue

Securing your personal information is our priority. See our privacy measures.



Give users a way to report https://walmart.com as broken

Give users a way to report https://walmart.com as broken with some amount of privacy cover

Generalizing...

Give clients a way to report arbitrary strings to the server in a privacy-preserving way.

- 1. MPC-based (Prio, Poplar)
 - a. Too slow and/or expensive
 - b. Complicated to deploy
 - c. Bad failure mode under collusion

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Takeaway: simplicity is important for user trust

- 1. MPC-based (Prio, Poplar)
- 2. Differential privacy-based (RAPPOR, IPA)
 - a. (central) not user-auditable
 - b. Hard to test
 - c. (central) Bad failure mode
 - d. (local) Requires large user base
 - e. Hard to use for exact strings

- 1. MPC-based (Prio, Poplar)
- 2. Differential privacy-based (RAPPOR, IPA)

Takeaway: once data leaves device, all bets are off

Generalizing...

Give clients a way to report arbitrary strings to the server only if N other users also reported that string.

STAR goals

Cheap

Simple

Private

STAR goals

Cheap Simple Private

Takeaway: clarity of your unique requirements can lead to generally useful systems!

Protostar.

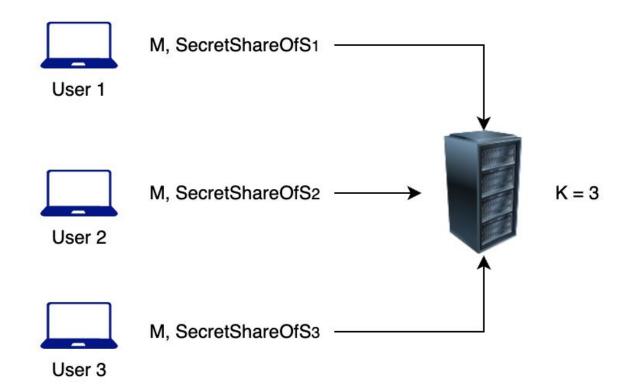
design

STAR

- 1. K-threshold aggregation scheme
- 2. Secret sharing
- OPRFs (oblivious pseudorandom functions) to derive randomness for low entropy input space

Client wants to send "walmart.com"

- 1. Hash "walmart.com" to get random value=> R
- Derive symmetric key S from R = derive(R)
- Encrypts message "walmart.com" using S: M = Encrypt(S, "walmart.com")
- 4. Generate secret share of S: SecretShareOfS;
- 5. Client sends server: {M, SecretShareOfS;}



Server can decrypt after it has K shares

- Recover encryption key: S = Recover(SecretShareOfS_{i K})
- 2. Use S to decrypt **M**:

"walmart.com" = Decrypt(S, M)

STAR goals

1. Cheap

a. 24x cheaper than alternatives [1]

2. Simple

- a. Straightforward protocol
- b. One server model (when randomness derived locally)

3. Private

a. K value is verifiable by clients



Shipping & Scaling

- 1. Evolved the protocol
- 2. Many, many prototypes
- Academia (PPORPF) + standards (verifiability)
- First deployment was specifically for one use-case (JS)
- 5. Expanded out to more general C++ browser support
- 6. Went through security & privacy review
- 7. Open-sourced
- 8. Whole process took a year

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Takeaway: academic/standards process can improves your system





- 1. <u>Web Discovery Project</u>
- 2. Ref codes

New features

- 1. Web Discovery Project
- 2. Ref codes

Takeaway: telemetry systems are surprisingly useful for many things!

New features

- 1. Web Discovery Project
- 2. Ref codes
- 3. Country codes? No!



Pitfalls

- 1. Thresholding attacks
 - a. Only use STAR for string measurement
- 2. Corrupt reports
 - a. Verifiable STAR
- 3. Connection metadata
 - a. Anonymizing proxy

Takeaways & goodbyes

- 1. Simplicity is important for user trust
- 2. Once data leaves device, all bets are off
- 3. Clarity of your unique requirements can lead to generally useful systems!
- 4. Boring crypto is good!
- 5. Academic/standards process can improves your system
- 6. Telemetry systems are surprisingly useful for many things!

Links: research paper, blog post, IETF draft



SUPER STAR

Secret Sharing Scheme	Signature Scheme/Protocol	Client threat mitigated
Shamir Secret Sharing	OPRF	None
Verifiable Secret Sharing	OPRF	Bad shares (DoS)
Shamir Secret Sharing	Blind Signatures	Bad ciphertext
Verifiable Secret Sharing	Blind Signatures	Both

Creating STAR

Cheap: low computational overhead and network usage

Simple

Private

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Simple: easy to implement, well-known crypto

Private

Creating STAR

Cheap: low computational overhead and network usage

Simple: easy to implement, well-known crypto

Private: practical privacy guarantees for clients