

# HetPipe: Enabling Large DNN Training on (Whimpy) Heterogeneous GPU Clusters through Integration of Pipelined Model Parallelism and Data Parallelism

**Jay H. Park,**

**Gyeongchan Yun, Chang M. Yi, Nguyen T. Nguyen, Seungmin Lee,  
Jaesik Choi<sup>†</sup>, Sam H. Noh, and Young-ri Choi**

**UNIST**

ULSAN NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF  
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

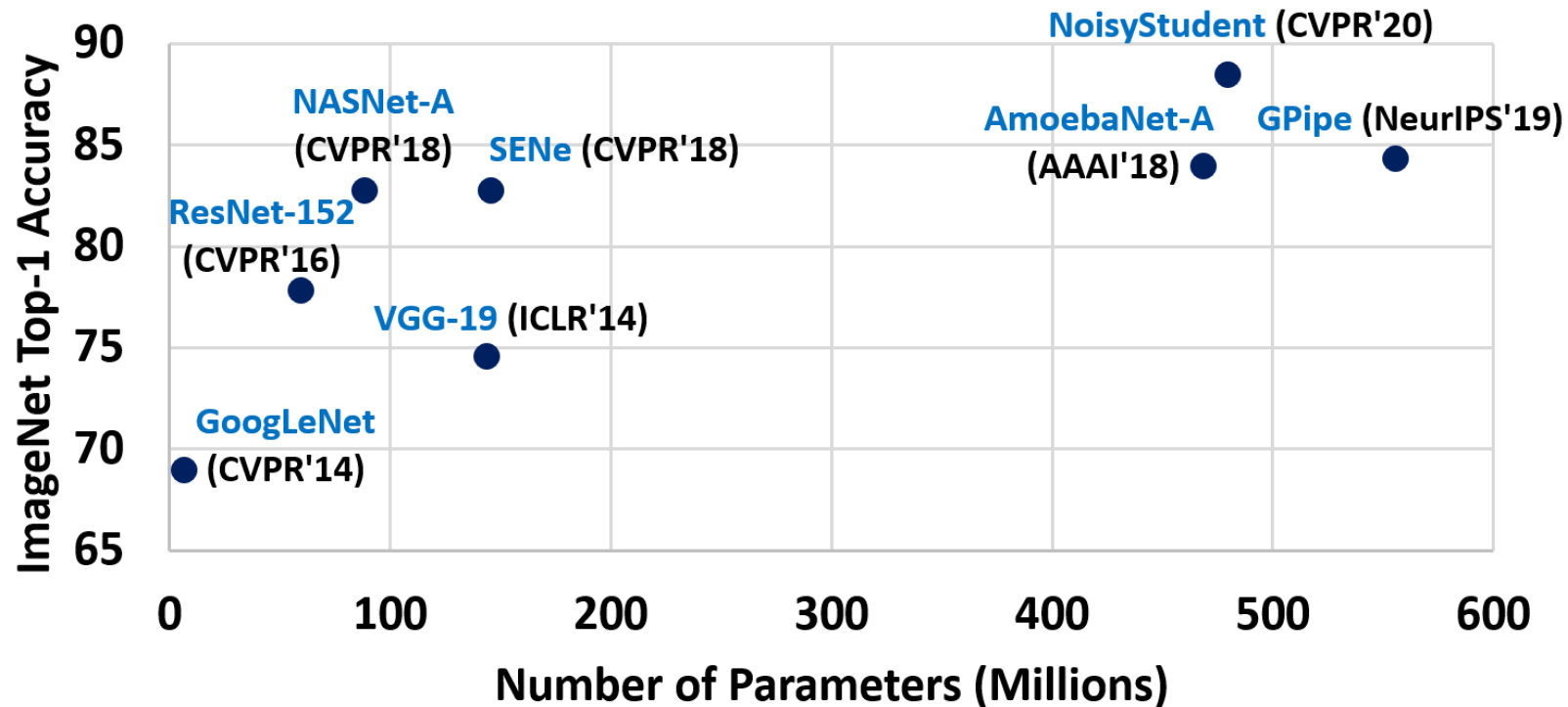
<sup>†</sup> **KAIST**

# Contents

- **Motivation & Background**
- **HetPipe in a Nutshell**
- **Our System: HetPipe**
- **Evaluation**
- **Conclusion**

# Motivation

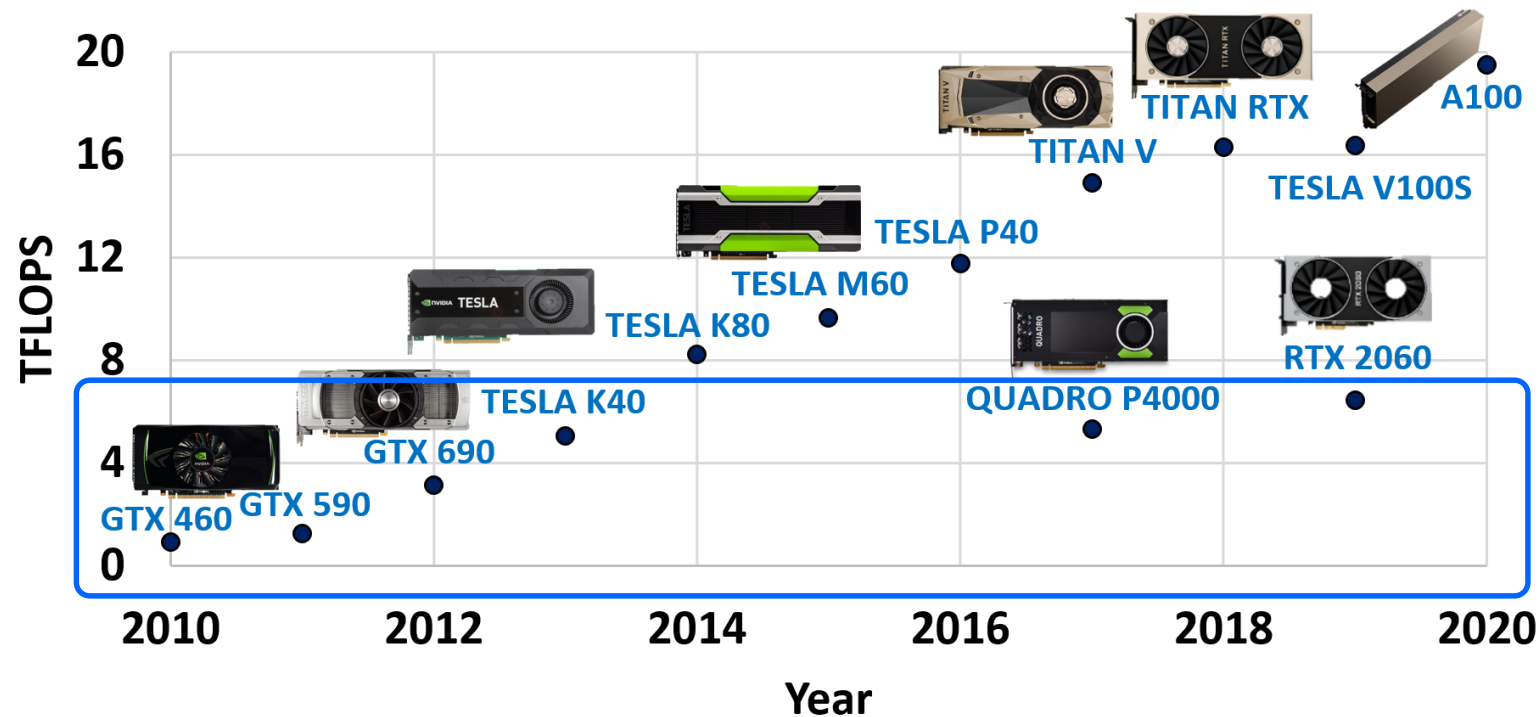
- DNN (Deep Neural Network) models continue to grow



- Need more powerful GPUs for training!

# Motivation

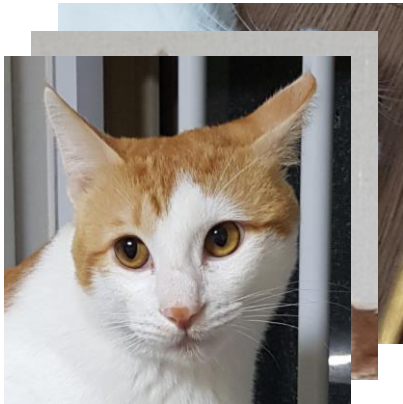
- Short release cycle of new GPU architectures



*Whimpy GPUs*

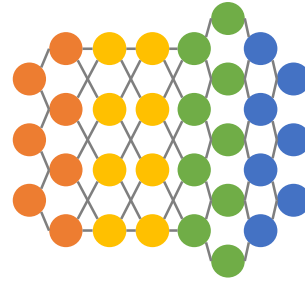
- Use of heterogeneous GPUs is inevitable!
- What to do with *whimpy* GPUs?

# DNN Training



**Minibatch  $i$**   
**(Training Data)**

Forward Pass  $i$



Weight Parameter  $w$

Backward Pass  $i$

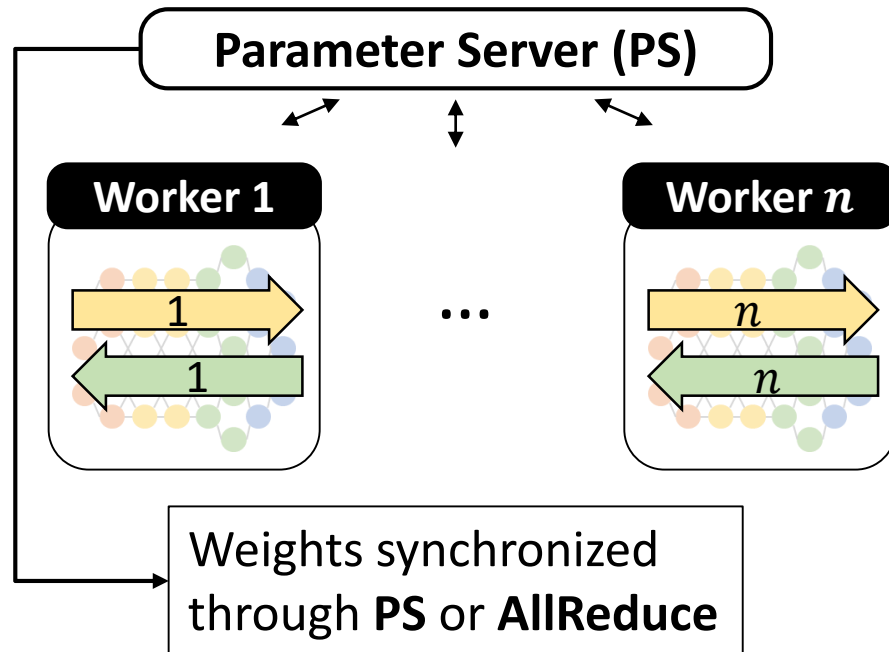
$$w_{i+1} = w_i - \eta \cdot u_i$$

Cat?

Loss

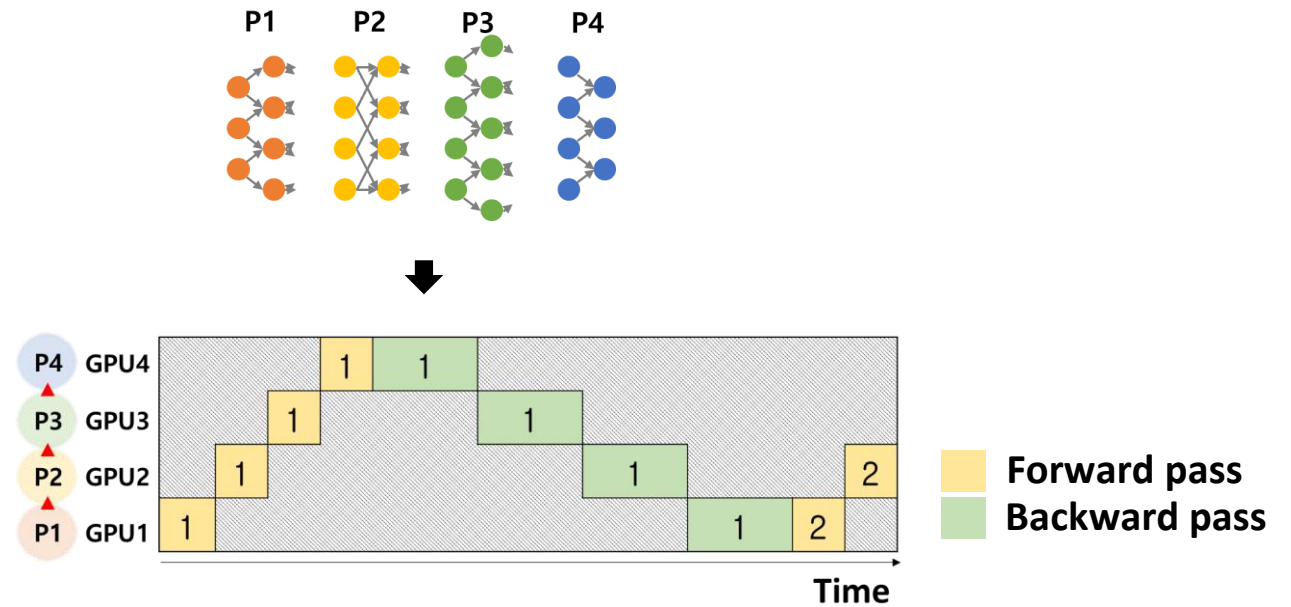
# Parallelizing DNN Training

## ■ Data parallelism (DP)



- GPU memory limitation

## ■ Model parallelism (MP)



- Low GPU utilization

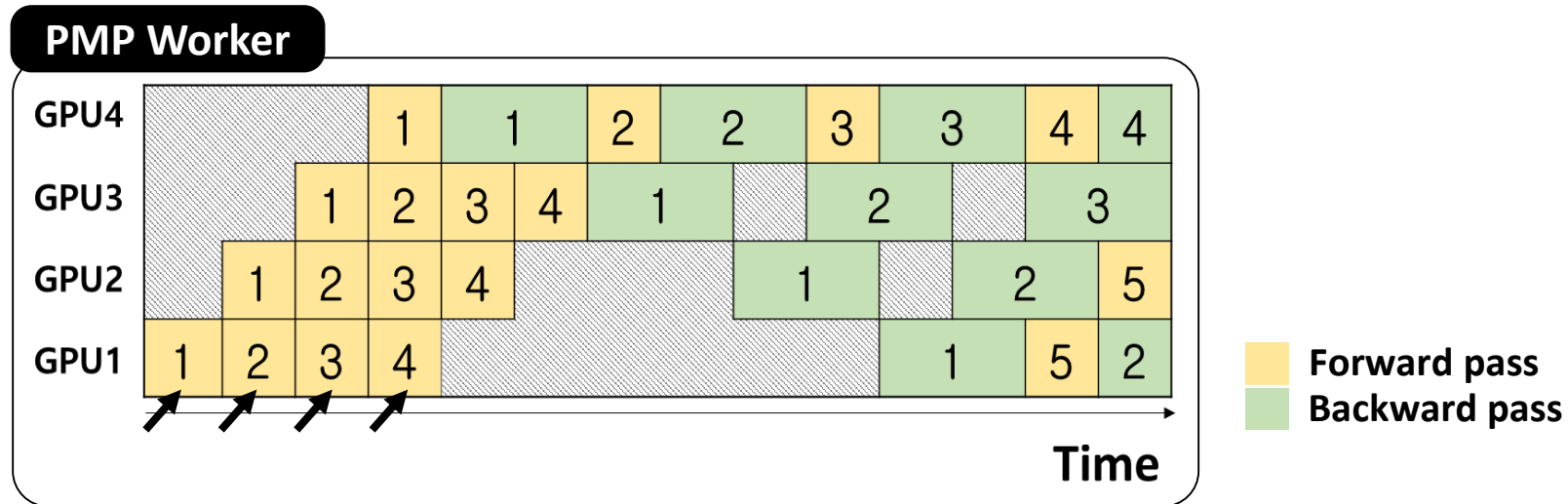


# Parallelizing DNN Training

## ■ Attempts to improve MP utilization

- Pipelined model parallelism (PMP)

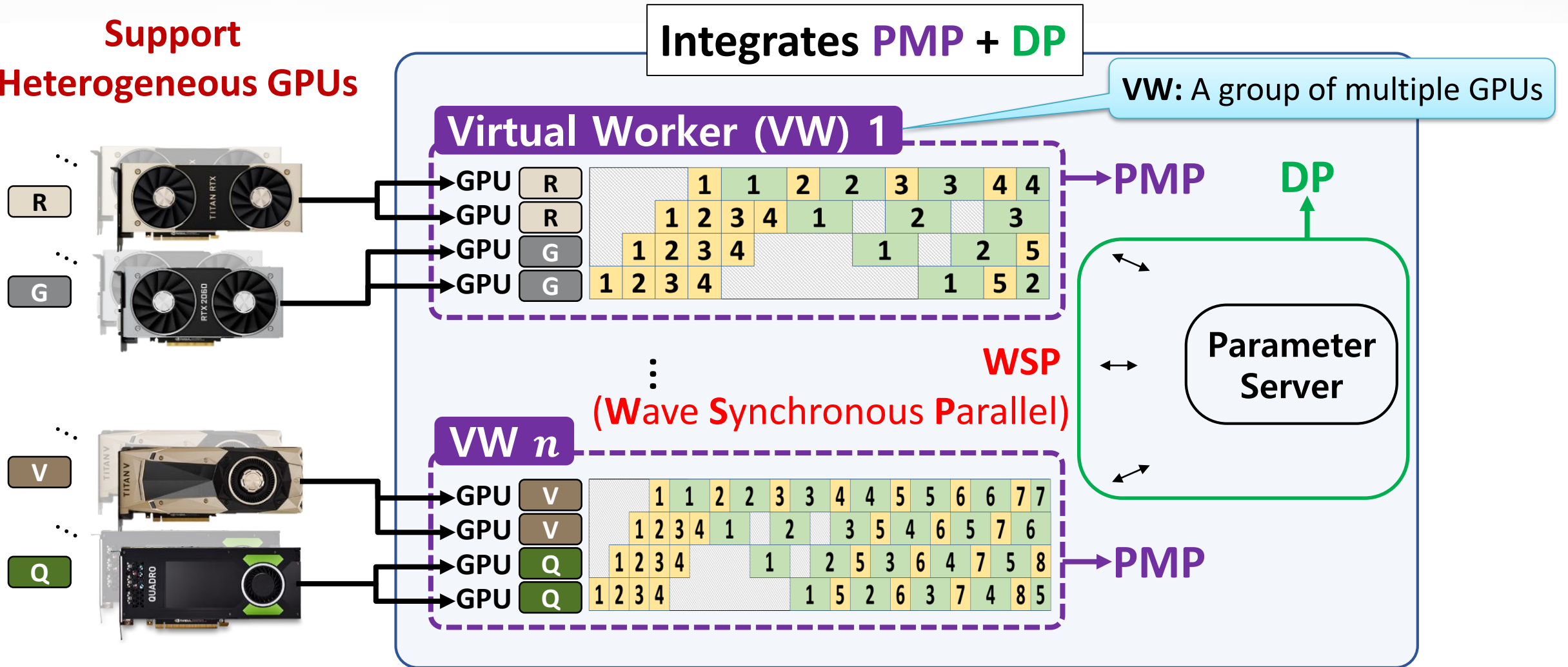
- PipeDream [SOSP'19]
- GPipe [NIPS'19]



- Designed for homogeneous GPUs
- Designed for a single PMP worker

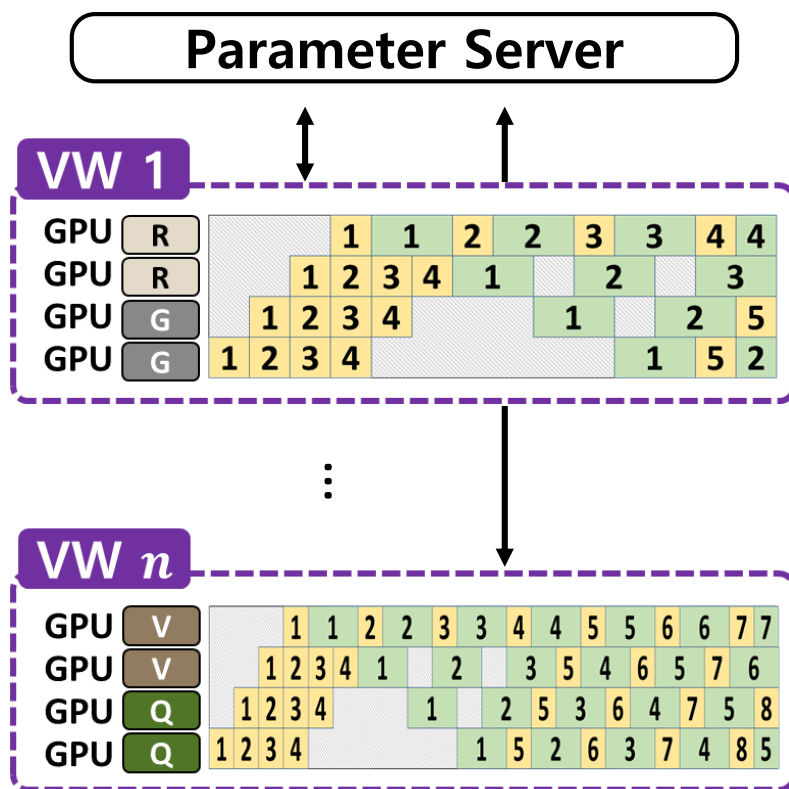
# HetPipe in a Nutshell

Support  
Heterogeneous GPUs





# Challenges in integration PMP+DP in Heterogeneous GPUs



- What weight version should be used by each VW to synchronize with other VWs?

- How do we reduce virtual worker stragglers when we consider DP?

⋮

**Many more in the paper**

# HetPipe Contributions

## Enable Large DNN Training on Heterogeneous GPUs

Aggregate heterogeneous resources  
Reduce the straggler problem

## Integrates PMP + DP

Novel parameter synchronization model  
WSP (Wave Synchronous Parallel)

## Proof of WSP Convergence

# HetPipe Workflow

## Cluster Configuration

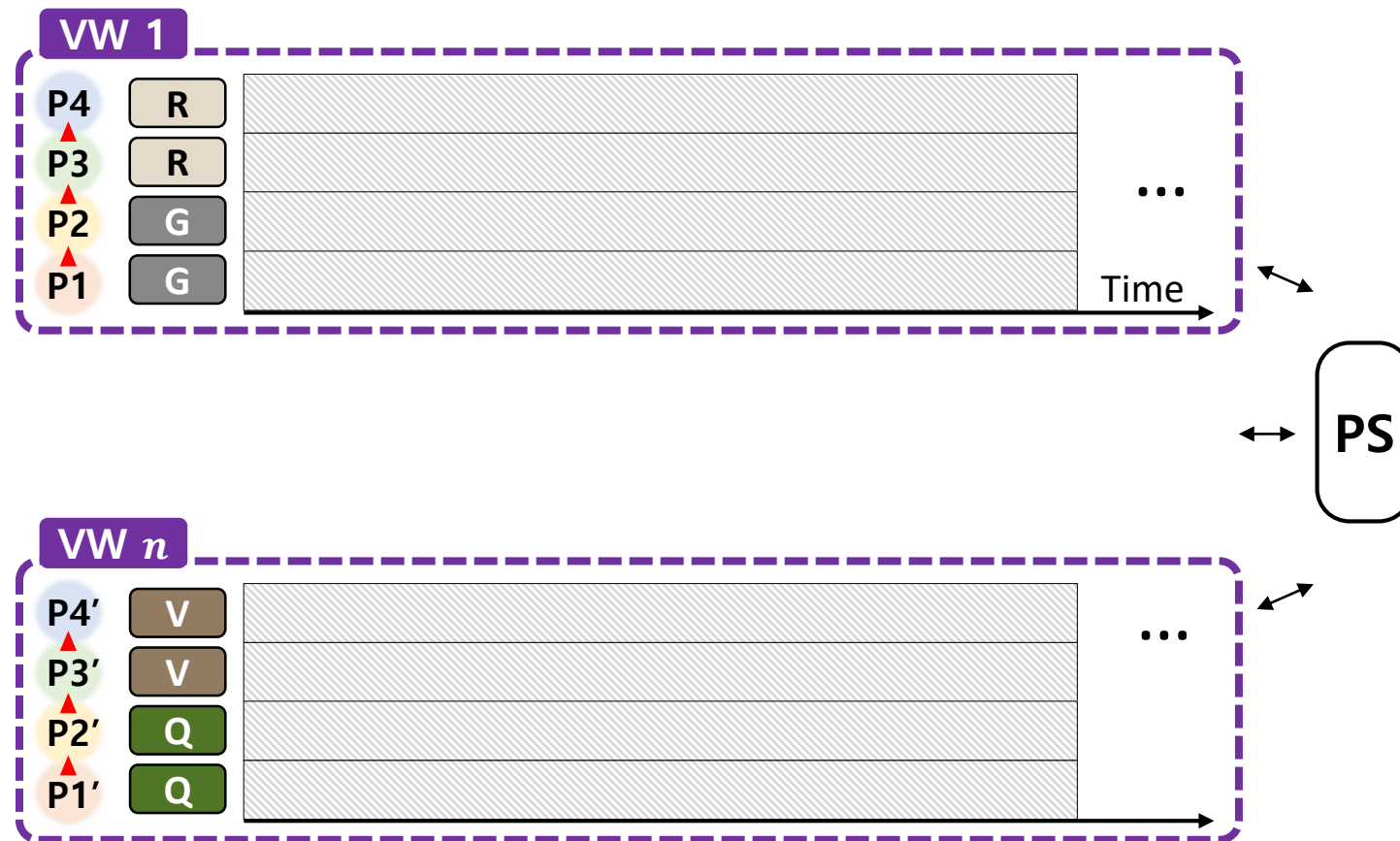
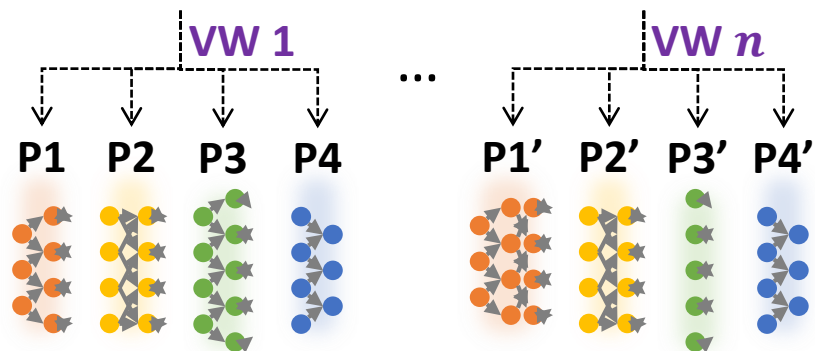
### Resource Allocator

Assign  $k$  GPUs to each virtual worker

## DNN Model

### Model Partitioner

Divide model into  $k$  partitions



# HetPipe Workflow

## Cluster Configuration

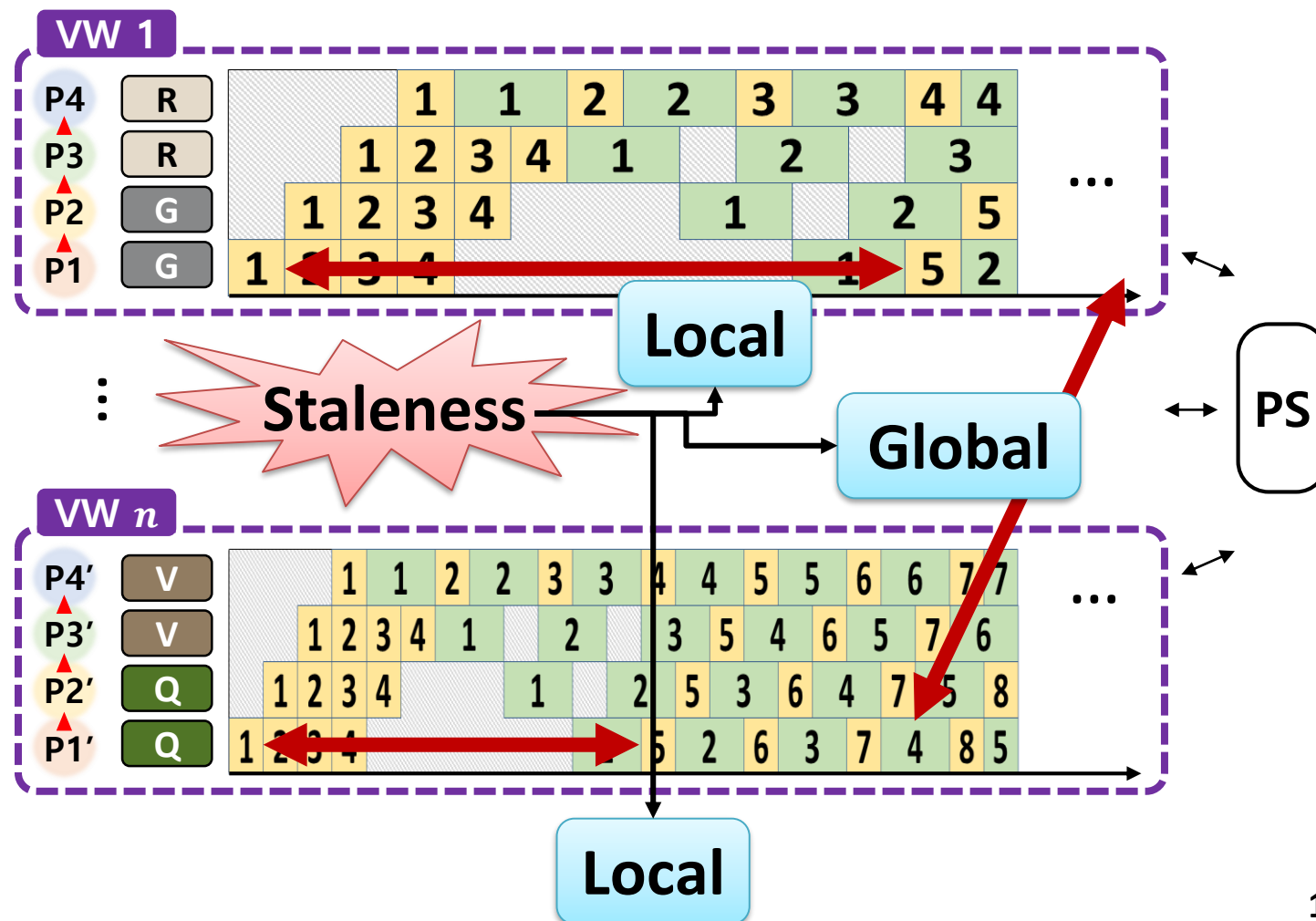
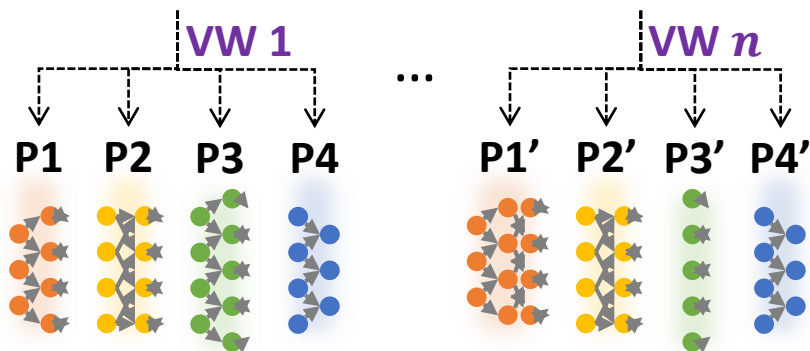
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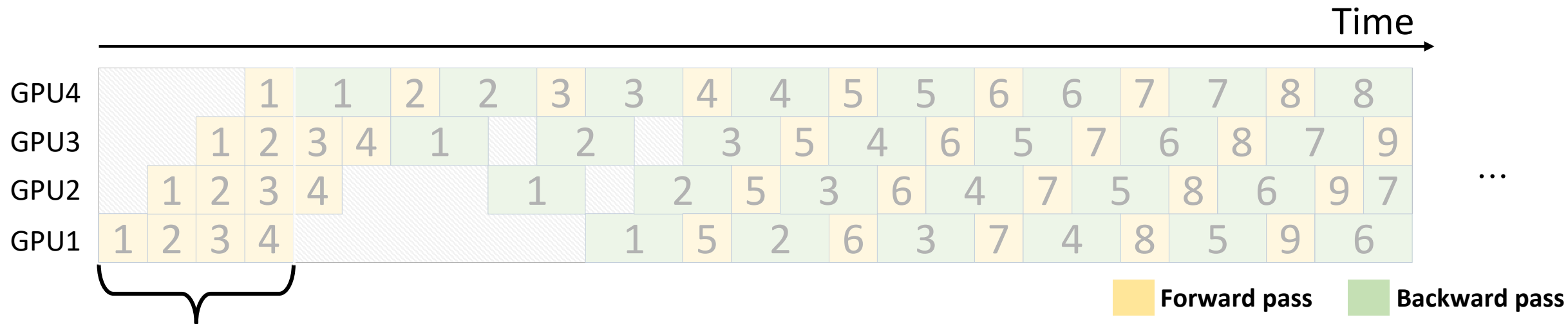


# Outline

- Motivation & Background
- HetPipe in a Nutshell
- **Our System: HetPipe**
  - **Pipelined Model Parallelism Within a VW**
  - Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs
- Evaluation
- Conclusion

# Pipelined Model Parallelism Within a VW

## Execution of a virtual worker



$N_m$  minibatches processed concurrently in pipeline manner

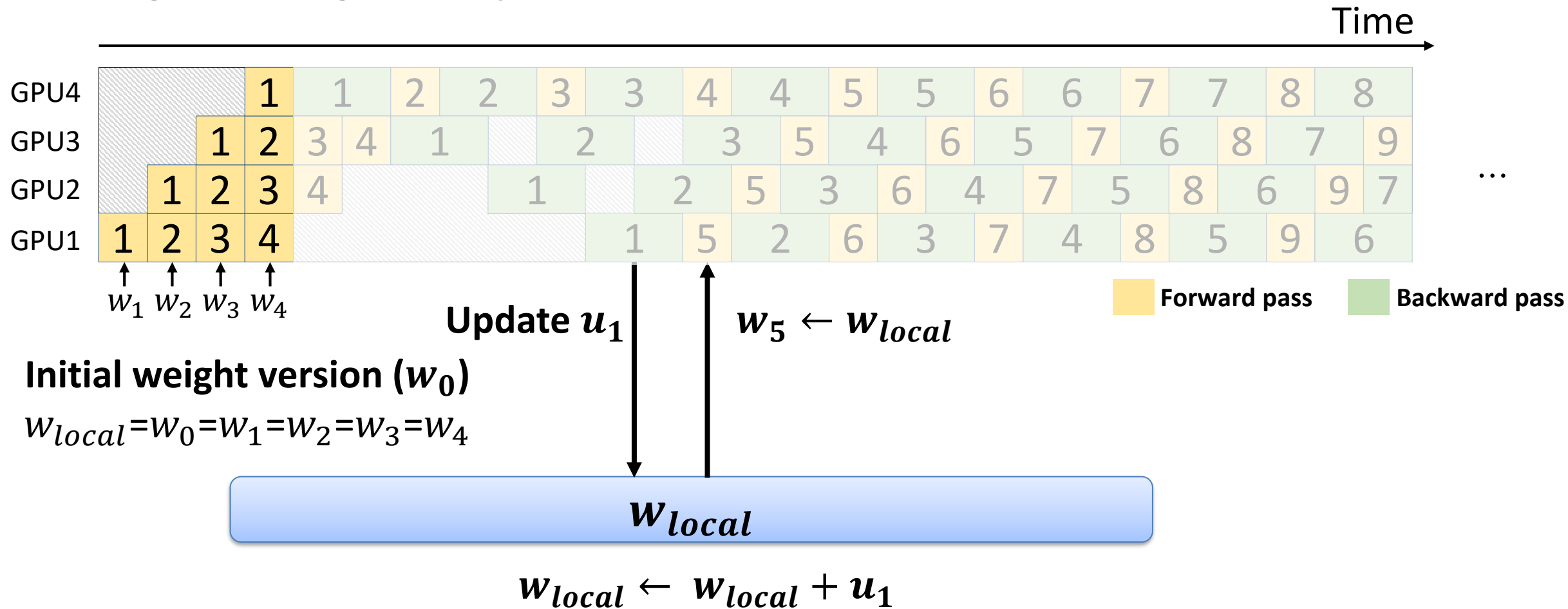
$W_{local}$

$W_{local}$  is a consistent version of weights within a VW



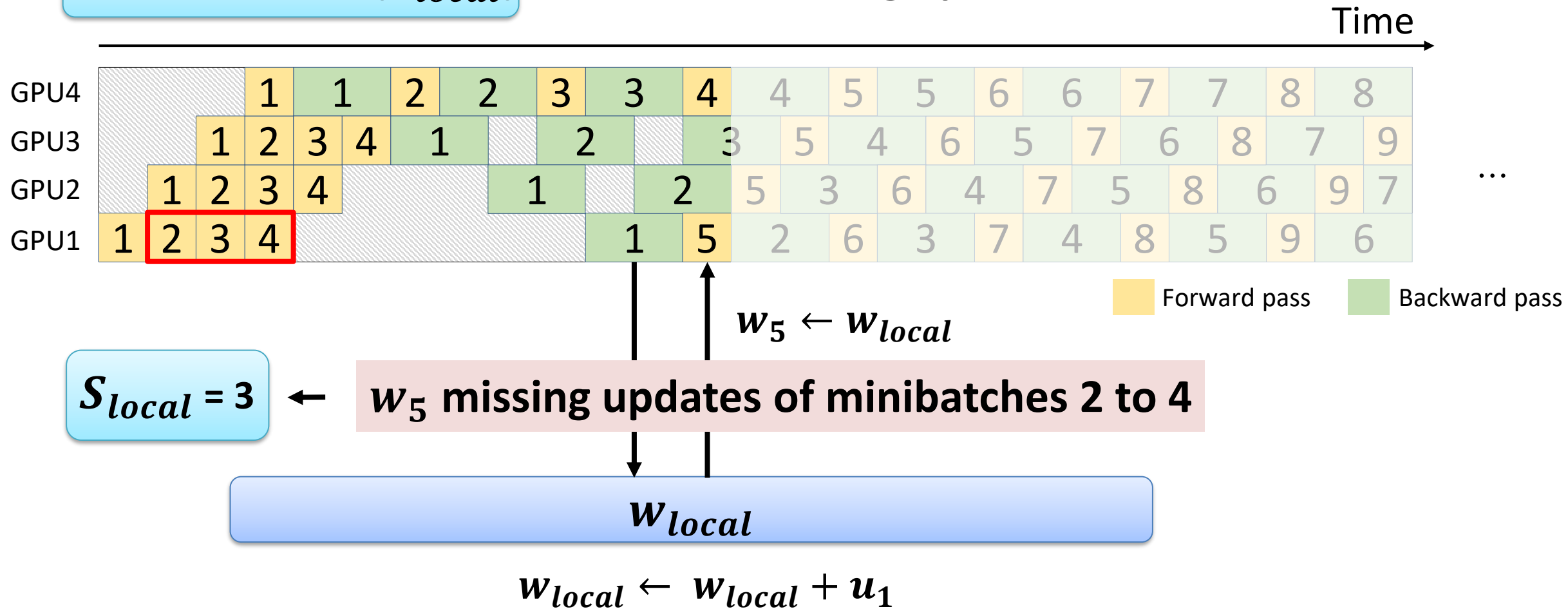
# Pipelined Model Parallelism Within a VW

## Weight management procedure



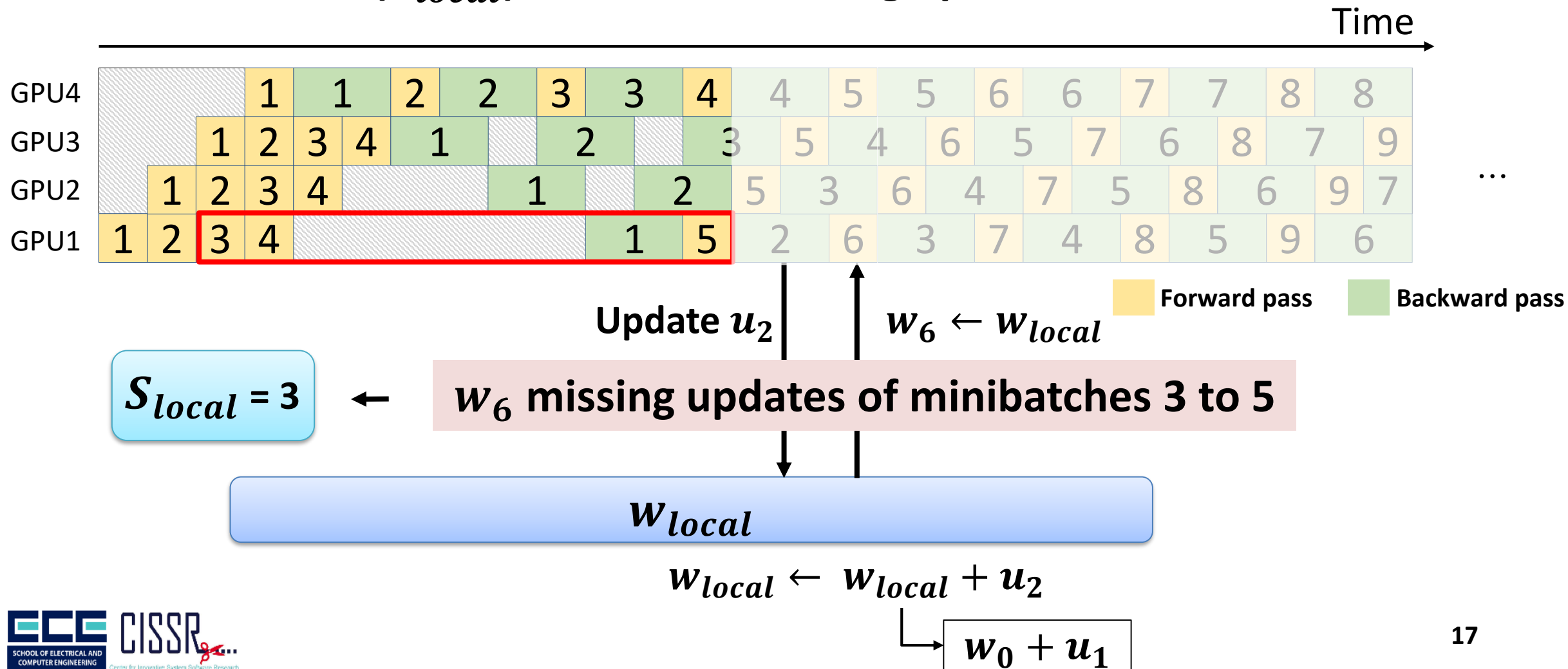
# Pipelined Model Parallelism Within a VW

- Local staleness ( $S_{local}$ ): maximum missing updates



# Pipelined Model Parallelism Within a VW

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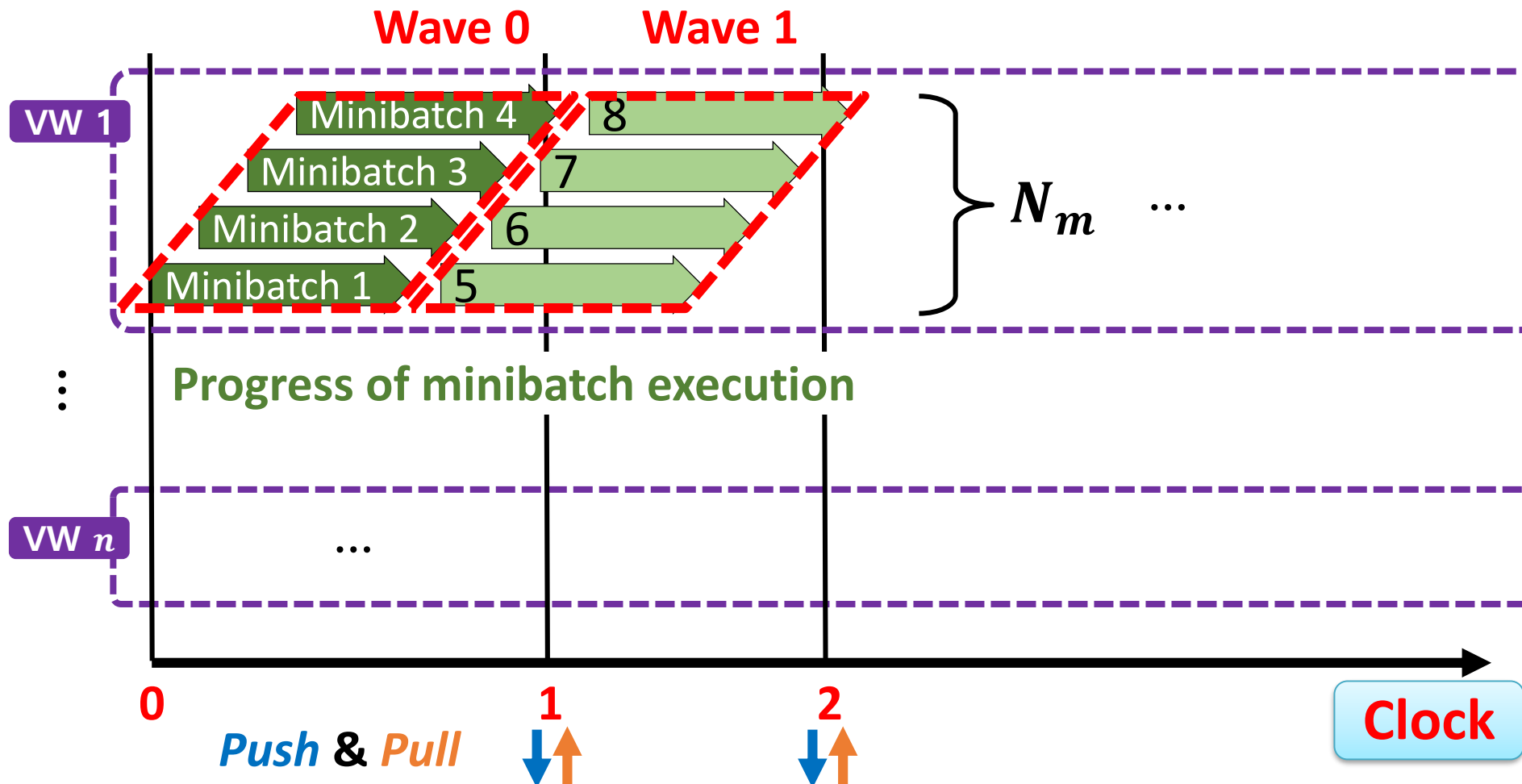


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# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

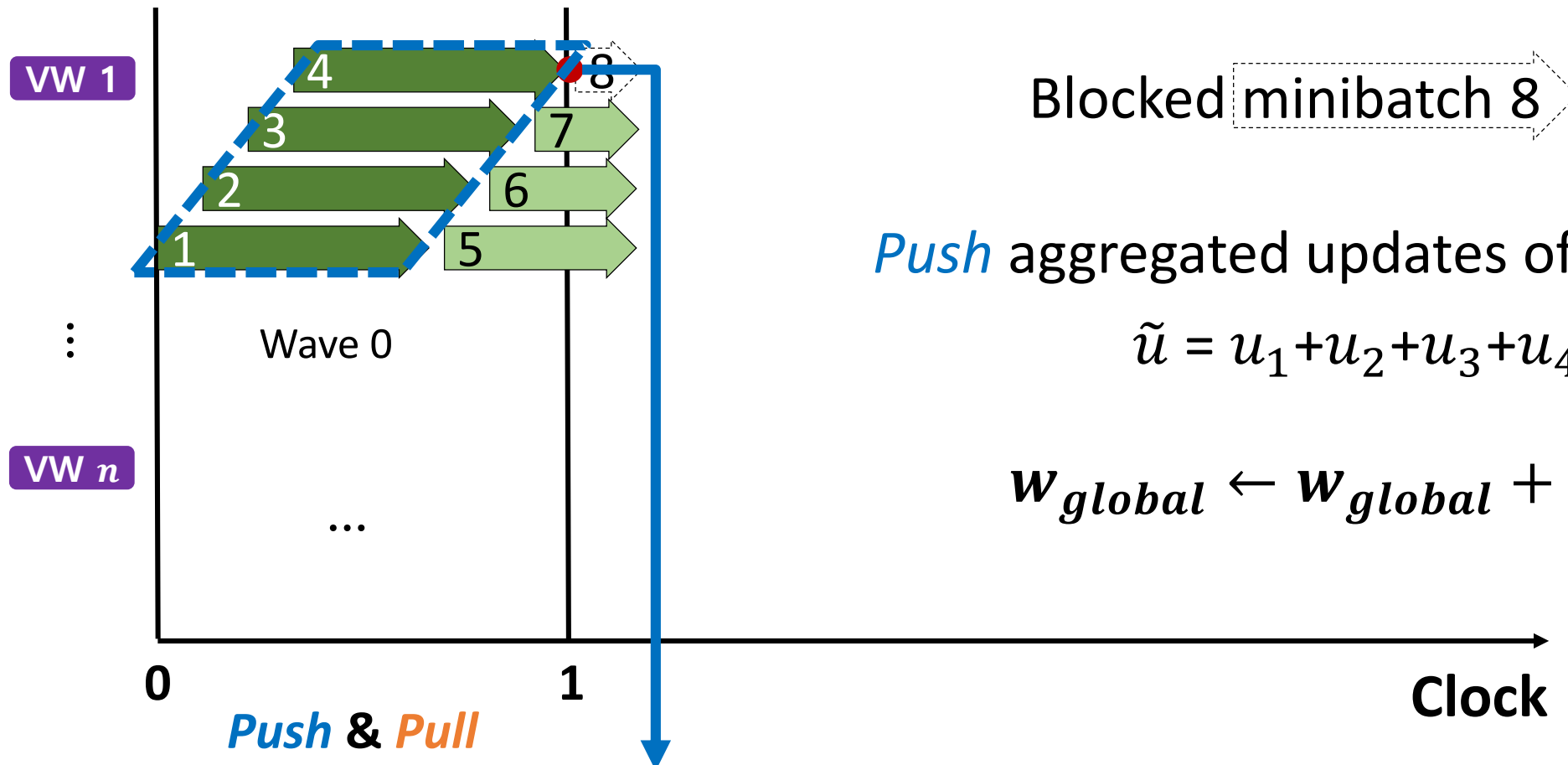
**Wave:** Sequence of concurrently executing  $N_m$  minibatches



Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

- *Push* occurs every clock



Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

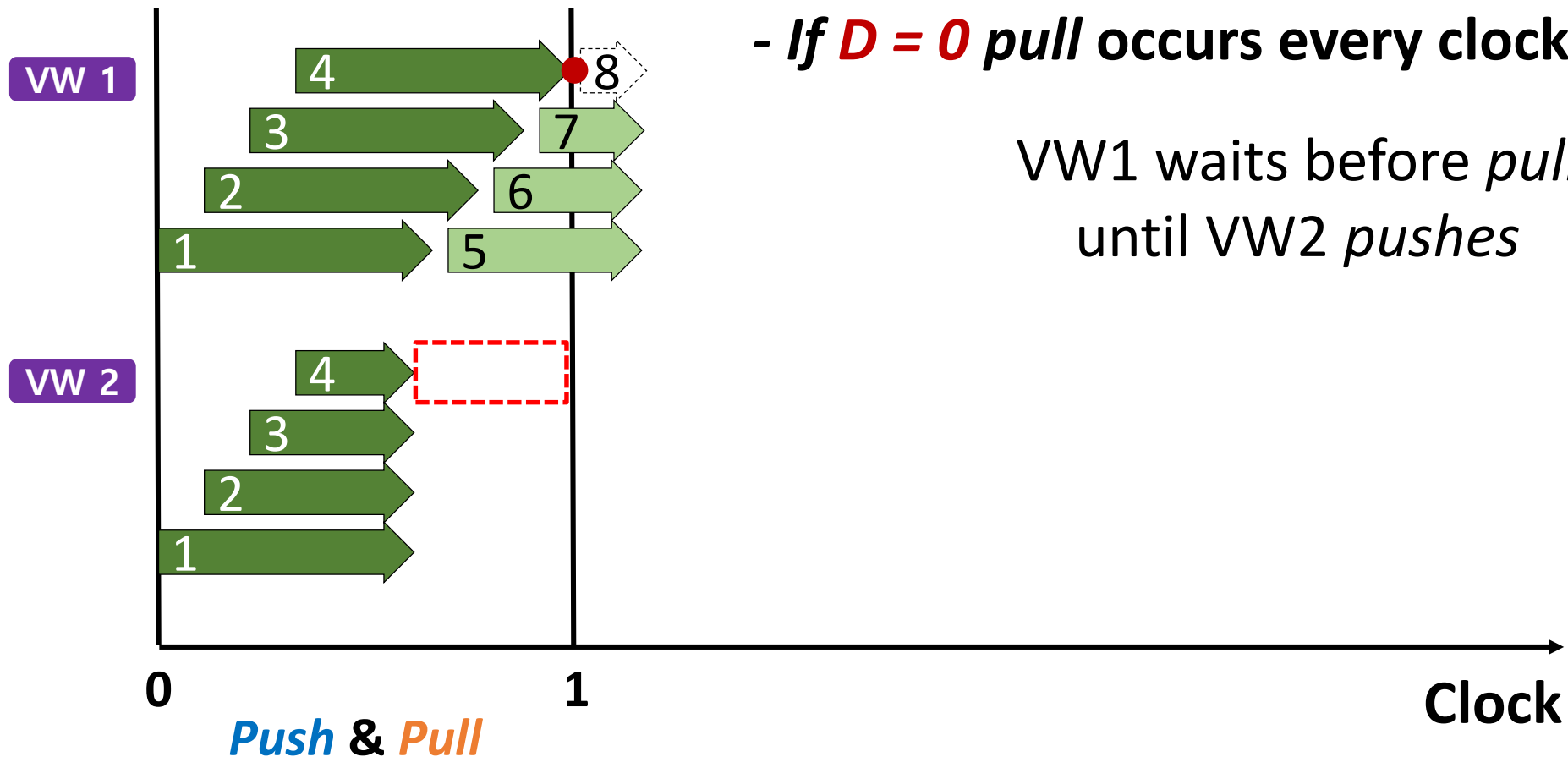


# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

- Pull** occurs intermittently - Depending on user defined *clock distance*  $D$

- If  $D = 0$  *pull* occurs every clock

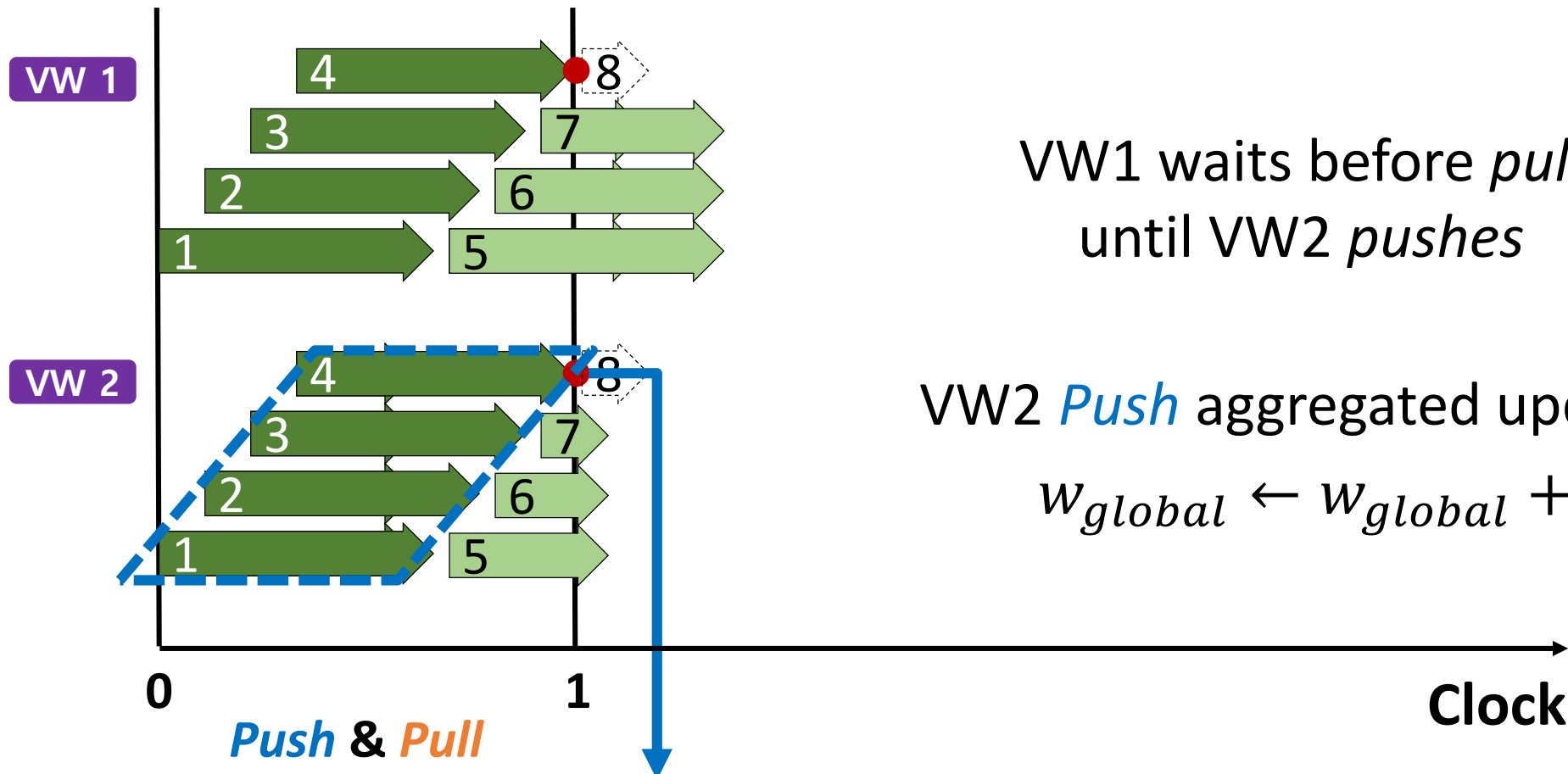
VW1 waits before *pull*  
until VW2 *pushes*



Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

- Pull** occurs intermittently - Depending on user defined *clock distance*  $D$



If  $D = 0$

VW1 waits before *pull*  
until VW2 *pushes*

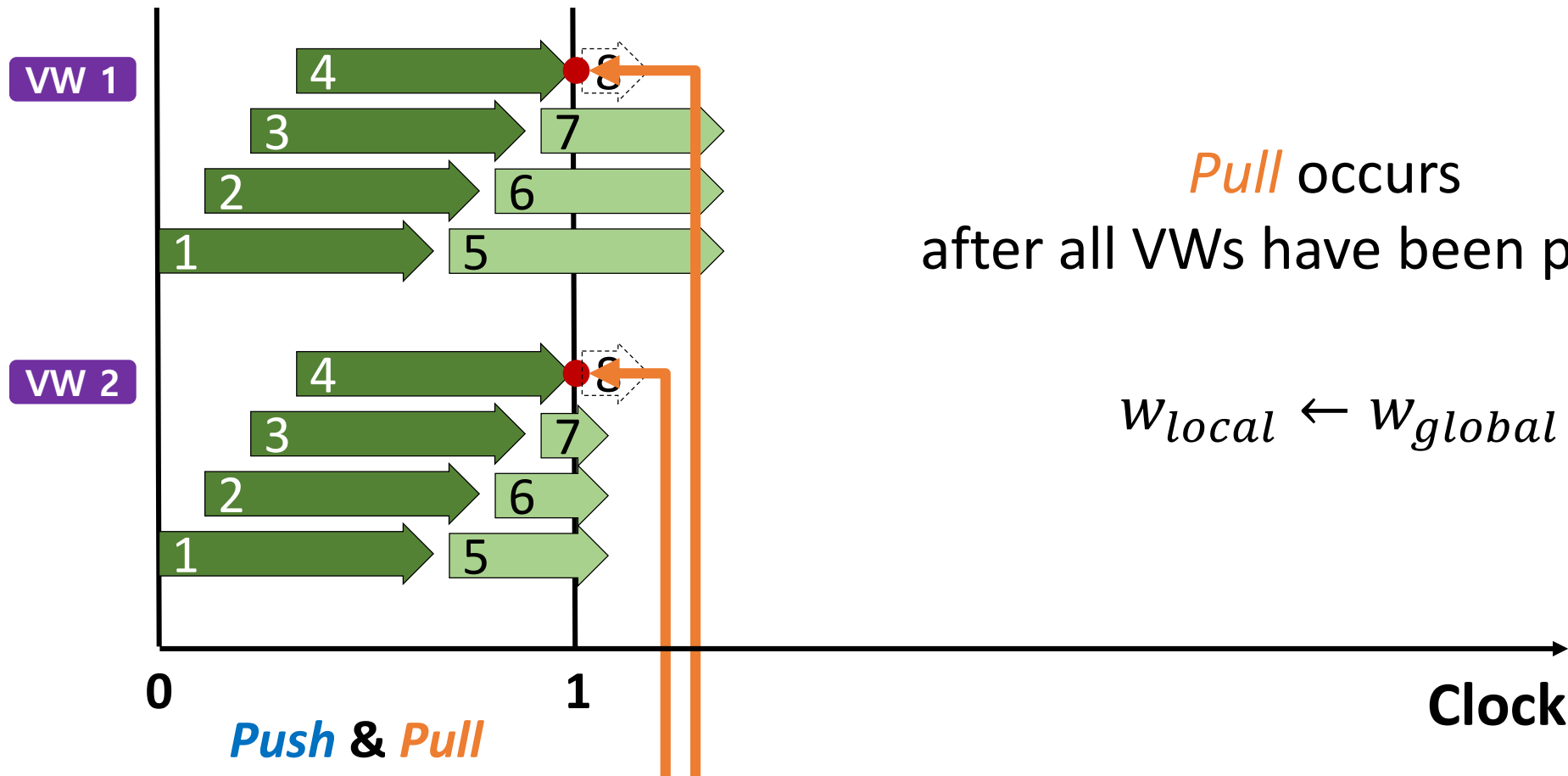
VW2 *Push* aggregated updates ( $\tilde{u}$ )

$$w_{global} \leftarrow w_{global} + \tilde{u}$$

Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

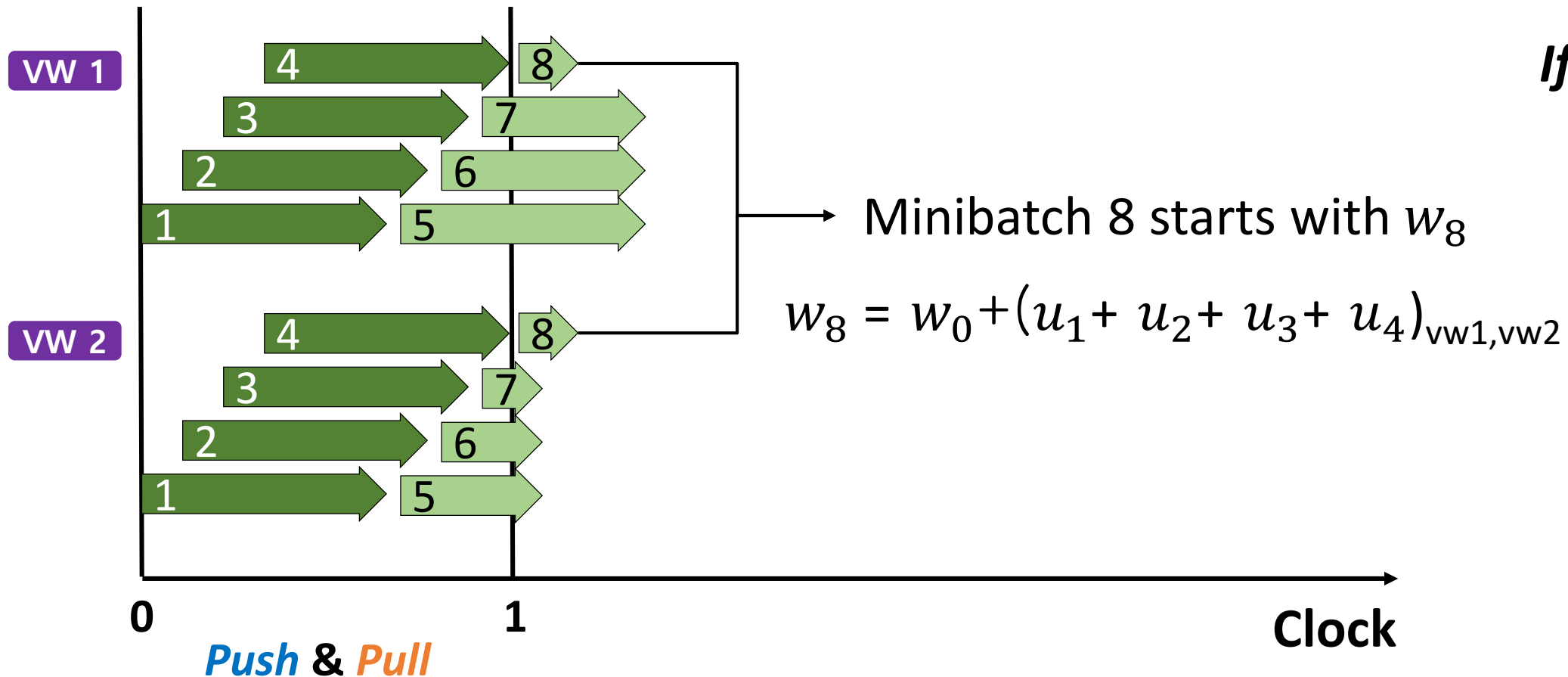
- Pull** occurs intermittently - Depending on user defined *clock distance*  $D$



Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

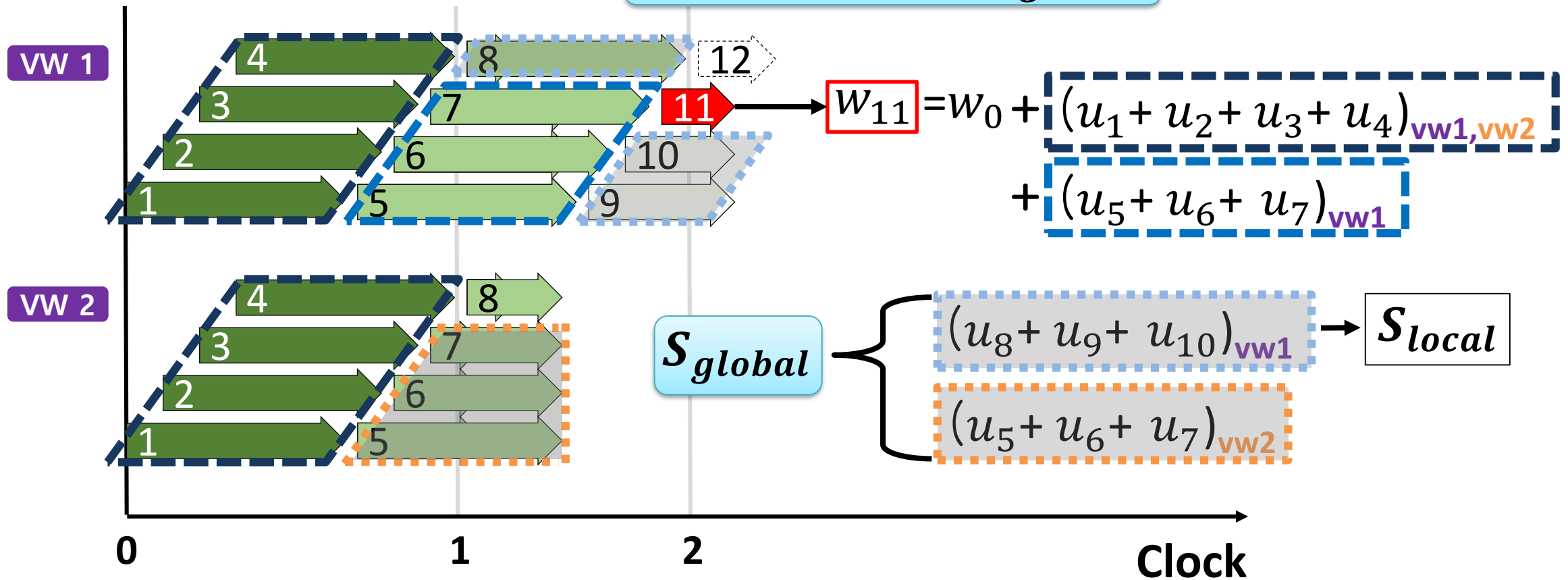
- Pull** occurs intermittently - Depending on user defined *clock distance*  $D$



Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

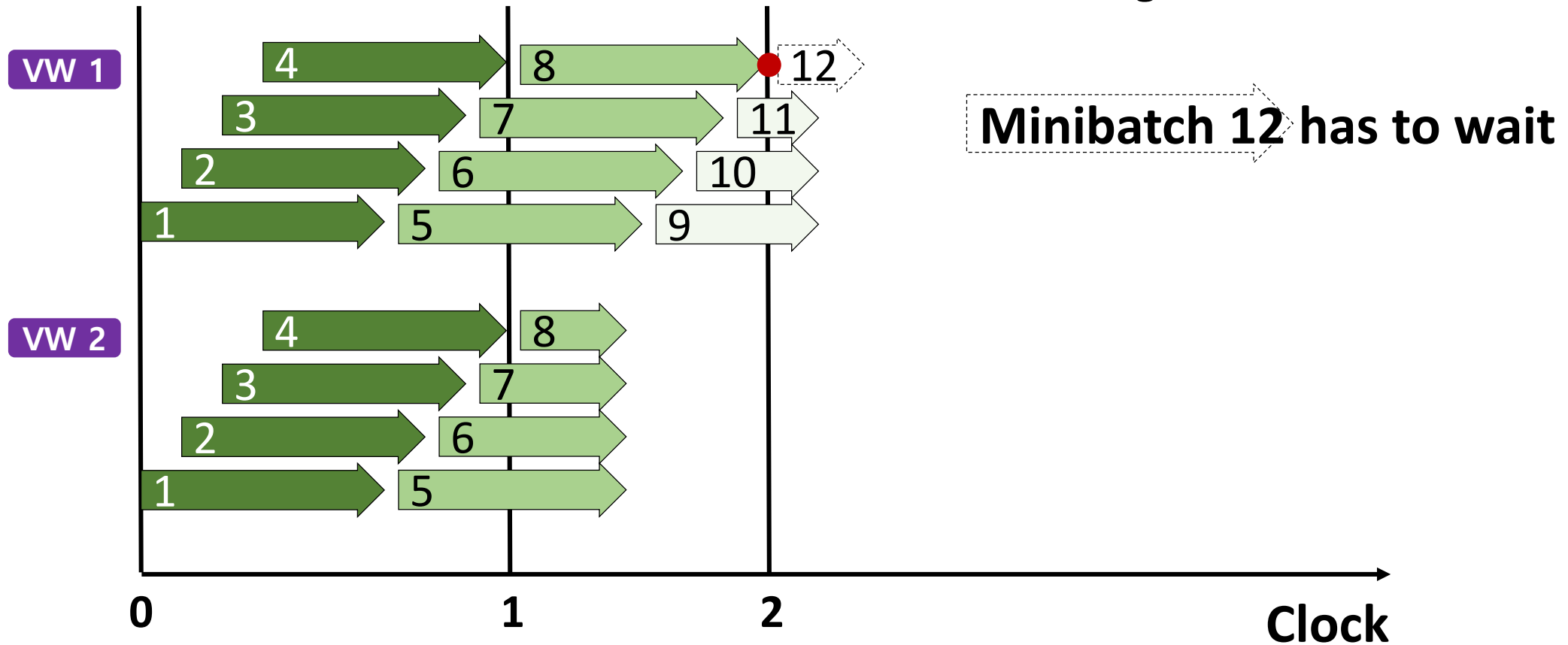
- Local staleness ( $S_{local}$ ) and global staleness ( $S_{global}$ ) with WSP



$$W_{global} = W_0 + \left[ (u_1 + u_2 + u_3 + u_4)_{vw1, vw2} \right]$$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

- Local staleness ( $S_{local}$ ) and global staleness ( $S_{global}$ ) with WSP

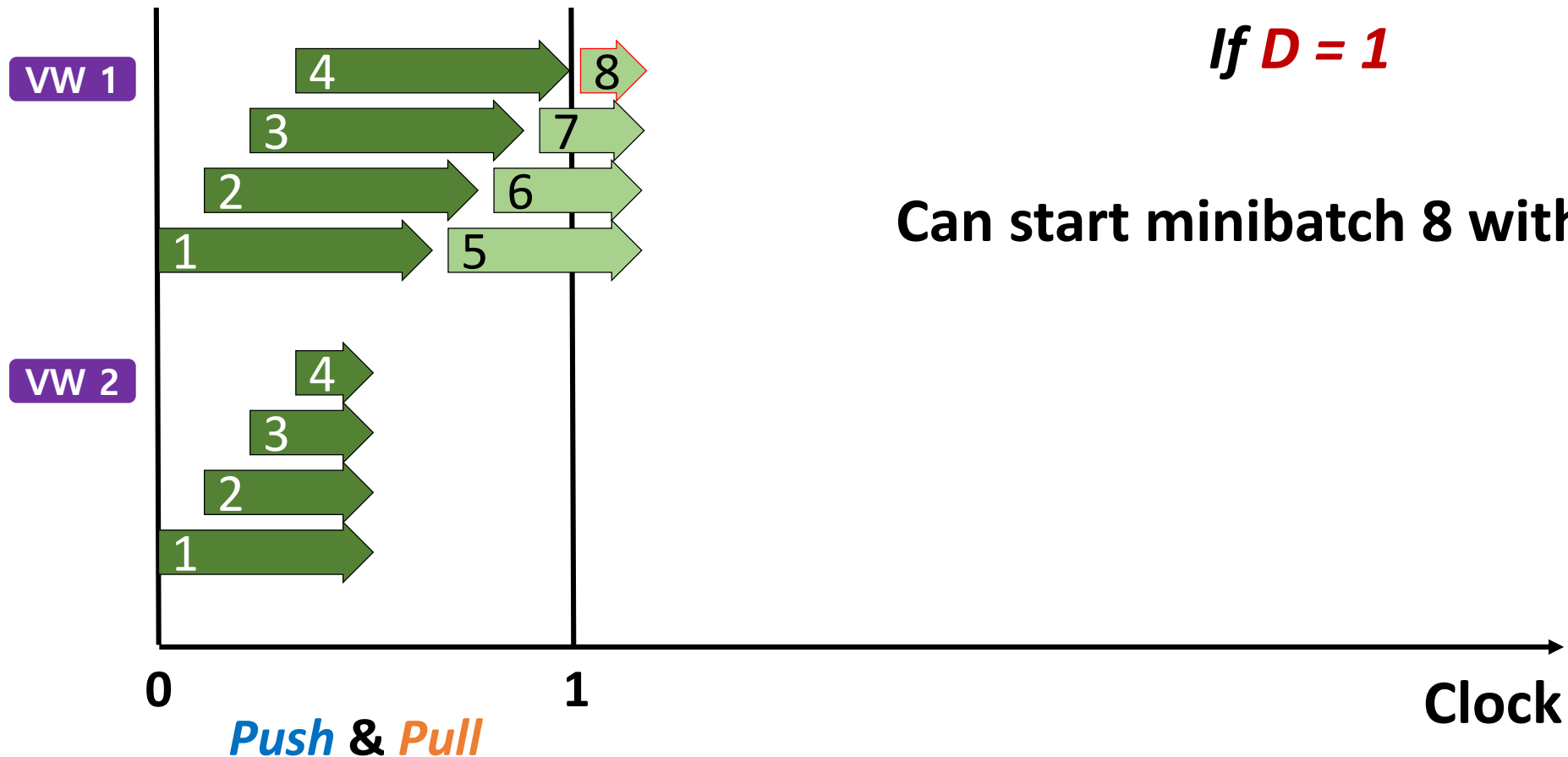


Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$



# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

- Example of clock distance threshold  $D$



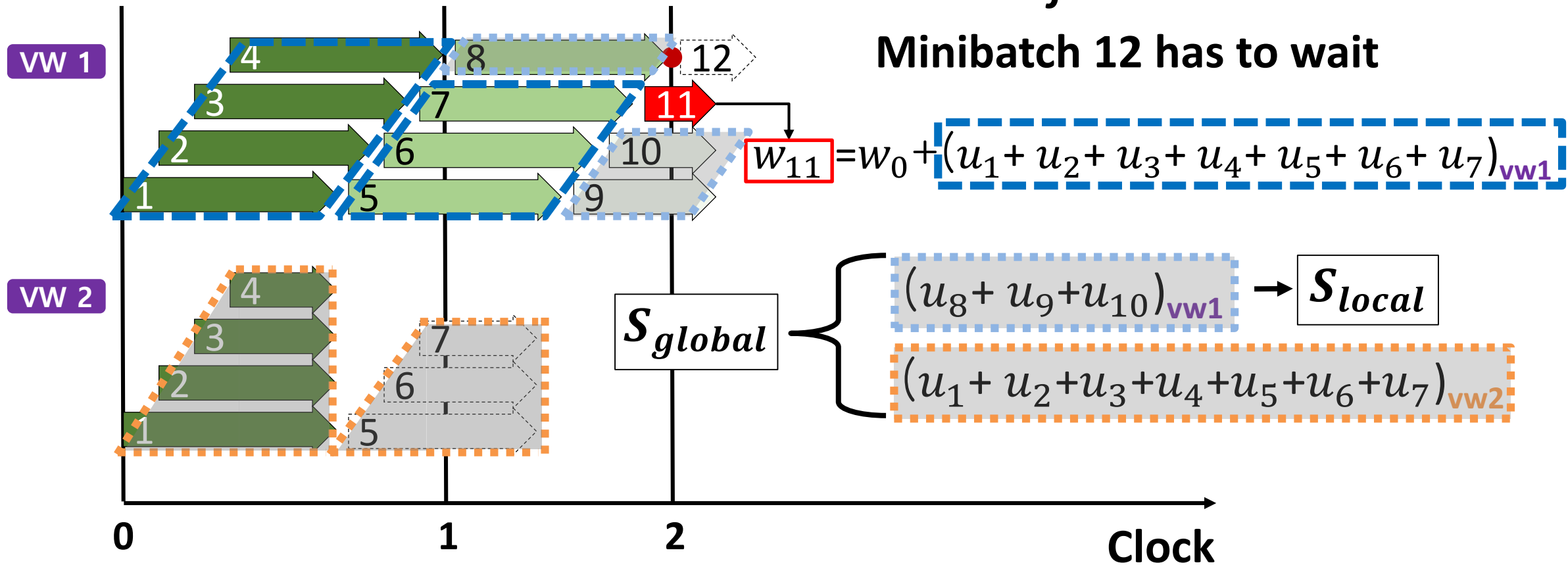
Parameter Server:  $w_{global}$

# Data Parallelism with Multiple VWs

## Example of clock distance threshold $D$

If  $D = 1$

Minibatch 12 has to wait



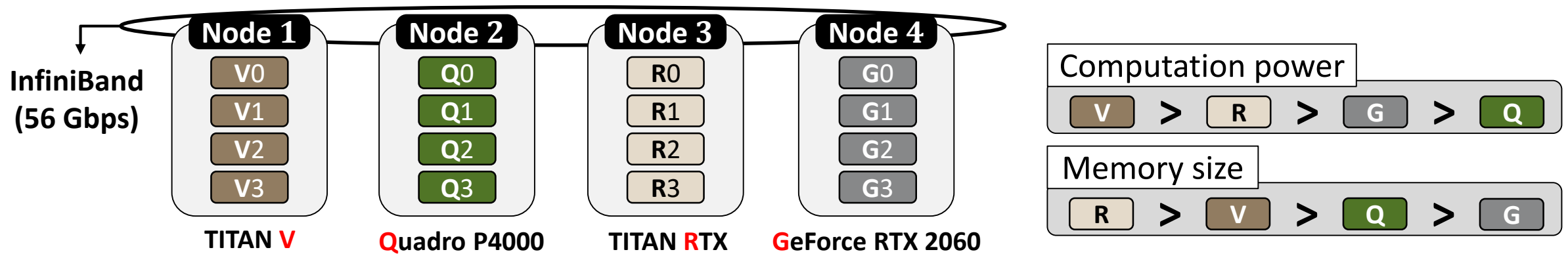
$$W_{global} = W_0$$

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- **Evaluation**
  - **Setup**
  - **Resource Allocation for Virtual Workers**
  - **Results**
- Conclusion

# Evaluation Setup

## Cluster setup - 4 heterogeneous GPU nodes

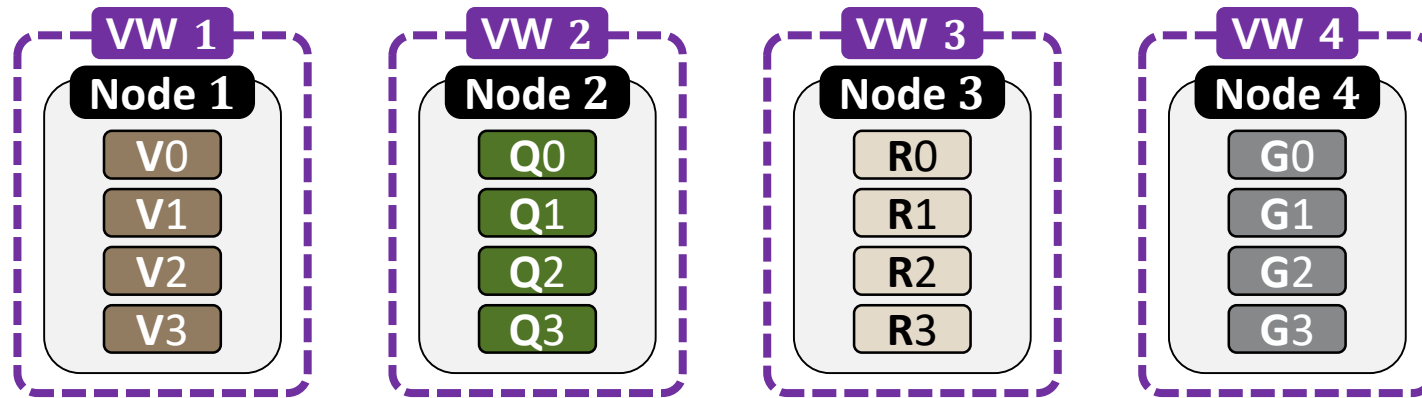


## Two DNN models

	ResNet-152	VGG-19
Dataset, minibatch size	ImageNet, 32	
Model parameter size	230 MB	548 MB
Characteristic	Large activation output	Large parameter size

# Resource Allocation for Virtual Workers: NP, ED, HD

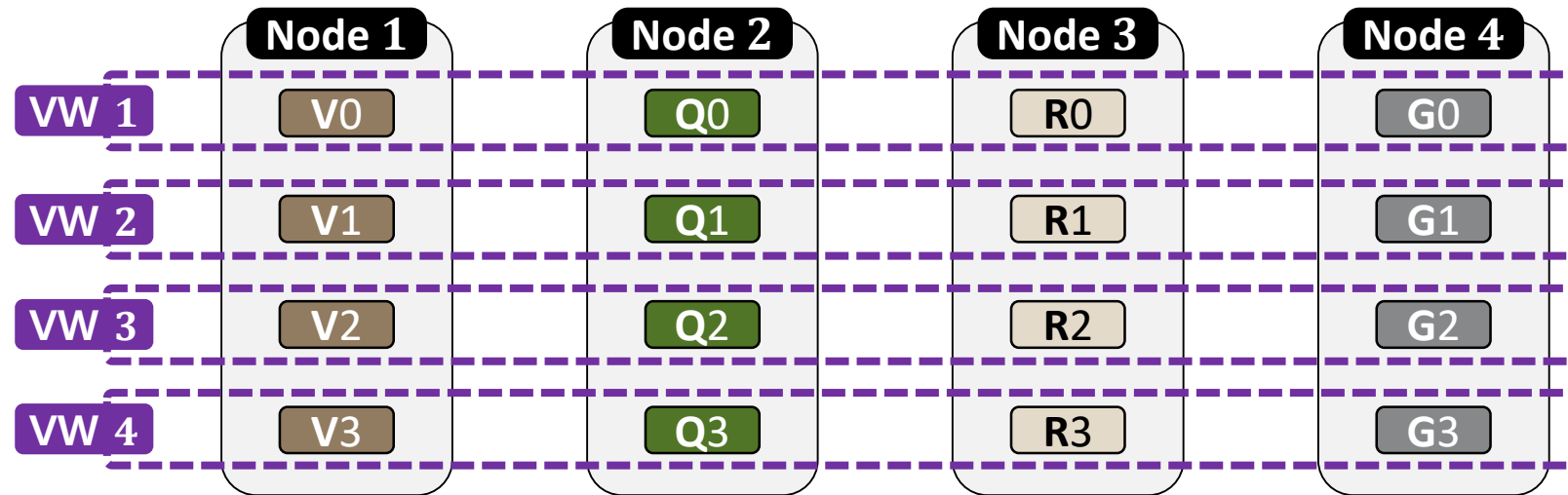
## ■ NP (Node Partition)



- Minimum communication overhead within VW
- Performance of each virtual worker varies
- Straggler may degrade performance with DP

# Resource Allocation for Virtual Workers: NP, ED, HD

## ■ ED (Equal Distribution)

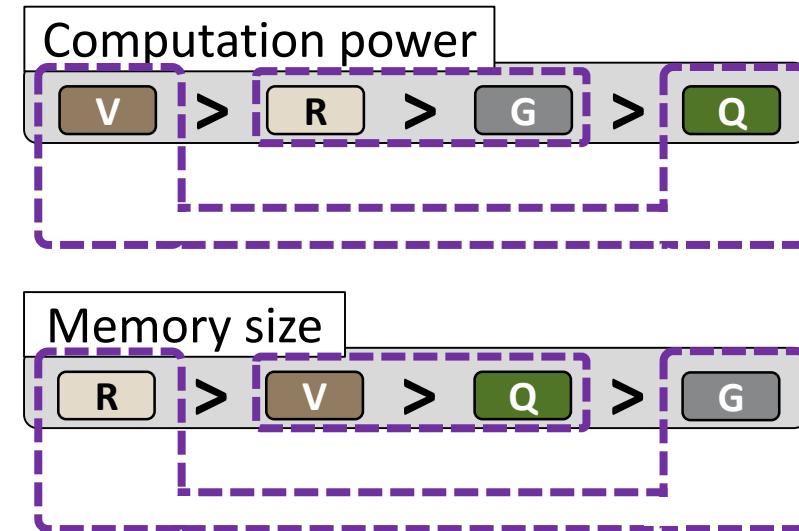
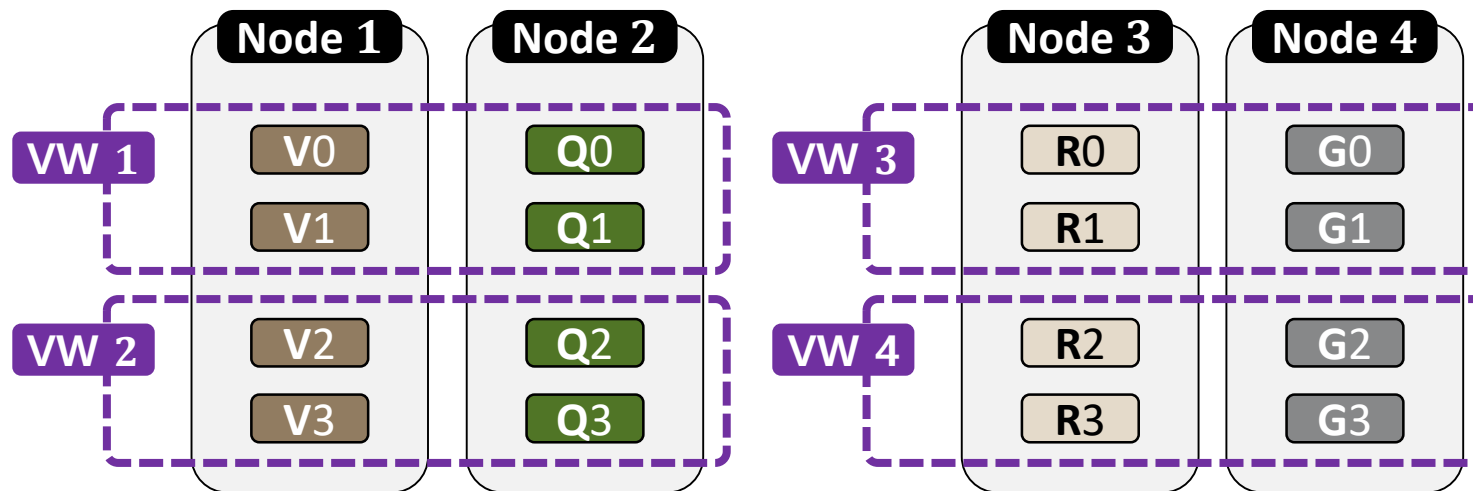


- Performance will be the same across the VWs
- Mitigates the straggler problem
- High communication overhead within each VW



# Resource Allocation for Virtual Workers: NP, ED, HD

## ■ HD (Hybrid Distribution)



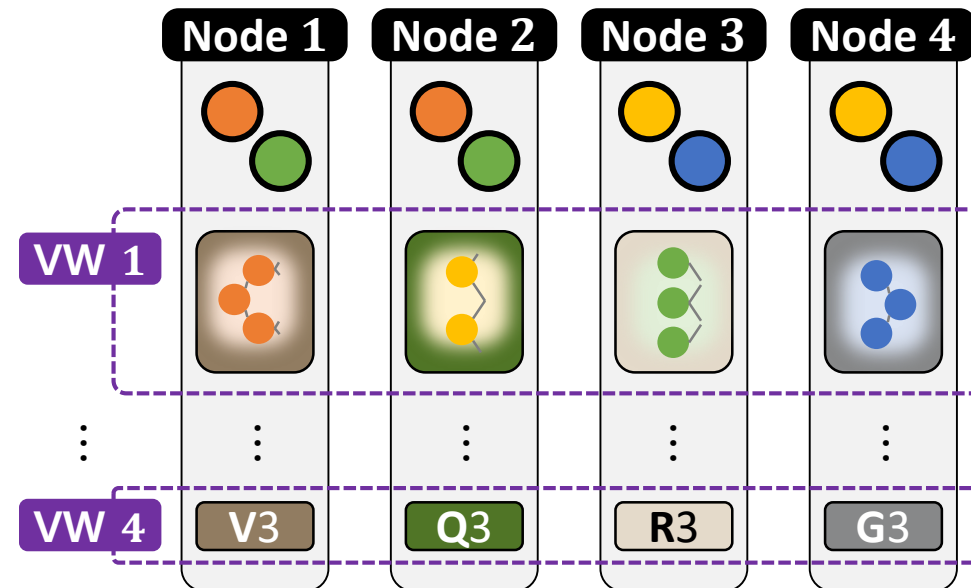
- Mitigates the straggler problem
- Reduces communication overhead within each VW

# Parameter Placement

- Round-robin policy (default)
  - Can be used in all three policies: **NP**, **ED**, and **HD**

Parameters of each layer: 

Example: ED

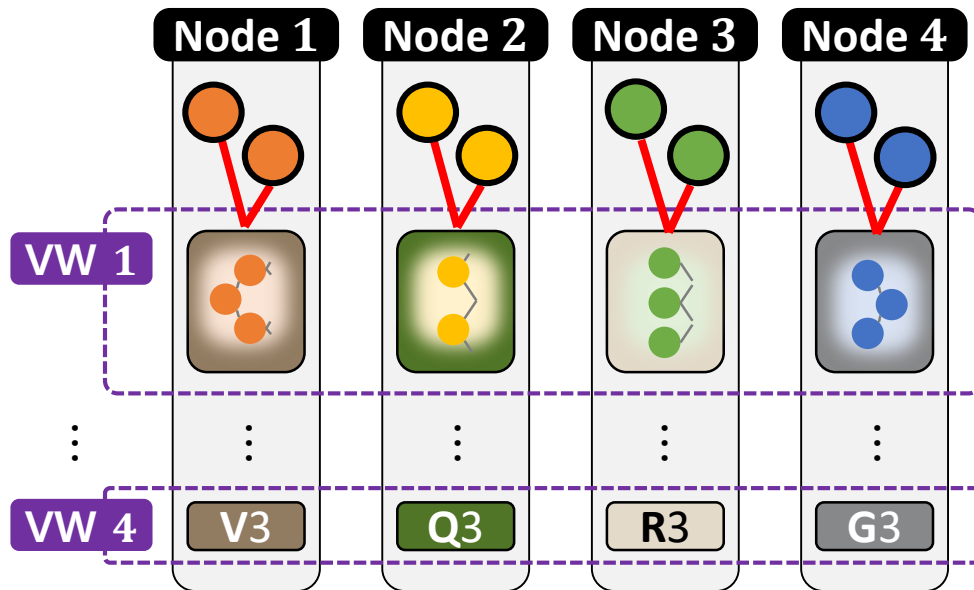


# Parameter Placement

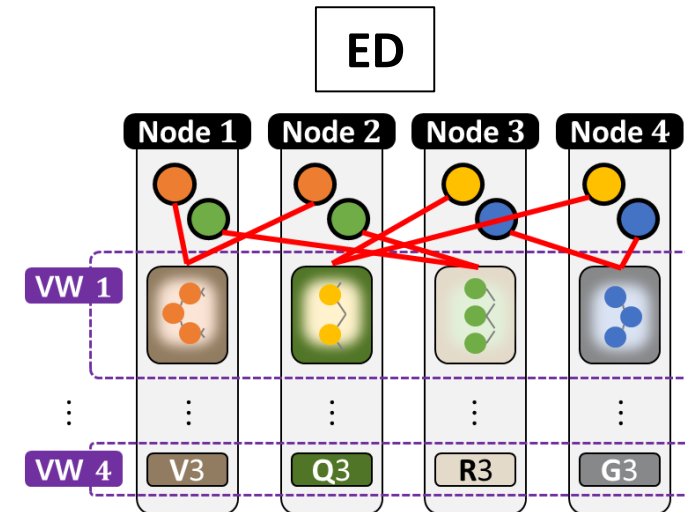
- Local placement policy

- ED-local

Parameters of each layer: 



- Significantly reduces communication overhead

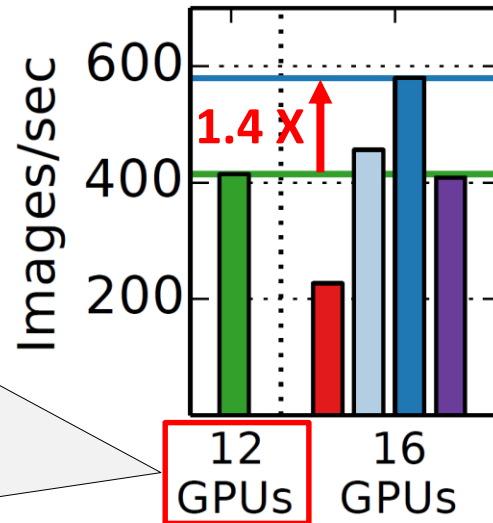
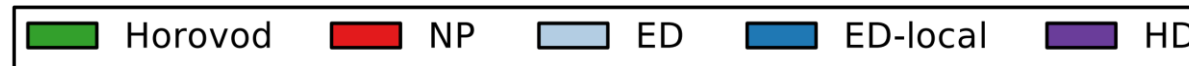


- Parameter communication occurs

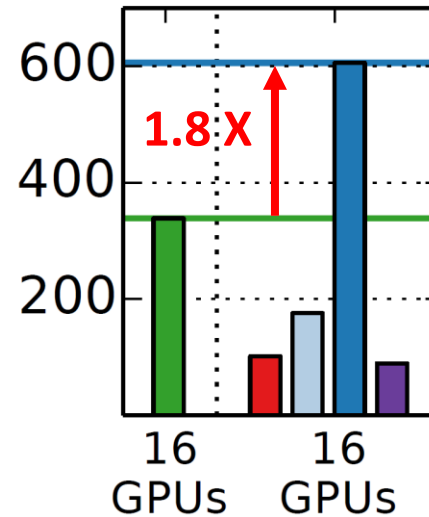
# Compare Throughput with Horovod

## ■ Baseline Horovod

- State-of-the-art DP using AllReduce



ResNet-152

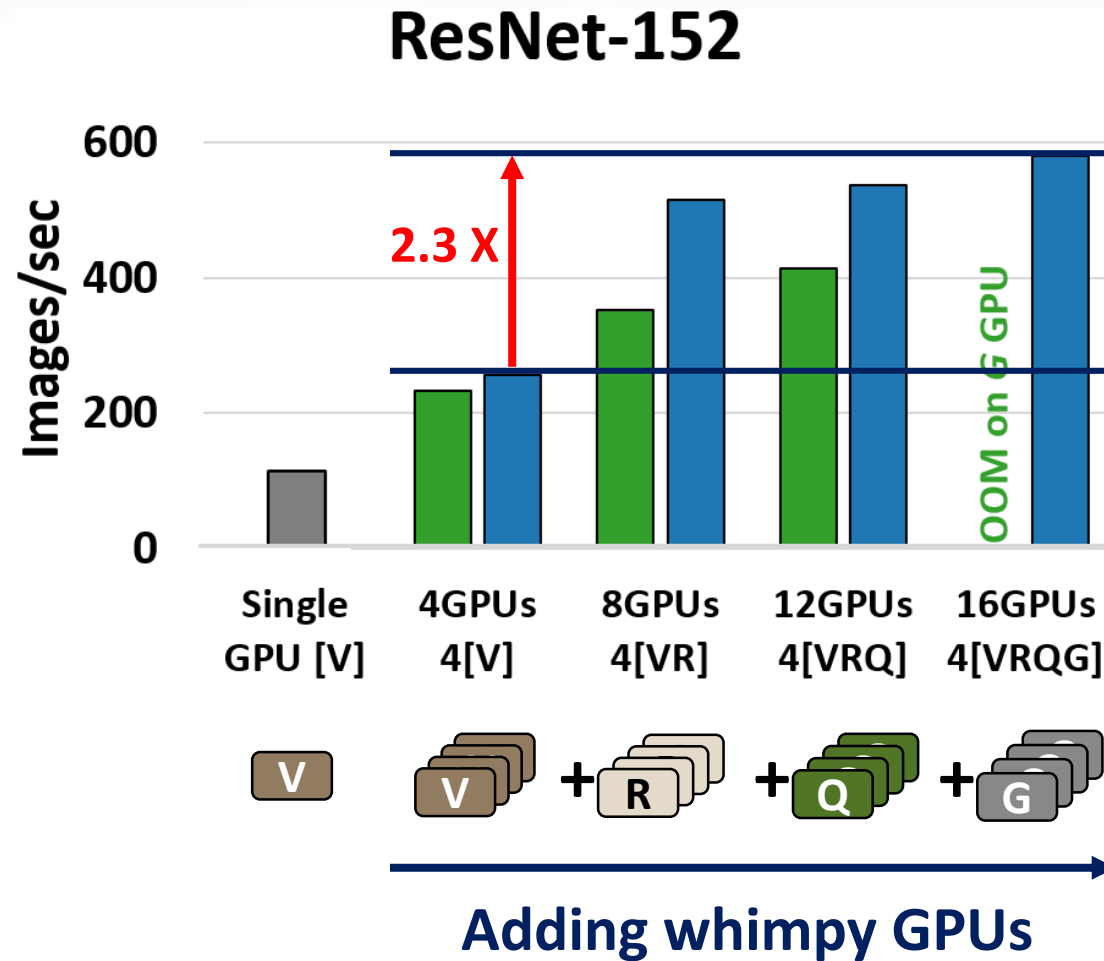


VGG-19

- ED: reduces the straggler problem
- ED-local: significantly reduces communication overhead

- For ResNet-152, the whole model is too large to be loaded into a single **G** type GPU (batch size = 32)

# Performance Improvement of Adding Whimpy GPUs



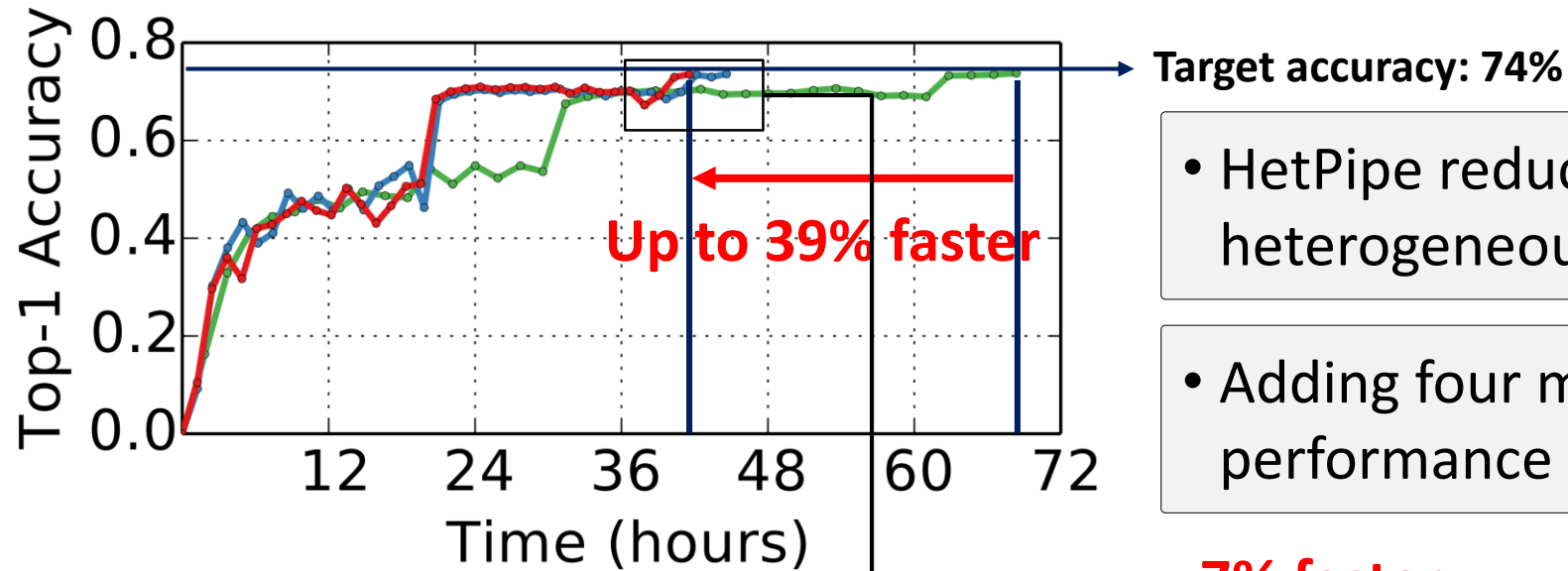
■ Single GPU   ■ Horovod   ■ HetPipe

- With additional GPUs, HetPipe achieves up to 2.3X speed up

- Additional whimpy systems allow for faster training

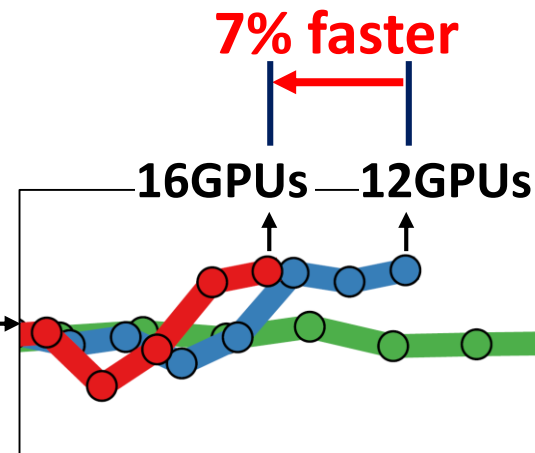
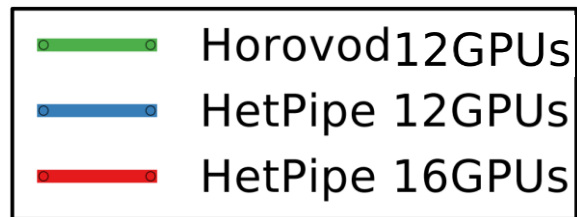
# Convergence Results

## ■ ResNet-152



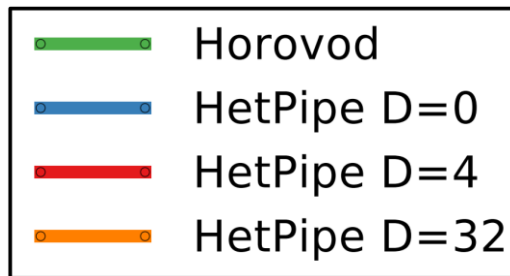
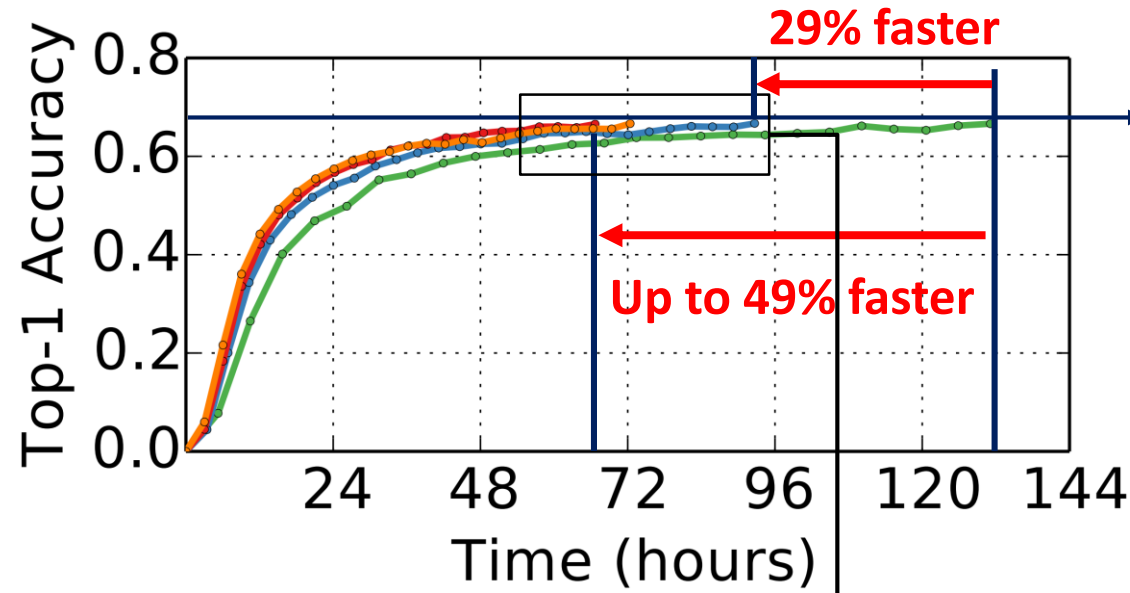
- HetPipe reduces straggler problem in heterogeneous environment

- Adding four more whimpy  $G$  GPUs, performance improves even more



# Convergence Results

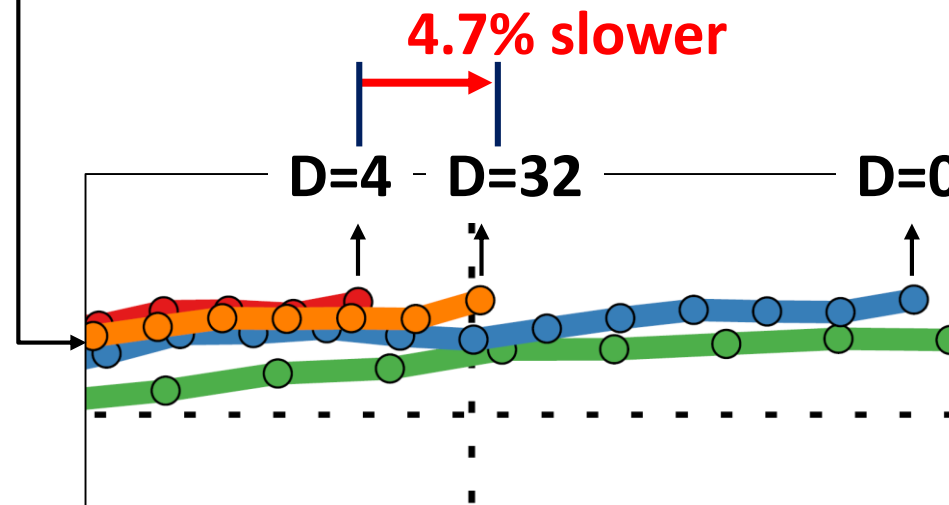
## ■ VGG-19



Target accuracy: 67%

- HetPipe (D=0) is 29% faster than Horovod

- Higher global staleness (i.e., 32) can degrade convergence performance





## Not Presented But Discussed in Paper

- **Provide convergence proof of WSP**
- **Partitioning algorithm**
- **Performance of a single virtual worker**
- **Comparison to PipeDream**

## Conclusion

- HetPipe makes it possible to efficiently **train large DNN models with heterogeneous GPUs**
- **Integrate pipelined model parallelism with data parallelism**
- Propose a novel parameter synchronization model: **WSP**
- DNN models converge up to **49% faster with HetPipe**

# Thank you!

