Replication Prohibited

Attacking Restricted Keyways with 3D Printing

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Introduction

- Modern locks rely on intricately shaped keys and keyways to defend against known attacks
- Do 3D printed keys undermine this security?

Contributions

- Performed in depth study of the durability of 3D printed keys along with an analysis of their potential for use in attacks
- Developed an automated tool to generate the CAD models of these keys

Background

- Basic Pin Tumbler Locks
- Master Keying
- Attacks
- Levels of Key Systems
- 3D Printing Keys
- Countermeasures
- Summary

Lock Front View



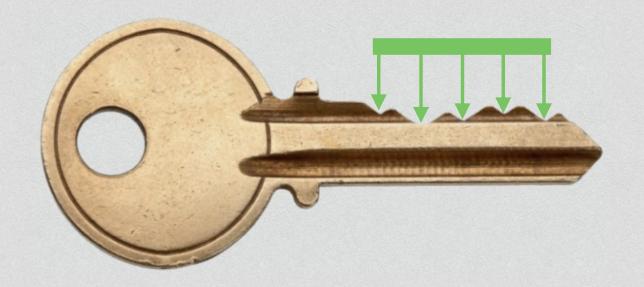
Keyway

Lock Front View

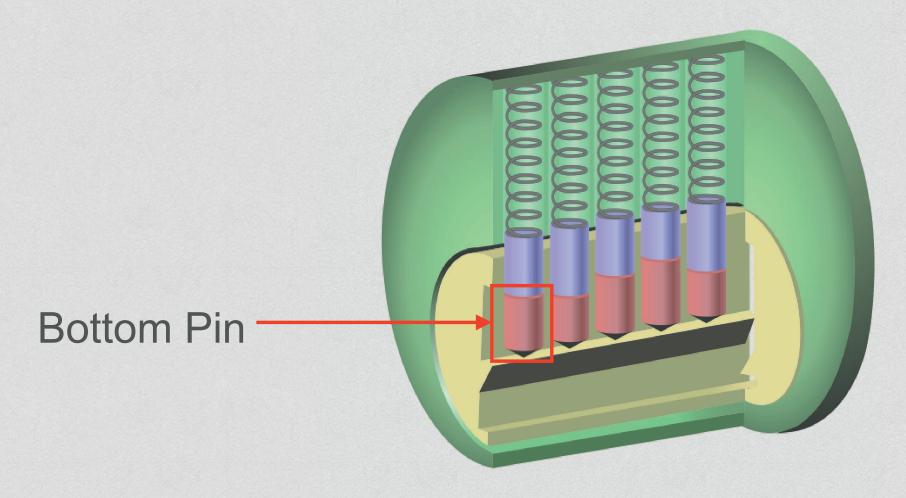


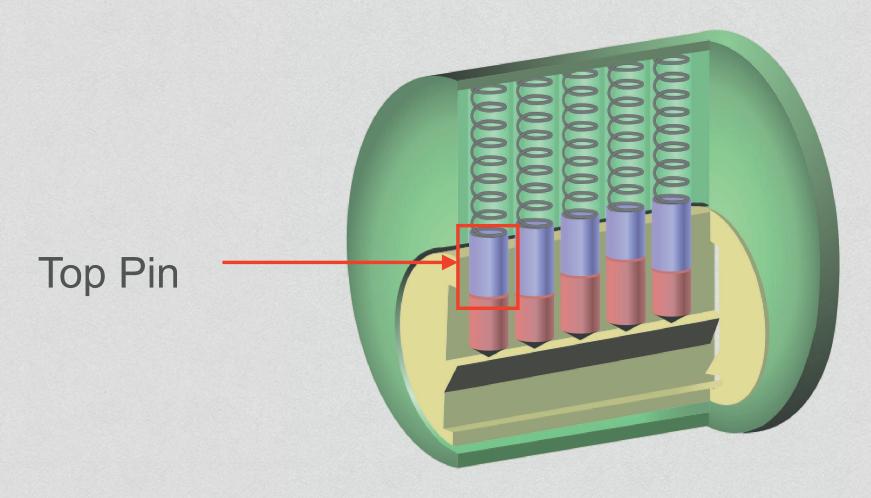
Plug

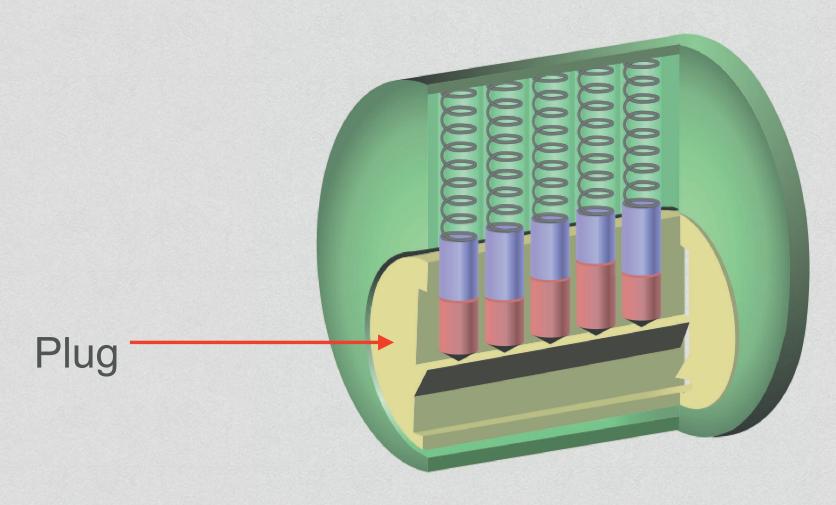
Key Side View

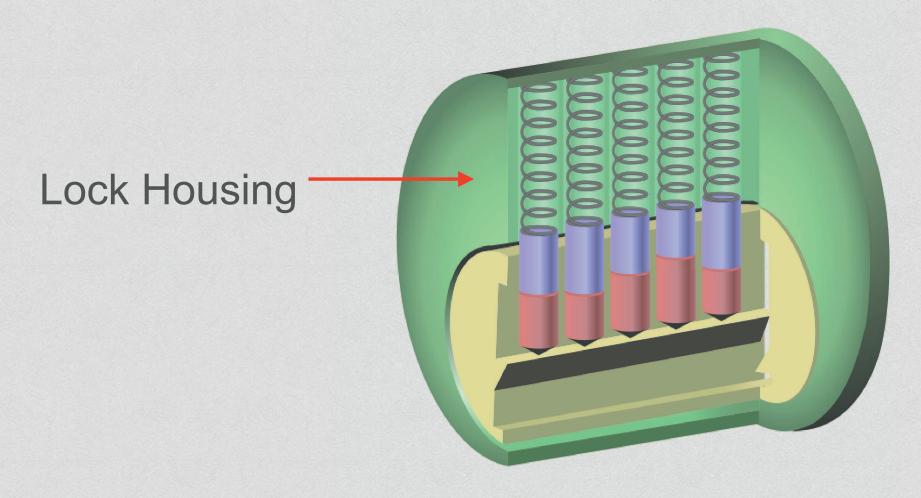


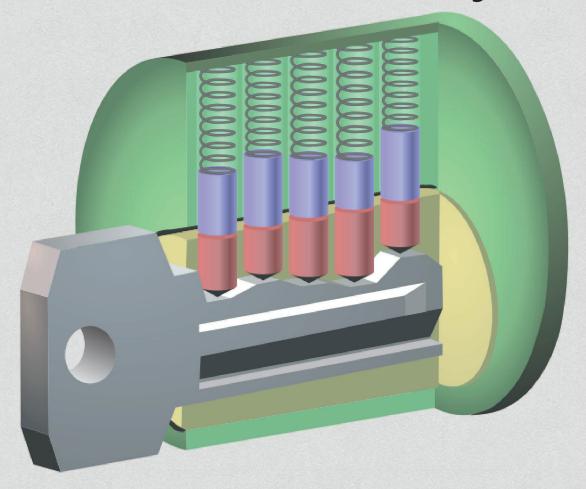
Cuts on a Key



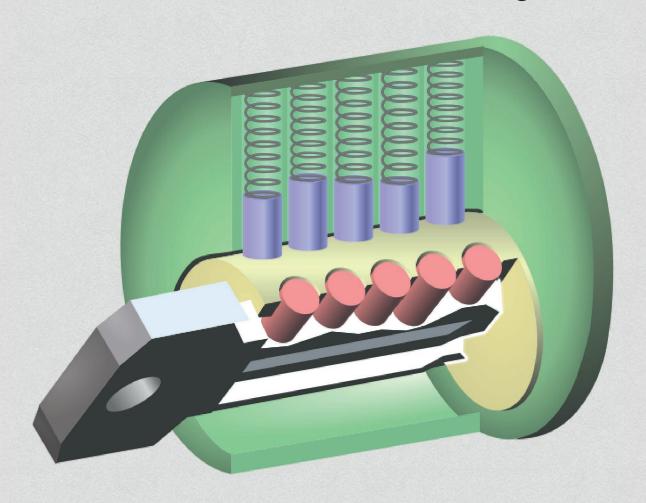




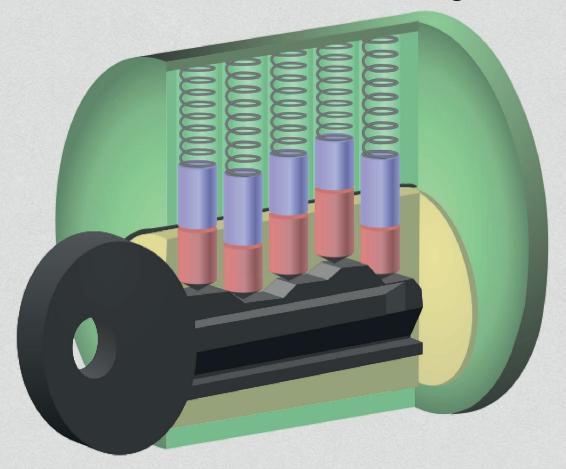




Correct Key Inserted



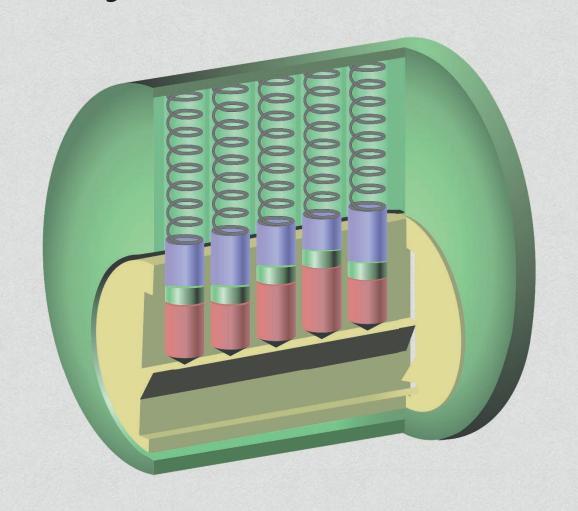
Correct Key Inserted and Plug Rotated

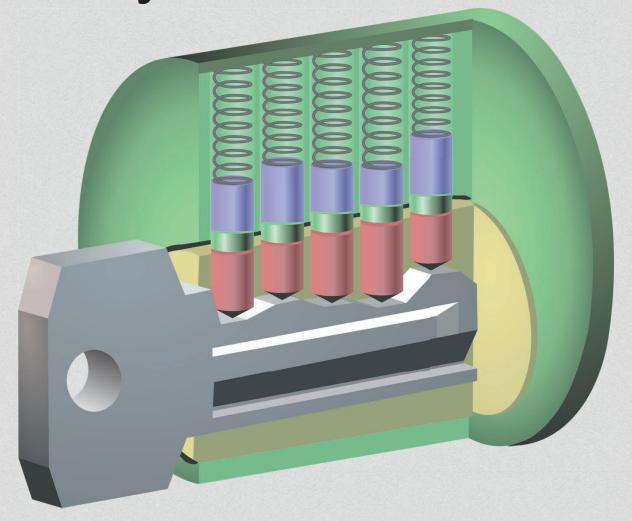


Incorrect Key Inserted

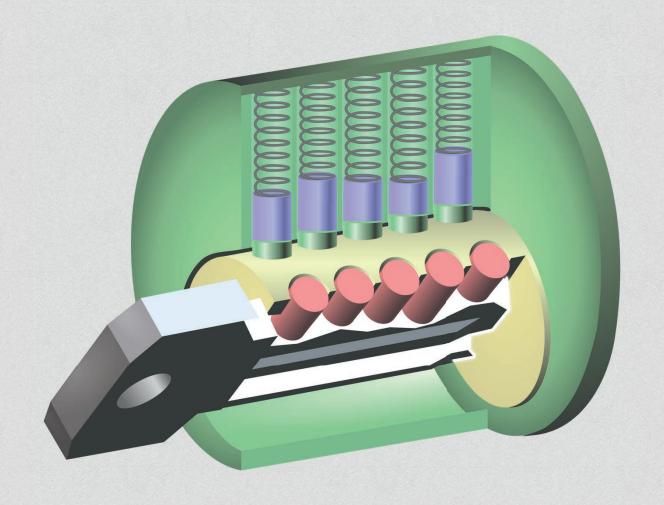
Background

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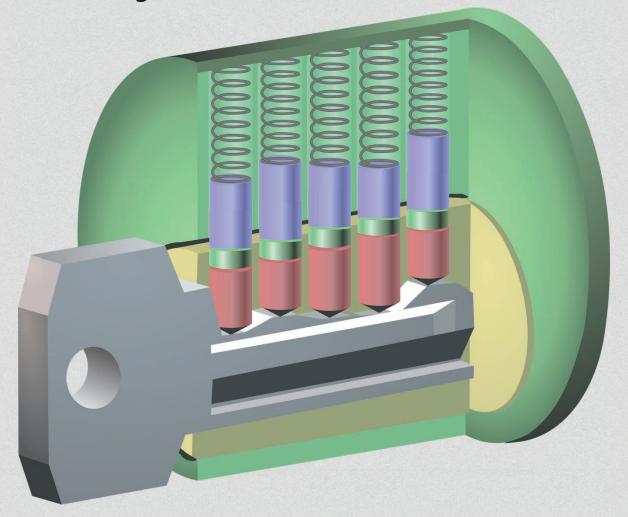




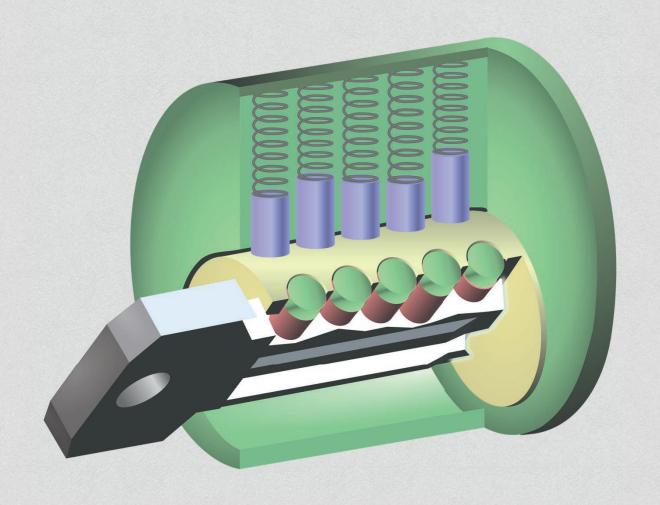
Change Key Inserted



Change Key Inserted



Master Key Inserted



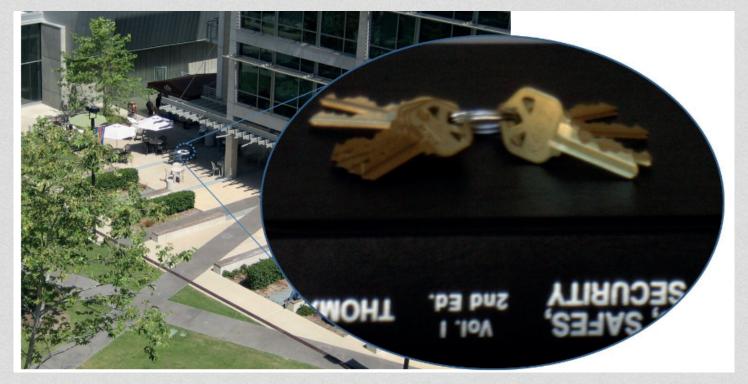
Master Key Inserted

Background

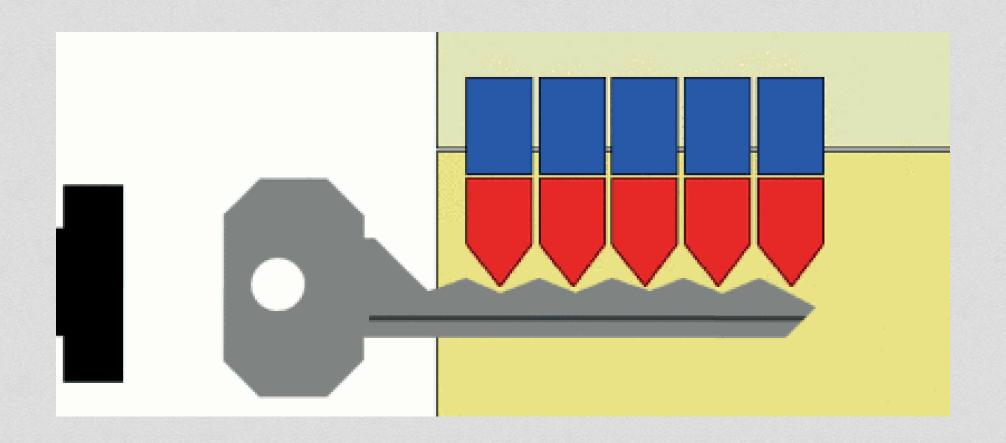
- Basic Pin Tumbler Locks
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Teleduplication Attack

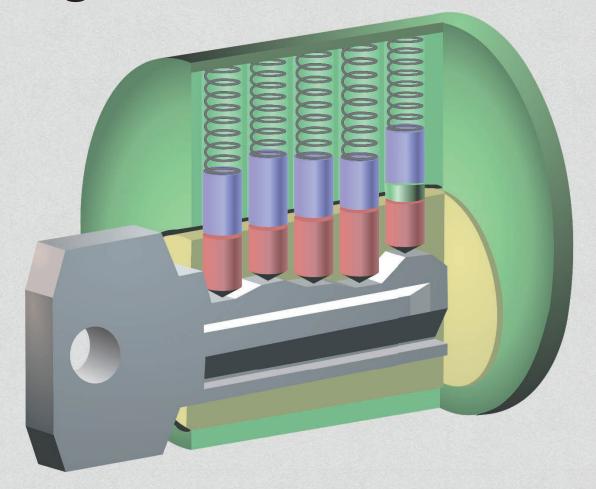
 Introduced in 2008 by Benjamin Laxton, Kai Wang, and Stefan Savage



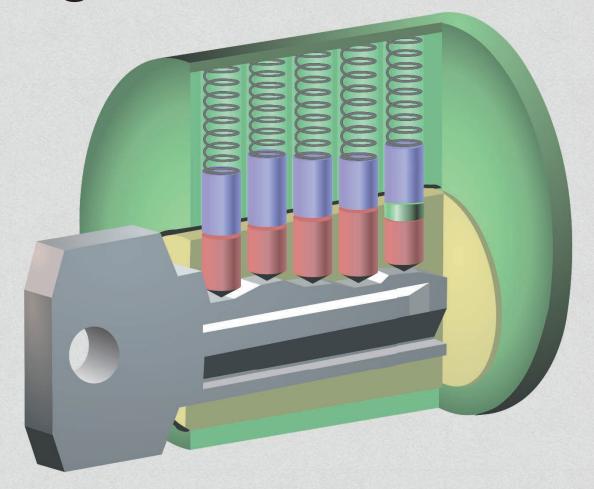
Bump Keys



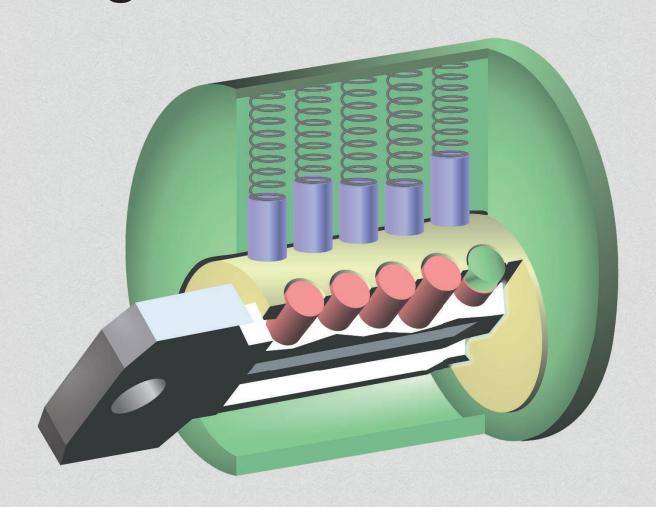
- Introduced in 2002 by Matt Blaze
- Only effective against master keyed locks
- Requires key blanks and a way to cut the key blanks
- Elevates a low level key that can open a single door to a key that can open every door in the system



Change Key Inserted



Key Cut Down



Lock Unlocked

What do these attacks all have in common?

They all require key blanks

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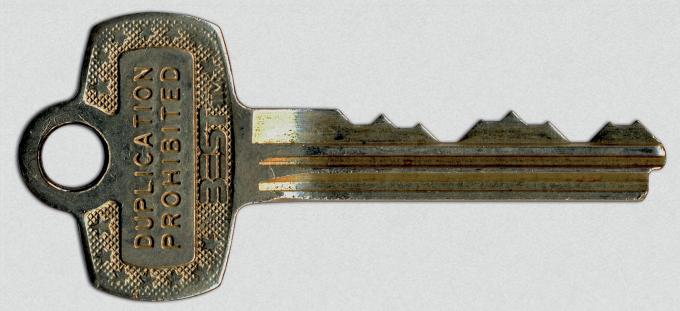
Open Key Systems

- Keys can be easily copied at hardware stores
- Key blanks readily available online



Duplication Prohibited

- Keys stamped with duplication prohibited should not be copied by reputable locksmiths
- Key blanks still readily available online



Restricted Key Systems

- Key blank profile patented
- Key blanks can only be obtained from the manufacturer with proper proof of purchase of the system



Resistance to Aforementioned Attacks

Resistance **Key System** None Open **Minimal Duplication Prohibited** Restricted High

Restricted key systems make obtaining key blanks harder for attackers

- Background
- 3D Printing Keys
 - Previous Work
 - Durability Testing
 - Automatically Generating Models of Keys
- Countermeasures
- Summary

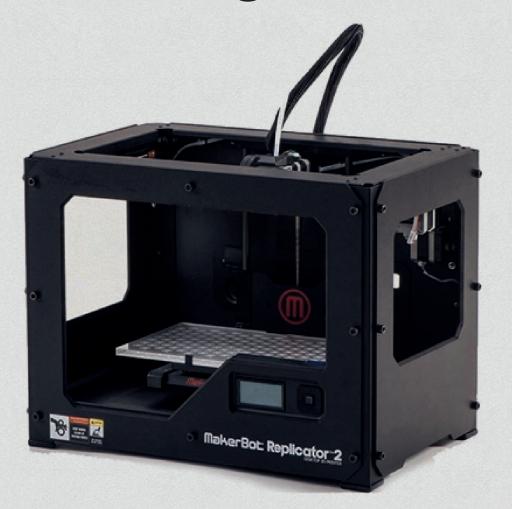
Traditionally Manufacturing Restricted Keys

- Expensive
- Difficult
- Limitations on reproduction of key features
- Resulting keys very durable



Benefits to 3D Printing

- Cheap
- Quick to produce with desktop 3D printer
- Capable of reproducing intricate key features



Schlage Primus

Replicated using 3D printing by MIT students David
Lawrence and Eric Van Albert in 2013



i.materialise does not support 3D printing high security keys

By Tatiana | August 6, 2013 | News | 5 Comments

At the Def Con hackers conference this past weekend MIT students David Lawrence and Eric Van Albert presented their software tool to allow people to 3D print high security keys. We were disappointed to see that our services were used by the students to make an unauthorized copy of a Schlage Primus key in titanium. i.materialise rejects any use of its services to promote activities or to create products which pose a safety or security risk to others. Had the intentions of David Lawrence and Eric Van Albert been known to i.materialise, the key would not have been printed.

Materials » Titanium

Material overview

Colors and finishes

Design guide

Technical specifications

Unpolished

3D printed titanium *(unpolished)* doesn't look like the traditional shiny milled titanium. Instead it's a bit grayer and more matte with a slightly rougher and less defined surface.



But would the keys be durable enough?

Let's print some keys and test!

- Background
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Testing Methodology

- Opening force in common locks
 - Determine the torque required to open the following locks:
 - Von Duprin Crash Bar
 - Various Padlocks
 - Schlage Office Door Lock
- Breaking strength of 3D printed keys
 - Place keys in locks they do not open and apply torque until the keys seriously deform or break

MakerBot PLA



	PLA
Cost	\$0.08
Door Latch	Pass
Door Unlock	Pass
Various Padlocks	Pass
Crash Bar	May Fail

Nylon



Acrylic

	PLA	Nylon - Acrylic	
Cost	\$0.08	\$2.55 - \$8.28	
Door Latch	Pass	May Fail	
Door Unlock	Pass	Fail	
Various Padlocks	Pass	Fail	
Crash Bar	May Fail	Fail	



Alumide

	PLA	Nylon - Acrylic	Alumide	
Cost	\$0.08	\$2.55 - \$8.28	\$3.08	
Door Latch	Pass	May Fail	Pass	
Door Unlock	Pass	Fail	Pass	
Various Padlocks	Pass	Fail	Fail	
Crash Bar	May Fail	Fail	Fail	

Plastic 3D Printed Keys

- Durable enough to use in attacks
- Quick to produce
- Cheap
- Not quite durable enough to use long term

What about metal 3D printing for more durable keys?

Metal 3D Printing

- Cheaper than CNC
- Generally lost wax cast modelling
- Increased durability when compared to plastic
- Capable of reproducing intricate key features

Materials Ordered from Service

- Stainless Steel
- Brass
- Bronze

Stainless Steel





Brass

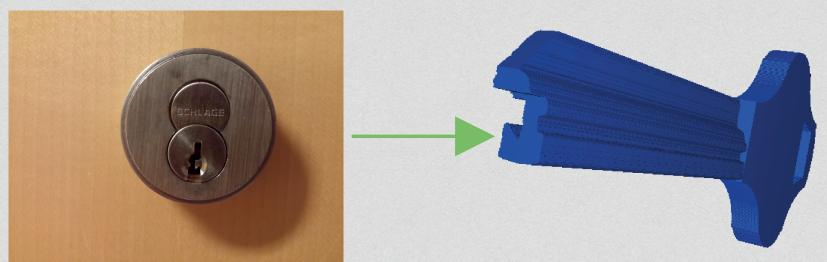
	PLA	Nylon - Acrylic	Alumide	Metal
Cost	\$0.08	\$2.55 - \$8.28	\$3.08	\$10.73 - \$25.03
Door Latch	Pass	May Fail	Pass	Pass
Door Unlock	Pass	Fail	Pass	Pass
Various Padlocks	Pass	Fail	Fail	Pass
Crash Bar	May Fail	Fail	Fail	Pass

Attacks are still difficult since CAD knowledge is needed

- Background
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Automatically Generating CAD Models

- Convert the image to black and white
- Find the keyway in the image
- Convert the cross section of the keyway into a 3D model



B&W Conversion Techniques

- Canny Edge Detection
- Circle Hough Transform
- Thresholding

Thresholding

A certain intensity between 0 and 255 is chosen

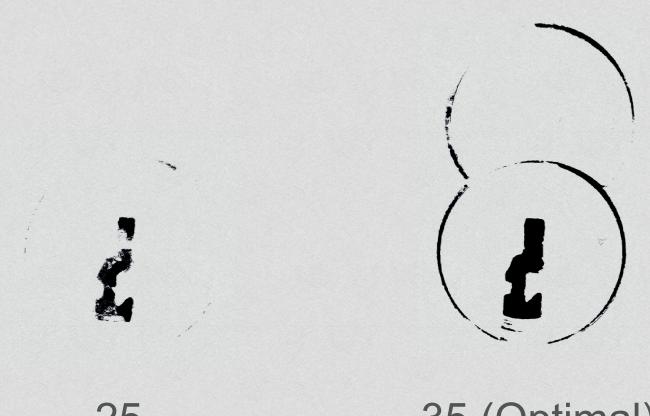
Everything above that value is white while everything below is black

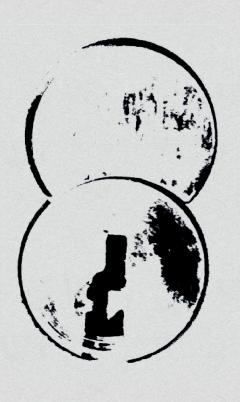
Test Image



Smartphone Picture of Lock

Image at Different Threshold Points





25

35 (Optimal)

45

Blob Detection

The keyway looks to be the largest blob of black pixels in an image

Largest Blobs







5 35 (Optimal)

45

Can the threshold point be determined automatically?

What if we analyzed the area of the output blobs

Largest Blobs





25

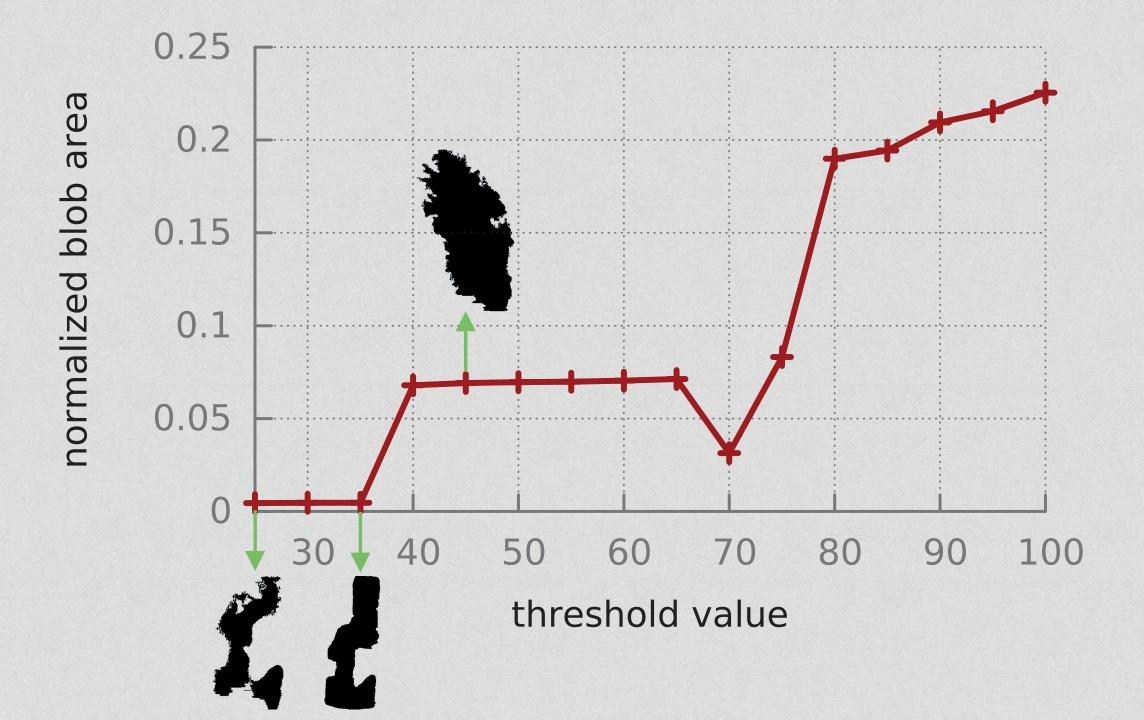
0.005

35 (Optimal)

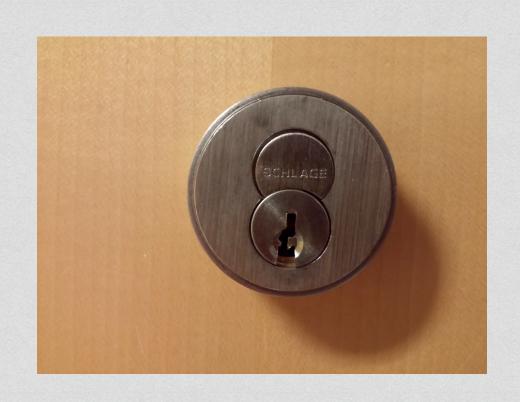
0.005

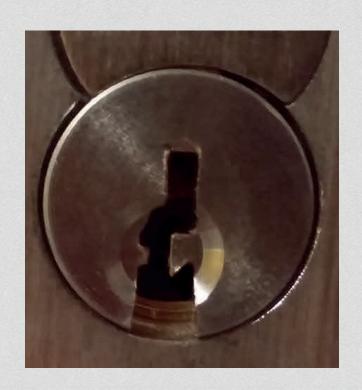
45

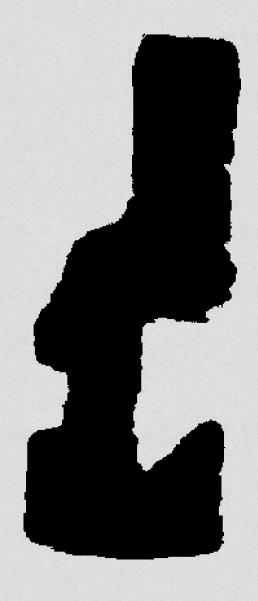
0.075



Keyway Mask



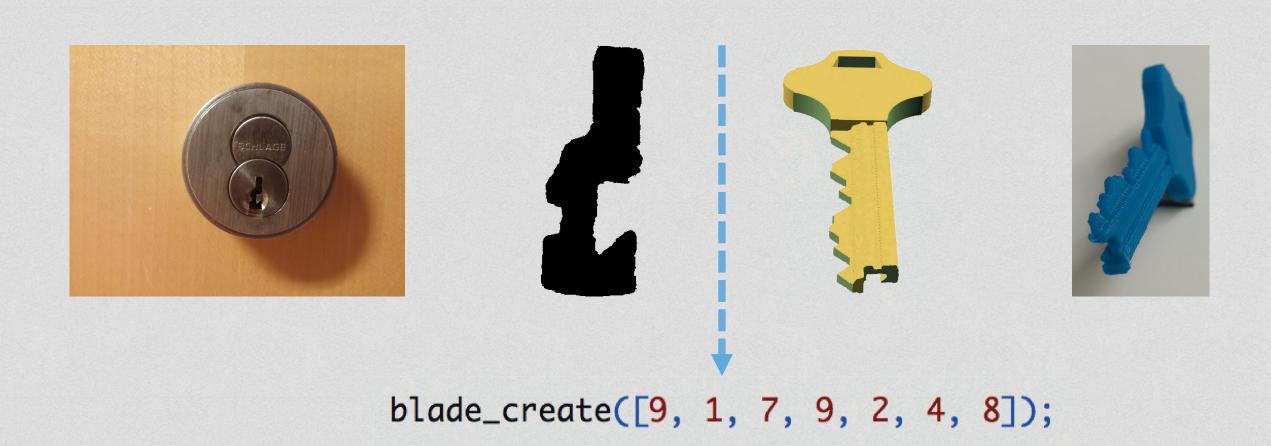




CAD Generation

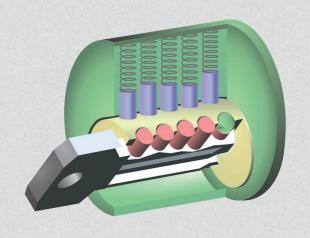
With the cross section of the keyway extruding a key in OpenSCAD is trivial

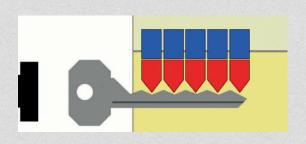
Input Image



Let's revisit the protection restricted key systems provide now that we know durable keys can be 3D printed

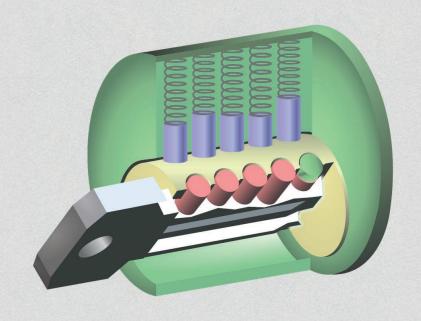
Attacks Enabled by 3D Printing







Privilege Escalation Attack Cost



5 Plastic Keys (\$0.08)

1 Metal Key (\$10.73)

\$11.13

- Background
- 3D Printing Keys
- Countermeasures
 - Non-mechanical Locks
 - Active Keyways
 - Trap Keyways
 - Cost
- Summary

Non-mechanical locks



- Background
- 3D Printing Keys
- Countermeasures
 - Non-mechanical Locks
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Active Keyways



Active Keyways



- Background
- 3D Printing Keys
- Countermeasures
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 - Active Keyways
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Trap Keyways

- Can be configured to trap a certain cut on each pin stack
- Could be used to prevent privilege escalation attacks
- Once a key has been trapped the lock must be destroyed to remove it

- Background
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 - Non-mechanical Locks
 - Active Keyways
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Lock	Cost
Standard Restricted Keyway	\$50
Non-mechanical	\$300-500
Active Keyways	\$200-500
Trap Keyways	Not Available

- Background
- 3D Printing Keys
- Countermeasures
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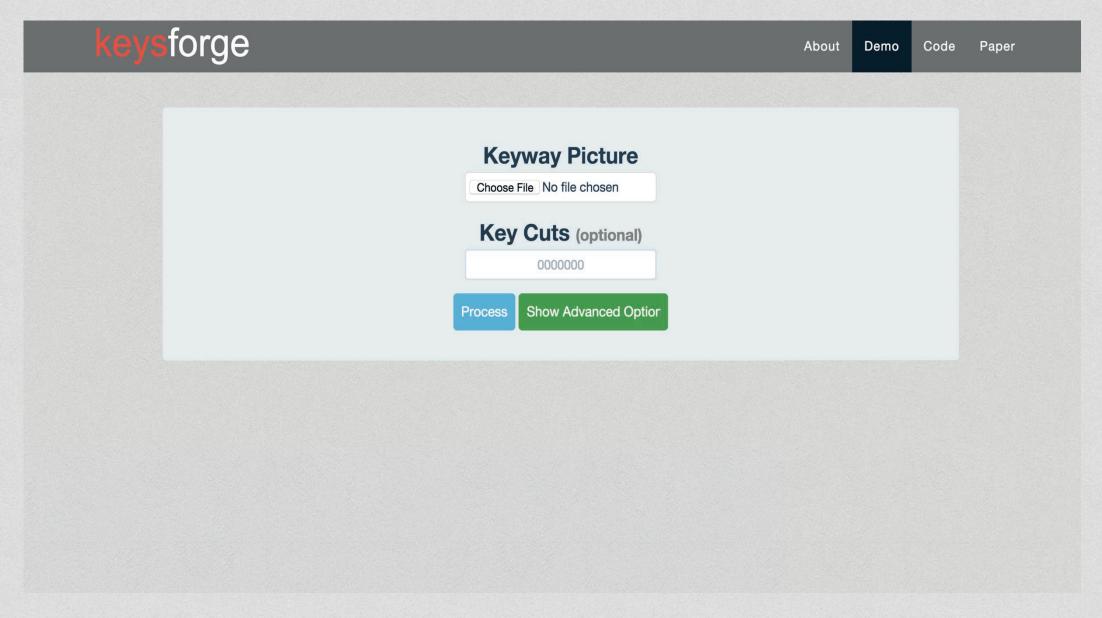
Summary

- 3D keys are durable enough to use in attacks
- 3D models of keys can be easily generated
- Restricted keyways should not be the sole line of defense against the aforementioned attacks

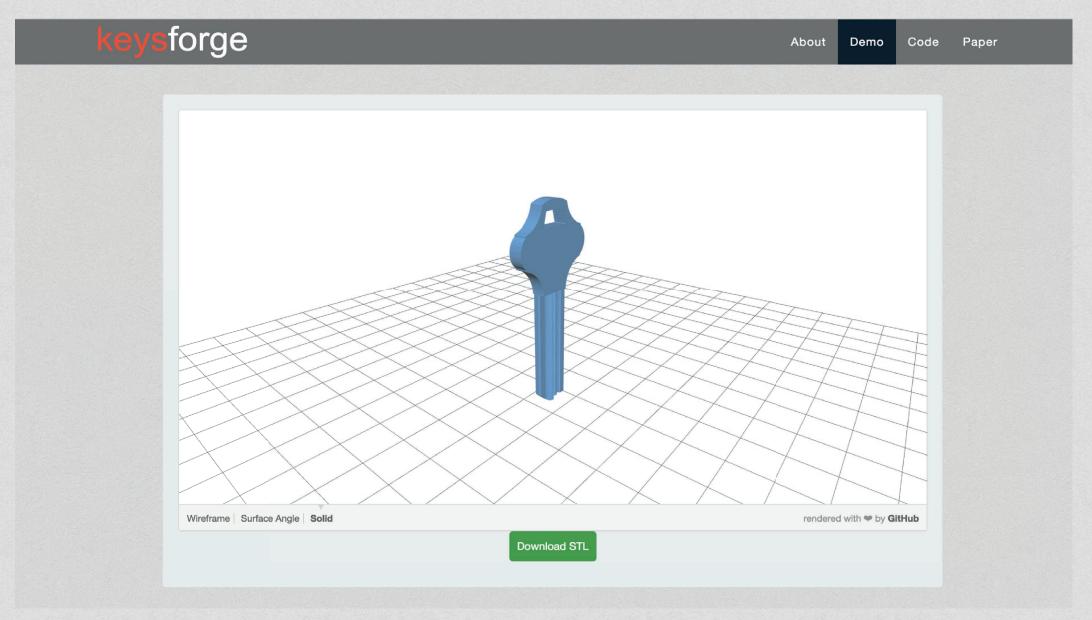
Automated tool available for testing at:

https://keysforge.com

https://keysforge.com/



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