Understanding Kubernetes Storage

Getting in Deep by Writing a CSI Driver

Gerry Seidman
Agenda

• The Kubernetes Storage Journey
• Understanding the Kubernetes API Model
• Understanding Kubernetes Storage
• Container Storage Initiative (CSI) plugin model
• My Experience Writing the AFS/AuriStor CSI plugin
The Kubernetes Storage Journey

• Take 1: Containers are Cattle, who needs persistent storage?

• Take 2: Storage was statically created ‘Persistent Volumes’
  • Hardcoded and in-tree
  • Terrible idea
  • Lots of junk leftover both code and ‘API’ stuff that is being culled

• Take 3: Flex Volumes
  • Kludgy idea while the standards were being fleshed out

• Take 4: Container Storage Initiative (CSI)
Kubernetes Does not have an Imperative API

• Imperative APIs aren’t suited for resource orchestration
  • Things may take a long time to schedule, set up and make available

• It makes more sense to have a Declarative API
  • ‘Objects’ specify the state they would like to be in
  • Expressed in JSON/YAML

• Kubernetes API Server
  • API Objects are posted, updated or deleted
  • Validates API ‘Objects’ and access control for user action.

• Software Controllers and Operators
  • Help bring objects to their desired specification
  • May involve creating, modifying or deleting API Objects
Kubernetes API Objects (53 different kinds in k8s 1.17)

- Container Creators
  - Pods, Deployments, StatefulSets, DaemonSets, ReplicaSets, CronJobs, Jobs

- Storage
  - PersistentVolumeClaims, PersistentVolumes, VolumeAttachments, StorageClasses
  - CsiDrivers, CsiNodes
  - VolumeSnapshots, VolumeSnapshotClasses, VolumeSnapshotContents

- General
  - ConfigMaps, NameSpaces, Nodes, CustomResourceDefinitions, Events

- Networking
  - Endpoints, Service, EndpointSlice, Ingress

- Security
  - Secret, ServiceAccount, ClusterRole, ClusterRoleBinding, Role, RoleBinding
Kubernetes API Server

- **Restful API**
  - Post/Watch/Update/Delete Kubernetes Objects
  - Backed by etcd, resilient Key/Value Store

- **CLI tool**
  - kubectl

- **Admission Controllers**
  - Validate API Object
  - Mutate API Object (ie defaults)
Operators (Controllers)

- API Clients that Codify all the operational logic
No Container Objects -- Pods

• Container Creators
  • Pods, Deployments, StatefulSets, DaemonSets, ReplicaSets, CronJobs, Jobs

• Pods contain one or more Containers
  • Share Localhost
  • The same volume can be mounted to 1+ (in same or different place)
Not Quite Simplest Example

Pod Container

Wants to mount 'volume' at /data

kind: Pod
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
  name: my-csi-app
spec:
  containers:
    - name: my-frontend
      image: busybox
      volumeMounts:
        - mountPath: "/data"
          name: my-csi-volume
          command: ["sleep", "1000000"]
  volumes:
    - name: my-csi-volume
      persistentVolumeClaim:
        claimName: csi-pvc
Pod Container wants to mount 'volume' at /data.

Persistent Volume Claim

apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: csi-pvc
spec:
  accessModes:
  - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 1Gi
  storageClassName: csi-afs-sc

Persistent Volume Claim

kind: Pod
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
  name: my-csi-app
spec:
  containers:
  - name: my-frontend
    image: busybox
    volumeMounts:
    - mountPath: "/data"
      name: my-csi-volume
    command: [ "sleep", "1000000" ]
  volumes:
  - name: my-csi-volume
    persistentVolumeClaim:
      claimName: csi-pvc
Pod Container

Wants to mount ‘volume’ at /data

Persistent Volume Claim

To be Resolved by

Storage Class

Providing Parameters to a Storage Driver

CSI Driver (AuriStor)

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1
kind: StorageClass
metadata:
  name: csi-afs-sc
provisioner: csi-driver.auristor.com
reclaimPolicy: Delete
volumeBindingMode: WaitForFirstConsumer
parameters:
  afs-cell-name: auristor.io
  afs-vol-name: gerko

apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: csi-pvc
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 1Gi
  storageClassName: csi-afs-sc
PersistentVolume Object: CSI + Driver Magic

Pod Container

Wants to mount 'volume' at /data

Persistent Volume Claim

To be Resolved by

Storage Class

Providing Parameters to a Storage Driver

Persistent Volume

Kubernetes + CSI Magic

CSI Driver (AuriStor)
CSI Driver Responsibility

• CSI Driver on each node that would provide this kind of storage
  • Typically as a privileged Kubernetes Pod
  • Provides 3 services: accessible via Unix Domain Sockets as gRPC Service

• Identity Service – must be on each Node that can will use this driver
  • Informs Node about the instance and Driver capabilities
    • I.e. Is Storage Topology Aware Pod Scheduling supported?

• Controller Service
  • Makes higher level decisions. Doesn’t have to run on a worker node

• Node Service
  • Must run on every node that will use this driver
Controller Service and Node Service

ControllerService
- CreateVolume()
- PublishVolume()
- UnpublishVolume()
- DeleteVolume()

NodeService
- NodeStageVolume()
- NodePublishVolume()
- NodeUnstageVolume()
- NodeUnpublishVolume()
Contexts are passed along to future calls

• The CSI Driver is may be ephemeral (ie may crash and restart
  • The Sidecars cooperatively will retain ‘context’ data

• Volume Context
  • Created at Controller.createVolume time
    • Typically include copies of some of the ‘parameters’ (ie parameters in the storage class)
  • Augmented by CO for future calls
    • Future: publishVolume, unpublishVolme, deleteVolume

• Publish Context
  • Created at Controller.publishVolume
  • Future calls on both the Controller and Node Services will get the volumeContext
    • Controller  NodeStageVolume, NodePublishVoume
Node Registration (All Nodes)

- Gets Node Info from NodeService
- Register via kublet
Desire to Create Storage

1. External Provisioner ‘notices’ a PVC (via API Server) referencing a storageClass Object
2. External Provisioner ‘notices matching StorageClass object is for this ‘provisioner’ (CSI Driver)
3. Asks Driver ControllerService to ‘create Volume’
4. Creates Kubernetes Persistent Volume Object
Scheduling

1. External Provisioner ‘notices’ a Pod is Scheduled
2. Asks Driver Controller Service to ‘publish Volume’
Attaching

1. Looks for Volume Attachments (Pairing of PV and PVC)
2. Node Stage
3. Node Publish

- API Server
- Sider Cars: Node Registrar, External Provisioner, External Attacher
- Kubelet
- Worker Node: CSI Driver - Identity Service, Node Service
What the Kubernetes CSI Driver Does

Pod Container

Wants to mount 'volume' at /data

Persistent Volume Claim

To be Resolved by

Storage Class

Providing Parameters to a Storage Driver

CSI Driver (AuriStor)

(a) May provide Topology hints to Scheduler
(b) Creates the Mount onto the Scheduled Node
Upon Scheduling the External Attacher does...

- **Pod Container**: Wants to mount ‘volume’ at /data
- **Persistent Volume Claim**: To be resolved by
- **Storage Class**: Providing parameters to a Storage Driver
- **CSI Driver (AuriStor)**: CSI Driver
- **Persistent Volume Attachment**: Bound to Persistent Volume (on specific node)
- **(a)** May provide Topology hints to Scheduler
- **(b)** Creates the Mount onto the Scheduled Node
AuriStor / AFS

• Andrew File System (AFS)
  • What is it
    • Secure Distributed File System
    • AuriStor adds Combined Identity ACL
    • WAN/LAN optimized with local cache consistency
    • Zero client configuration Global Namespace
      • cat /afs/umich.edu/README
    • Platform Independent
  • Unit of Management and Policy is an AFS Volume
    • Rooted Directory tree that can be mounted locally
    • Can be mounted to the AFS global namespace
    • Example Policy is replicas
AuriStor CSi Storage Class

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1
kind: StorageClass
metadata:
  name: csi-afs-sc
provisioner: afs.csi.auristor.com
reclaimPolicy: Delete
volumeBindingMode: WaitForFirstConsumer
parameters:
  afs.csi.auristor.com/volumeType: "normal"  # scratch, normal, createIfDoesntExist
  afs.csi.auristor.com/cellName: "auristor.io"
  afs.csi.auristor.com/volumeName: "allPlay"
  afs.csi.auristor.com/VolumeProximityRequired: "true"
  afs.csi.auristor.com/schedulingDeferralType: "immediate"  # options: immediate, eventual
  afs.csi.auristor.com/scratchVolumePrefix: "myExperiment"
Understanding Kubernetes Storage

Getting in Deep by Writing a CSI Driver

Thank you!

Gerry Seidman
gerry@auristor.com

CSI Specification: https://github.com/container-storage-interface/spec/blob/master/spec.md
Kubernetes CSI Documentation: https://kubernetes-csi.github.io/docs/
AuriStorFS: https://www.auristor.com/filesystem