How I Learned to Stop Worrying and Love Push-On-Submit
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November 13, 2015
USENIX Release Engineering Summit
Push-on-Submit?

Push-on-submit automation ensures that:

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E.g:
- Command line flags
- Binary version
- Replica count
Push-on-Submit?

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Humans are not in the loop

[at least in the general case]
Push-on-Submit?

Push-on-submit automation ensures that:

When a runtime configuration change is submitted to source control, it is then automatically applied to production.

As much as possible, production looks the same as HEAD.
This sounds AWESOME!
This sounds SCARY!
Motivation -- We Weren't Sure We Wanted It Either

We faced unknowns:

- How will our job change?
- How will our [other] automation change?
- Will this even work?
Motivation -- We Weren't Sure We Wanted It Either

We faced obstacles:

- Nay-sayers
- Complicated Push Process
- Good Old-Fashioned Work
Motivation -- We Did It Anyway, and You Can Too!

Now:

  - Our team members are no longer in the experimental loop
  - Our push process no longer blocks the experimental loop

What's in the experimental loop?

  - Refactoring and new features and config pushes [oh my]
Motivation -- We Did It Anyway, and You Can Too!

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EVERYTHING IS AWESOME
Agenda

- Introduction: what is push on submit?
- Motivation: why this talk?
- Background: where my team was, what our systems look like
- Solution: a brief sketch
- Changes: to our process, our environment, and our roles
- Benefits: why we're glad we did it
Background -- System Purpose

This system does machine learning to predict ad click-through rates.

Goal: Make users happy (show relevant ads) and publishers happy (ads get clicked more)
Background -- System Stakeholders

This system does machine learning to predict ad click-through rates.

There are three teams that interact with this system:

- Model developers are customers -- create and test new models
- Infrastructure developers are product developers -- add new features
- SRE (my team) are operators -- run service and increase robustness
Background -- Our Team Scale

This system does machine learning to predict ad click-through rates.

SRE runs the system and increases robustness

The system includes about 200 services (~single purpose collection of jobs)
Each service has about 20 jobs (single binary + configuration, replicated)
Some jobs are replicated to > 1,000 tasks (replicated instance)
Degrees of Freedom

We can change configuration by:

● submitting to source control
● pushing to production
Degrees of Freedom

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In ideal world they are rarely different
Degrees of Freedom

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But if no one pushes the change, the diff will hang
Degrees of Freedom

We can change configuration by:

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But if no one pushes the change, the diff will hang until someone else tries to push. And then they have to figure it out!
Degrees of Freedom -- Impact

This process doesn't scale to, for example, pushing a new binary version to 180 services
Solution -- Take 1

Called Clapper for ChangeListAPPLiER

Can you spot the failure modes?

1. Get HEAD
2. Push Configs at HEAD
3. Sleep for 10 minutes
Solution -- Take 2

We called it Treadmill

Two major changes:

- Check what configuration is live before pushing
- Figure out which changes to source control actually caused the diff
Changes

Environment
Process
Roles
Changes -- Our Environment

**PREREQUISITE:** Reproducible pushes

Given a revision/commit in source control, pushing from that revision is always the same.
Changes -- Our Environment

PREREQUISITE*: Reproducible pushes

Given a revision/commit in source control, pushing from that revision is always the same.

*Possible to work around by polling the diff between HEAD and prod, if you know what the non-reproducibility looks like.
Changes -- Our Environment

PREREQUISITE: Safe configuration

Submit accepted only if test suite passes
Changes -- Our Environment

**PREREQUISITE:** Safe configuration

Submit accepted only if test suite passes

This was always true, but we drastically increased test coverage

"Write a test" is a common post-mortem action item
Changes -- Our Environment

**EFFECT:** Other automation manipulates source control rather than prod

This actually made our job easier by centralizing the problem of dealing with all the failure conditions involved in pushing to production.
Changes -- Our Process

**PREREQUISITE:** Push process has to be machine-executable

- If it needs human interaction, it should fail
- If it fails a lot, it's not reducing operational load
Changes -- Our Process

**EFFECT:** Rollback is a roll-forward to previous configuration version

It's faster than doing it by hand
Changes -- Our Roles

**EFFECT:** Instead of controlling the process by pushing new configuration, we control by reviewing configuration changes and adding tests.
Changes -- Our Roles

**EFFECT:** We spend more time thinking about the configuration's organization and purpose
Benefits -- A Summary

We see all of the mentioned changes as benefits.

We really appreciate not being in the experimental loop

  This directly benefits us!
THANK YOU