

LinkedIn

Traffic Shift - Avoiding Disasters at Scale



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Overview

LinkedIn Architectural Overview

Fabric Disaster Recovery

Questions

World's largest professional network



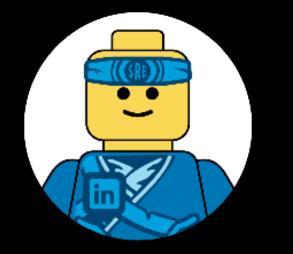


467+ million members 200+ Countries

Who are we?

Production-SRE team at LinkedIn

- Assist in restoring stability to services during site critical issues
- Developing applications to improve MTTD and MTTR
- Provide direction and guidelines for site monitoring
- Build tools for efficient site issue troubleshooting, issue detection & correlation

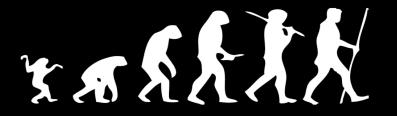


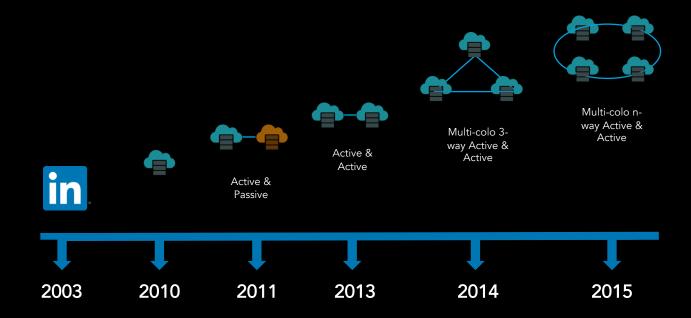
Terminologies

Fabric/ColoData Center with full application stack deployed

PoP/Edge Entry point to LinkedIn network (TCP/ SSL termination)

Load Test Planned stress testing of data centers





2017







4 Data Centers

13 PoPs

1000+ services







What are Disasters ?





Service Degradation Infrastructure Issues

Human Error

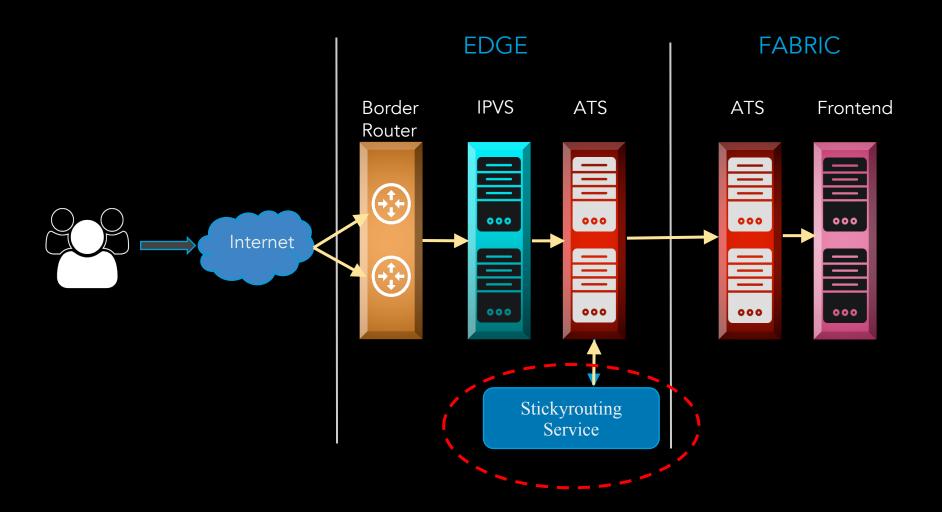
Data Center on Fire

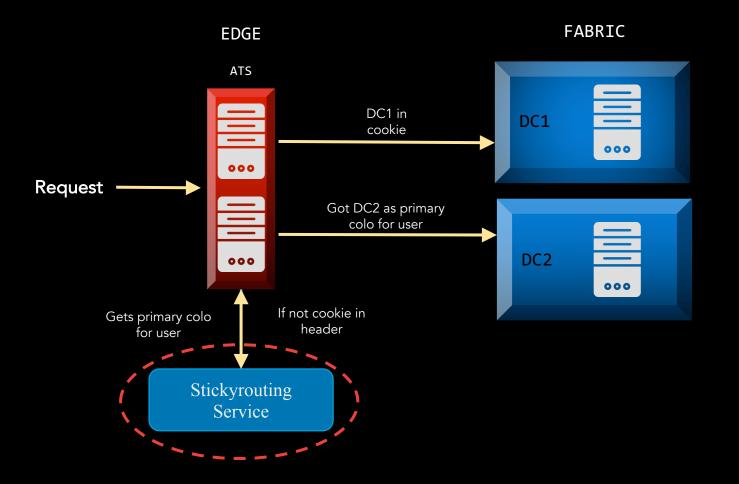
One solution for all disasters

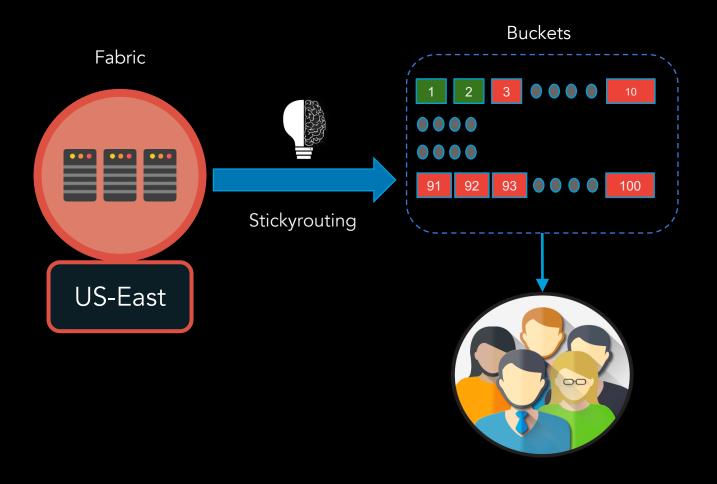
Traffic Shift - Reroute user traffic to different datacenters without any user interruption.











How StickyRouting assigns users to a colo ?



Capacity of Fabric



Offline job to assign colo to users



Geographic distance to users

Advantages of sticky routing



Less latency for users



Store data where it's necessary



Provides precise control over capacity allotment

When to TrafficShift?



Mitigation

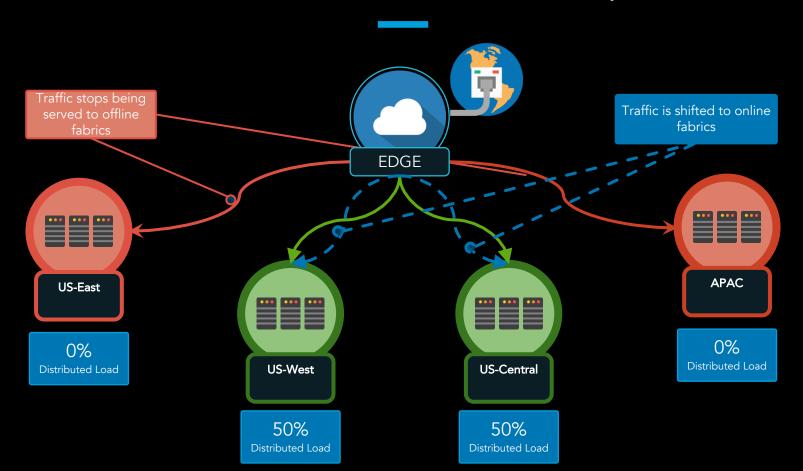


Planned Maintenance

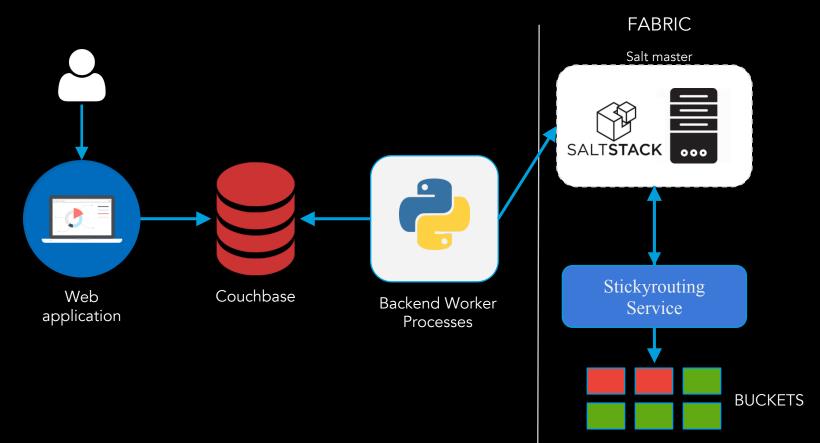


Stress Test

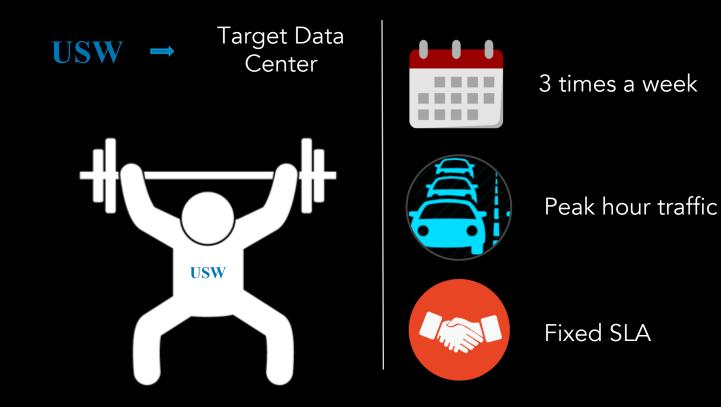
Site Traffic and Disaster Recovery



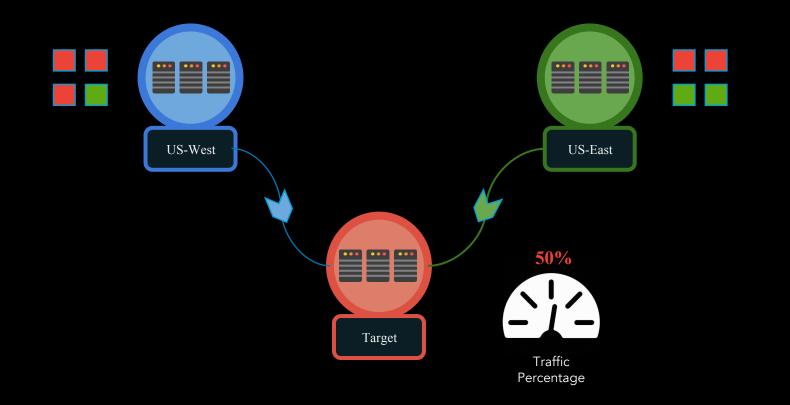
TrafficShift Architecture



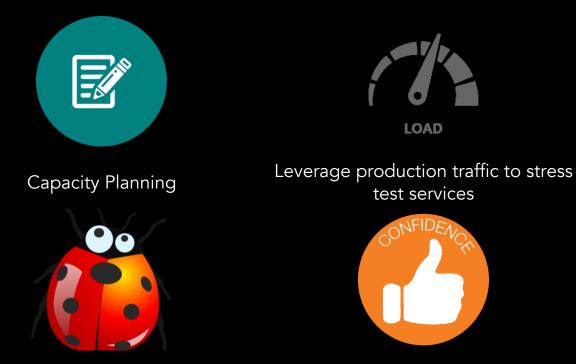
What is Load Testing ?



Load Testing



Benefits of Load Test



Confidence in Disaster Recovery

Identify bugs in production

Big Red Button



Kill switch (No Kidding)

Failout of a datacenter and PoP in less than 10 minutes

Minimal user impact

Key Takeaways

Design infrastructure to facilitate disaster recovery

• Stress test regularly to avoid surprises

• Automate everything to reduce time to mitigate impact



LinkedIn in

Edge Failout

Edge Presence



LinkedIn's PoP Architecture

- Using IPVS Each PoP announces a unicast address and a regional anycast address
 - APAC, EU and NAMER anycast regions
- Use GeoDNS to steer users to the 'best' PoP
- DNS will either provide users with an anycast or unicast address for <u>www.linkedin.com</u>
 - US and EU members is nearly all anycast
 - APAC is all unicast

LinkedIn's PoP DR

- Sometimes need to fail out of PoP's
 - 3rd party provider issues (e.g. transit links going down)
 - Infrastructure maintenance
- Withdraw anycast route announcements
- Fail healthchecks on proxy to drain unicast traffic

