OPENTELEMETRY METRICS 101

Reese Lee, New Relic







Reese Lee Developer Relations Engineer New Relic

- Previously Technical Support
- OpenTelemetry End User WG
 - \circ Adoption and implementation
 - Feedback loop to improve the project
- Malaysia \rightarrow Pacific Northwest
- Summited Mt. Hood (11,249')
- Visited 14 countries









METRICS OVERVIEW

O2 OPENTELEMETRY OVERVIEW

Ø3 METRICS DIP

Ø4 WHATT'S NEXT?









METRICS OVERVIEW

- **1. WHAT IS A METRIC?**
- 2. WHY ARE METRICS USEFUL?







WHAT IS A METRIC?

A metric is a measurement about a service captured at runtime. Metrics represent aggregations of multiple measurements, and can be used to identify trends.



Go Shopping

The best telescopes to see the world closer



- Throughput
- Response time
- Error rate
- CPU utilization
- Number of active users
- Total processed orders
- Total processed orders of a specific item









WHY ARE METRICS USEFUL?



Reducing the volume of data







VISUALIZATION Powering graphs, charts, and dashboards









OPENTELEMETRY OVERVIEW

- 1. WHAT IS OPENTELEMETRY?
- 2. WHY OPENTELEMETRY FOR METRICS?







WHAT IS OPENTELEMETRY?

OpenTelemetry is...

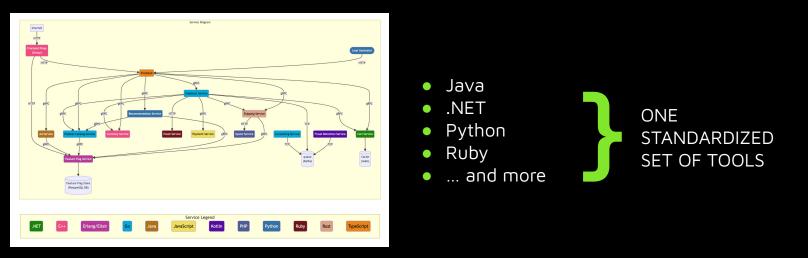
- An observability framework built on an open standard
- The merging of OpenCensus and OpenTracing in 2019
- 2nd most active CNCF project in terms of contributions (after Kubernetes)
- Aims to standardize instrumentation and telemetry generation, collection, and transmission





WHAT IS OPENTELEMETRY?

OpenTelemetry provides a set of APIs and SDKs, tools and components (such as the Collector), instrumentation libraries, semantic conventions, and a protocol (called OTLP).





Why OpenTelemetry for Metrics?

ABILITY TO CONNECT METRICS TO OTHER SIGNALS

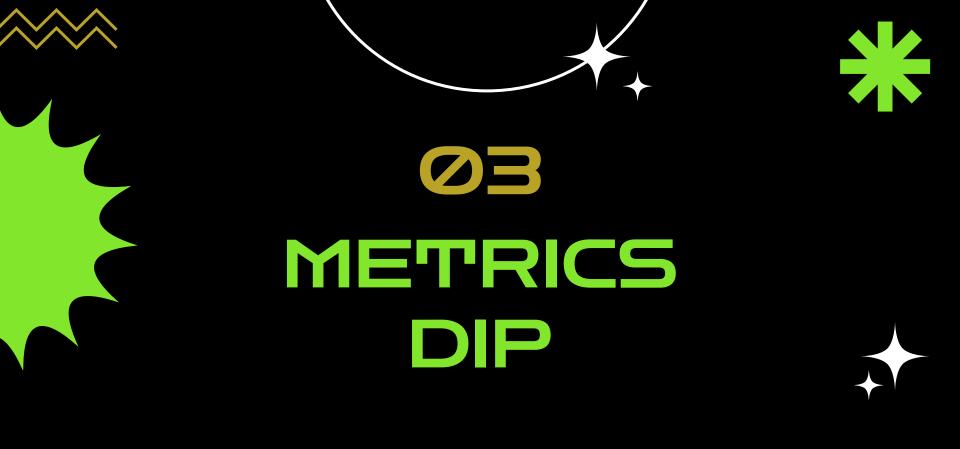
- Exemplars
- Enrich metrics attributes via Baggage and Context

OPENCENSUS MIGRATION TO OPENTELEMETRY

 Original goal of OpenTelemetry (OpenCensus + OpenTracing WORKS WITH EXISTING METRICS INSTRUMENTATION PROTOCOLS AND STANDARDS

 Minimum goal: Prometheus and Statsd

Freedom from vendor lock-in!





METRICS DIP

- 1. SESSION SCOPE
- 2. METRICS IN OPENTELEMETRY
- 3. ARCHITECTURE
- 4. METRIC INSTRUMENTS, TYPES, AND USE CASES
 - a. What is an instrument?
 - b. What instruments does OpenTelemetry provide?
 - c. Why is instrument selection important?
 - d. How do I choose an instrument?





SESSION SCOPE

THIS SESSION



High-level overview of metrics concepts

DEEP DIVE



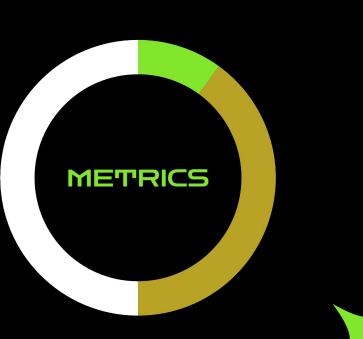
40% There is so much more we could get into!

EVERYTHING ELSE!?



50% And perhaps even beyond that... (e.g., implementation)







METRICS IN OPENTELEMETRY











METRICS IN OPENTELEMETRY

ΜΘΝΘΤΘΝΙCΙΤΥ

Related to whether the value is always increasing, or always increasing and decreasing at the same time

DIMENSION

An attribute associated with a metric, can be used to filter and aggregate data

CARDINALITY

How many unique dimensions are associated with a metric

Non-monotonic-

Monotonic

AGGREGATION

The process of combining multiple measurements into a single point

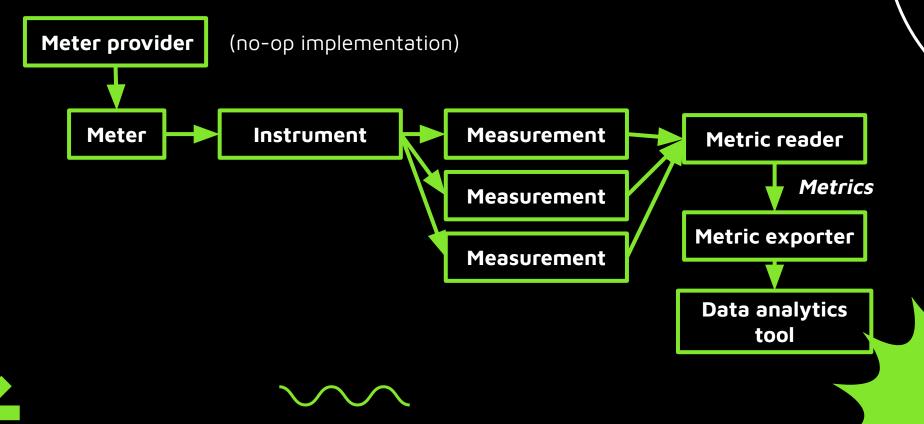
> Cumulative Delta

Related to whether the reported values of additive quantities include previous measurements

TEMPORALITY



ARCHITECTURE

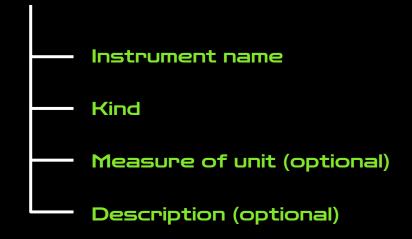




METRIC INSTRUMENTS, TYPES, AND USE CASES

What is an instrument?

Instruments report measurements and have the following fields:



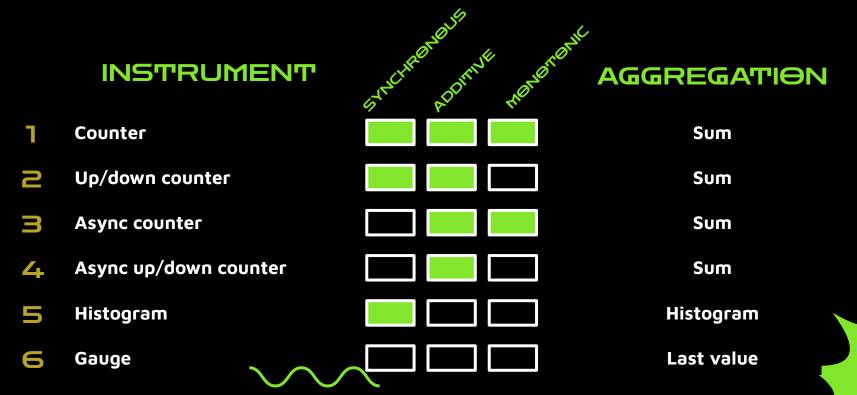








WHAT INSTRUMENTS DOES OPENTELEMETRY PROVIDE?





WHY IS INSTRUMENT SELECTION IMPORTANT?

Default aggregation reflects the intended use of the measurements

Instrument type measurements are aggregated the type of metric that is exported impacts the way you can query and analyze it.



HOW DO I CHOOSE AN INSTRUMENT?





Sync or async

Do you need the measurement synchronously, or can it be reported on a set interval?





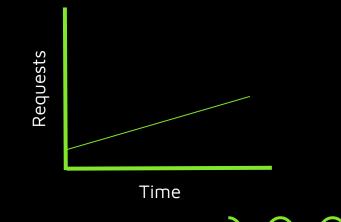






COUNTER

Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage	
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	Sum	Number of bytes sent, total orders processed, total cart adds, total cart add failures, total checkouts, total checkout failures	



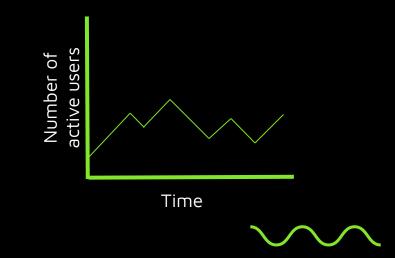
Use when...

- you want to count things and compute the rate at which things happen
- the sum of the things is more meaningful than the individual values



UP/DOWN COUNTER

Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage	
\checkmark	\checkmark	×	Sum	Number of open connections, number of active users, queue size, memory in use	



Use when...

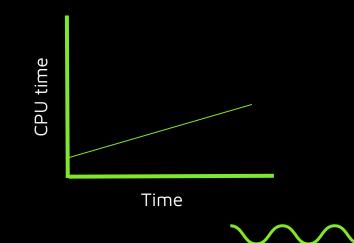
 you want to process positive and negative increments





ASYNC COUNTER

Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage	
×	\checkmark	\checkmark	Sum	CPU time, cache hits and misses, total network bytes transferred	



Use when...

 you need a sum of your measurements, but they may be too expensive to report synchronously, or it is more appropriate to record on set intervals



ASYNC UP/DOWN COUNTER

Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage	
×	\checkmark	×	Sum	Memory utilization, process heap size, number of active shards, changes in the number of active users	



Use when...

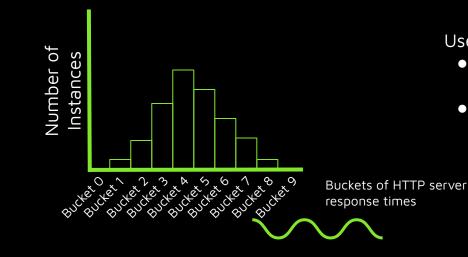
• you need a non-monotonic additive counter to report on set intervals





HISTOGRAM

Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage	
\checkmark	×	×	Explicit bucket histogram	HTTP server response times, client duration, request rate	



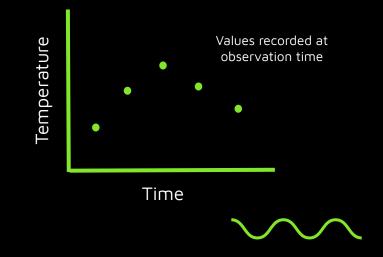
Use when...

- you want to analyze the distribution of measurements to identify trends
- you want to calculate the min, max, and average response time



GAUGE

Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage	
×	×	×	Last value	CPU utilization, temperature of hardware at this point in time, average memory consumption	



Use when...

- you want to report data that's not useful to aggregate across dimensions and you have access to measurements asynchronously
- you want finer-grain control of when a non-additive measurement is made, particularly when its purpose is a distribution



METRIC INSTRUMENTS, TYPES, AND USE CASES

What is an instrument?

Instruments report measurements and have the following fields:

- Instrument name telescopes_sold

- Kind counter

Measure of unit (optional) telescope

Description (optional) "Total telescopes sold"









METRICS IN OPENTELEMETRY

VIEW

- Allows you to customize the metrics output by the SDK:
 - Process or ignore instruments
 - Override aggregation strategy
 - Attributes





 $\sim \sim$

WHAT'S NEXT?

- 1. RECAP
- 2. WHAT TO EXPLORE NEXT?
- 3. CREDITS, REFERENCES & CONTACT INFO







RECAP

- What a metric is, and why they're useful for observability
- What OpenTelemetry is, and the utility and customization options it provides in metric generation and collection
- 3. Metric concepts as they apply in OpenTelemetry
- 4. OpenTelemetry metric instruments, and how to choose one







	Synchronous	Additive	Monotonic	Default aggregation	Example usage
Counter	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	Sum	Number of bytes sent, total orders processed
Up down counter	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	Sum	Number of open connections, number of active users
Histogram	\checkmark	×	×	Histogram	Response times, search results latency
Async counter	×	\checkmark	\checkmark	Sum	Cache hits and misses, CPU time
Async up down counter	×	\checkmark	×	Sum	Memory utilization, number of active users
Gauge	×	×	×	Last value	CPU utilization, hardware temperature

 $\sim \sim \sim$



WHAT TO EXPLORE NEXT?

- Instrumentation and implementation try it out yourself!
- Views API
- Data point types
- Adding metric attributes (or dimensions)
- Push- vs pull-based exporting
- Application runtime metrics
- OpenTelemetry collector metrics processors
- Infrastructure metrics
- ... and so much more!



CREDITS & REFERENCES

CREDITS

- Jack Berg, New Relic
- Vijay Samuel, eBay

REFERENCES

- Exponential Histograms: Better Data, Zero Configuration Jack Berg
- <u>Cloud-Native Observability with OpenTelemetry</u> Alex Boten
- <u>OpenTelemetry docs</u>
- <u>OpenTelemetry Metrics Primer for Java Developers</u> Asaf Mesika



THANK YOU! **@reesesbytes**



Reese Lee on CNCF Slack

CREDITS: This presentation template was created by **Slidesgo**, including icons by **Flaticon** and infographics & images by **Freepik**

Booth #212!

