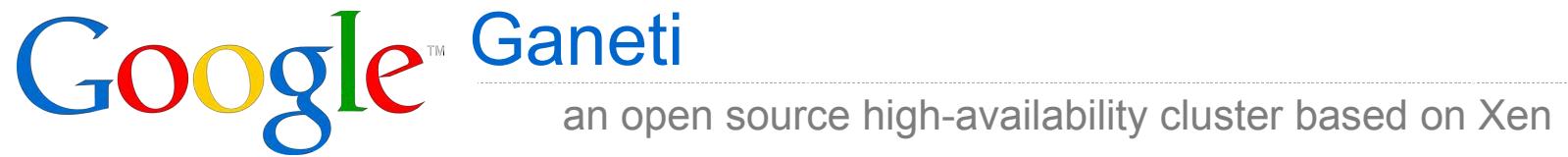


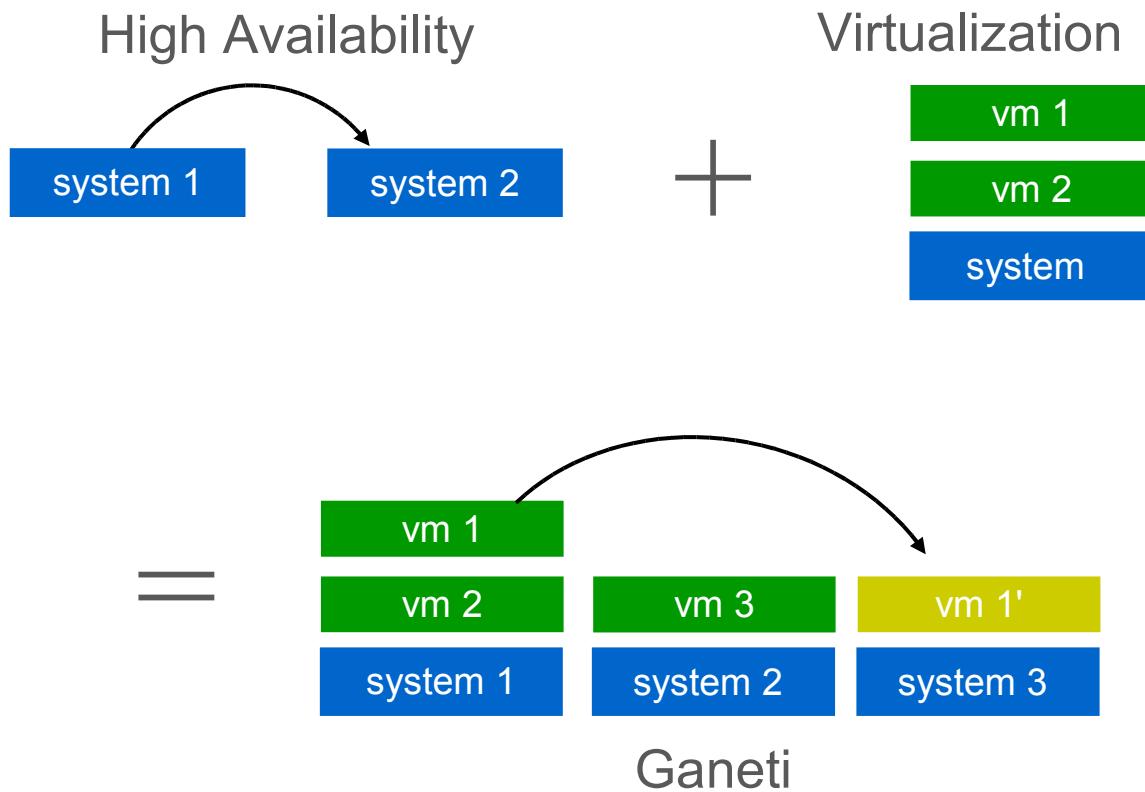
LISA 2007



Guido Trotter
Google Ganeti Team

- Design goals and principles
- Ganeti overview and administration
- Ganeti failover details
- Ganeti usage in Google
- Ganeti roadmap
- Live Demo

Ganeti at a glance



Design goals and principles



- goals
 - increase availability
 - reduce hardware cost
 - increase flexibility
 - transparency
- principles
 - not dependent on specific hardware (e.g. SAN)
 - support different host systems
 - scales linearly with the number of systems
 - small, iterative development

Ganeti overview (1/3)



Ganeti is a software to manage clusters of virtual servers

- Based on Xen (but not strictly dependent on it)
- n-node high-availability cluster (future)
- makes it simple to manage 10s of nodes and 100s of instances
- software used
 - language: Python
 - virtualization: Xen
 - disk management: LVM / DRBD / MD
 - RPC: Twisted, ssh

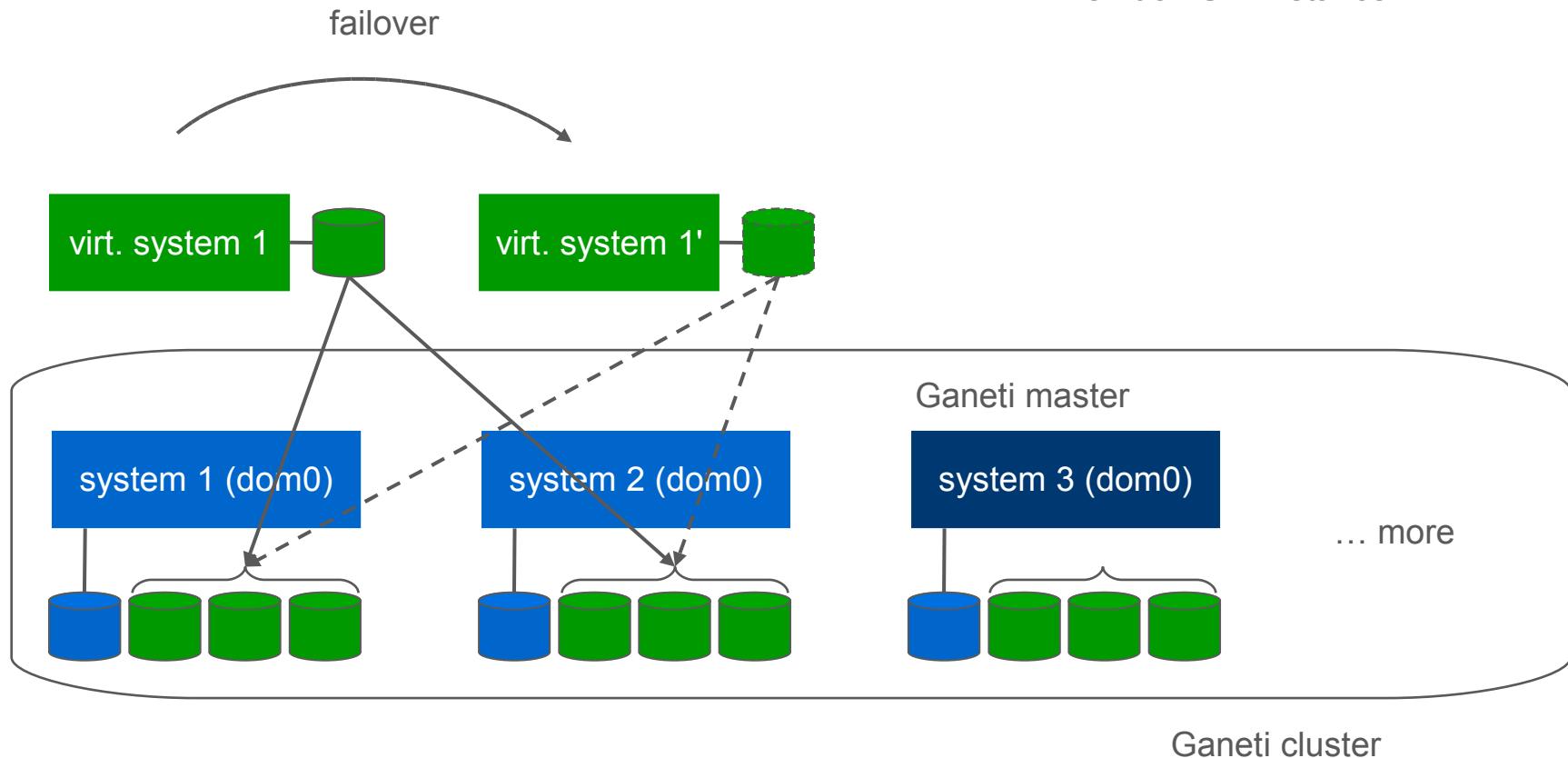
Terminology:

- Cluster
- Node
- Master Node
- Instance
- Pool
- Meta-Cluster

Ganeti overview (3/3)



Xen dom0 = node
Xen domU = instance



The commands are run on the master node

- gnt-node: add / remove / list cluster nodes
- gnt-instance:
 - add / remove instance
 - failover instance, change secondary
 - stop / start instance, change parameters
- gnt-os: instance OS definitions
- gnt-cluster: cluster commands
- gnt-backup: instance export and import

All commands have man pages and support interactive help.

Cluster Setup:

```
node0# gnt-cluster init mycluster
node0# gnt-node add node1
node0# gnt-node add node2
node0# gnt-node add node3
node0# gnt-cluster command \
> apt-get install ganeti-instance-etch
```

Creation of an instance:

```
node0# gnt-instance add \
> -n node2:node1 \
> -t drbd8 \
> instance0
```

Migration after a node crash:

```
node0# gnt-instance failover --ignore-consistency instance0
node0# gnt-instance replace-disks -s \
> --new-secondary=node3 instance0
```

Cluster status:

```
# gnt-instance list
```

Instance	OS	Primary_node	Autostart	Status	Memory
instance1.example.com	etch	node1.example.com	yes	running	128
instance2.example.com	etch	node3.example.com	yes	running	512
instance3.example.com	etch	node3.example.com	yes	running	1024
instance4.example.com	etch	node2.example.com	yes	running	128
instance5.example.com	etch	node4.example.com	yes	running	512

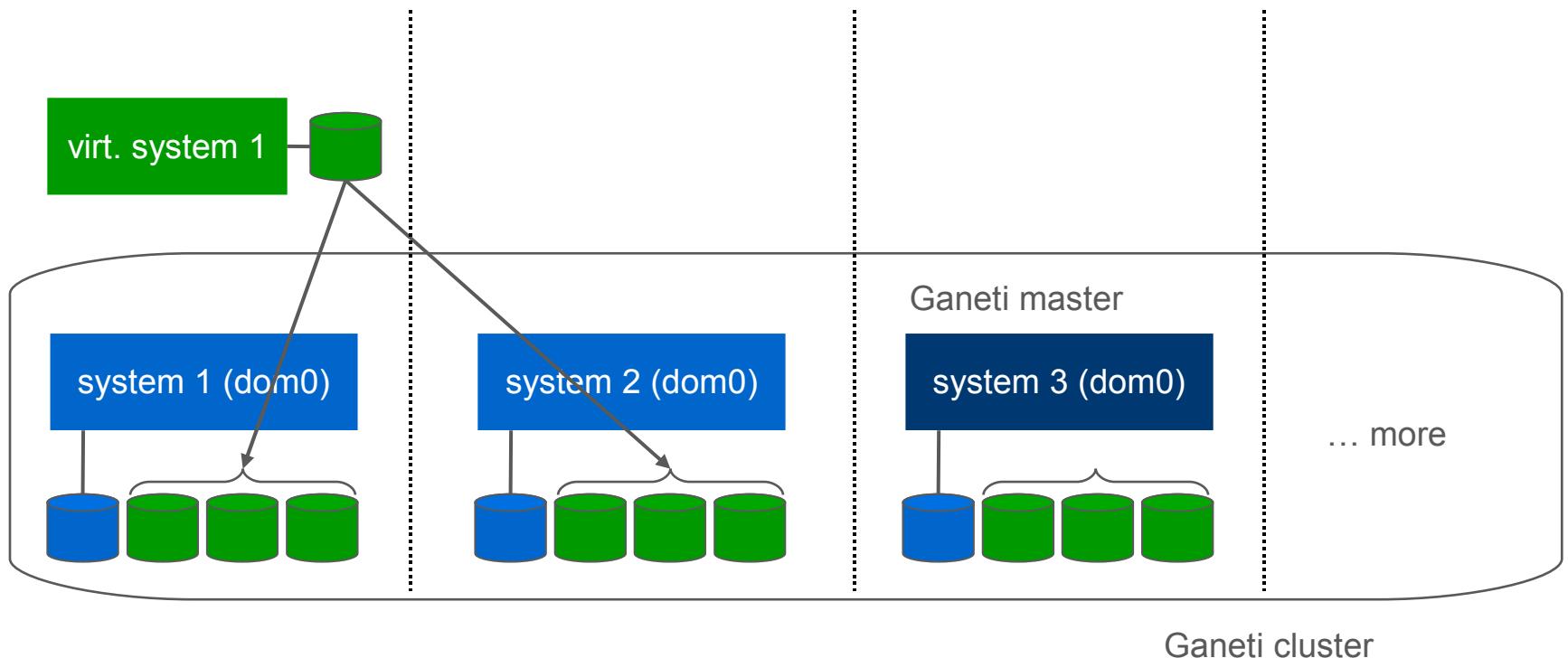
```
# gnt-node list
```

Node	DTotal	DFree	MTotal	MNode	MFree	Pinst	Sinst
node1.example.com	858240	442752	4095	511	3456	1	2
node2.example.com	572160	567296	4095	511	3456	1	2
node3.example.com	858240	858240	4095	511	2048	2	1
node4.example.com	356032	356032	4095	511	3072	1	0

Instance failover (1/4)



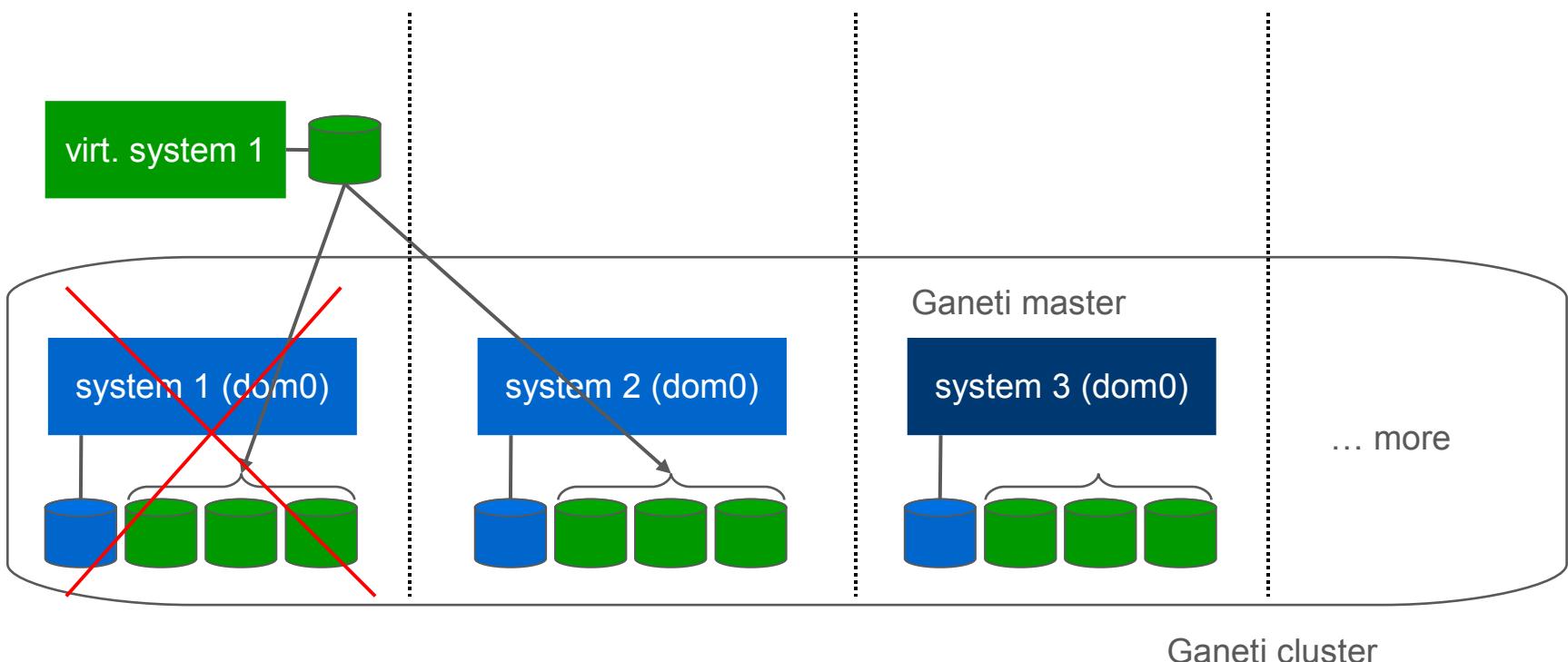
Xen dom0 = node
Xen domU = instance



Instance failover (2/4)



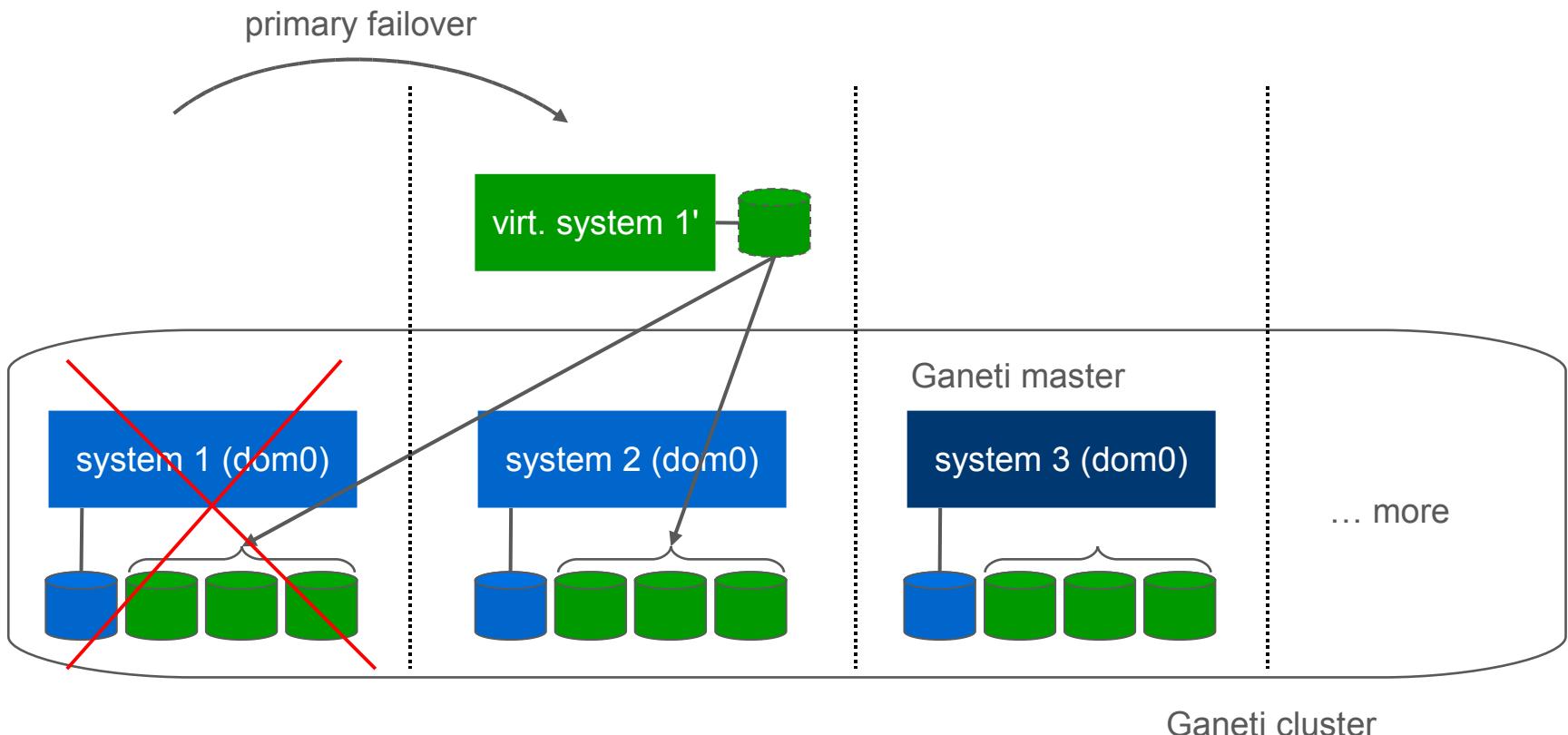
Xen dom0 = node
Xen domU = instance



Instance failover (3/4)



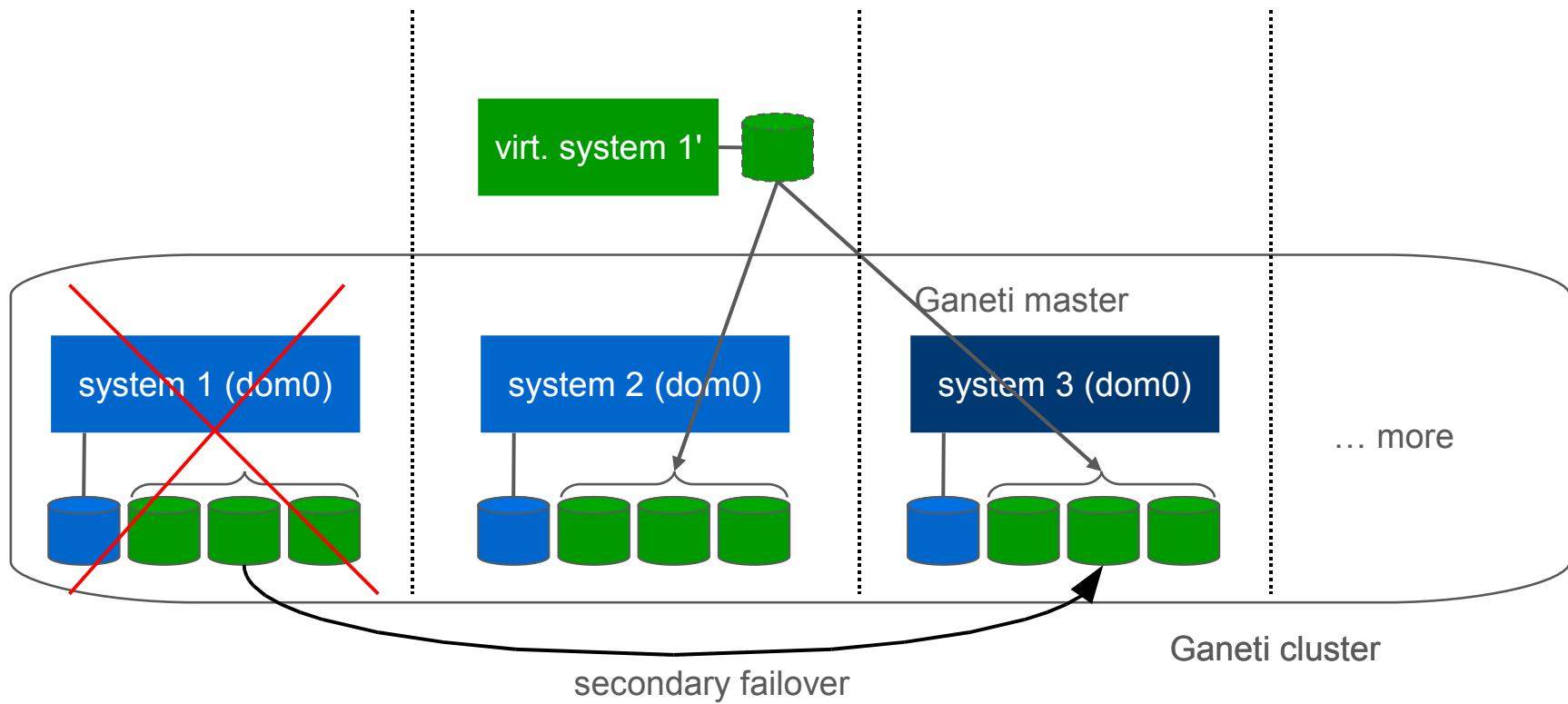
Xen dom0 = node
Xen domU = instance



Instance failover (4/4)



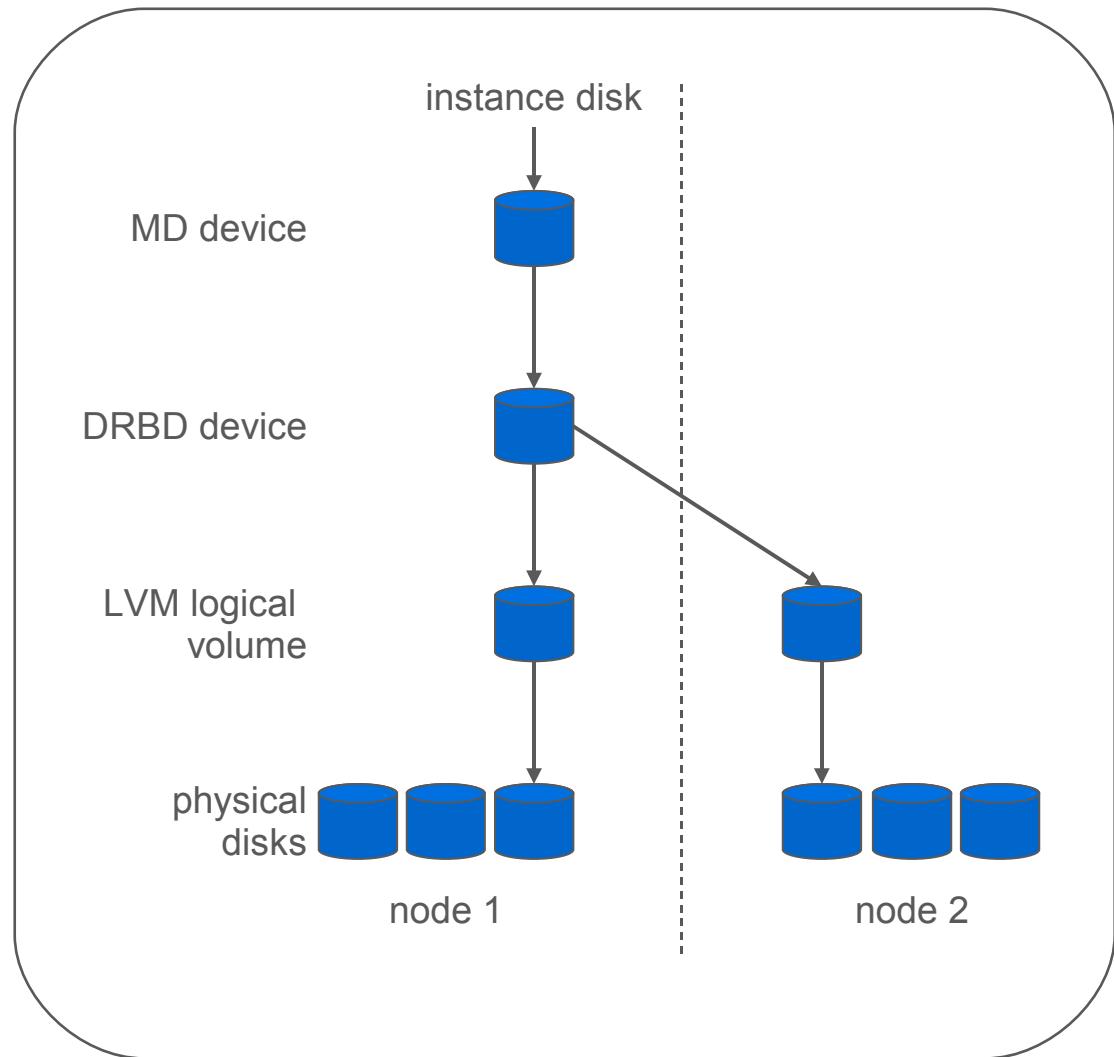
Xen dom0 = node
Xen domU = instance



Ganeti disk details



- disk types
 - plain
 - local_raid1
 - remote_raid1
 - drbd8 (new)



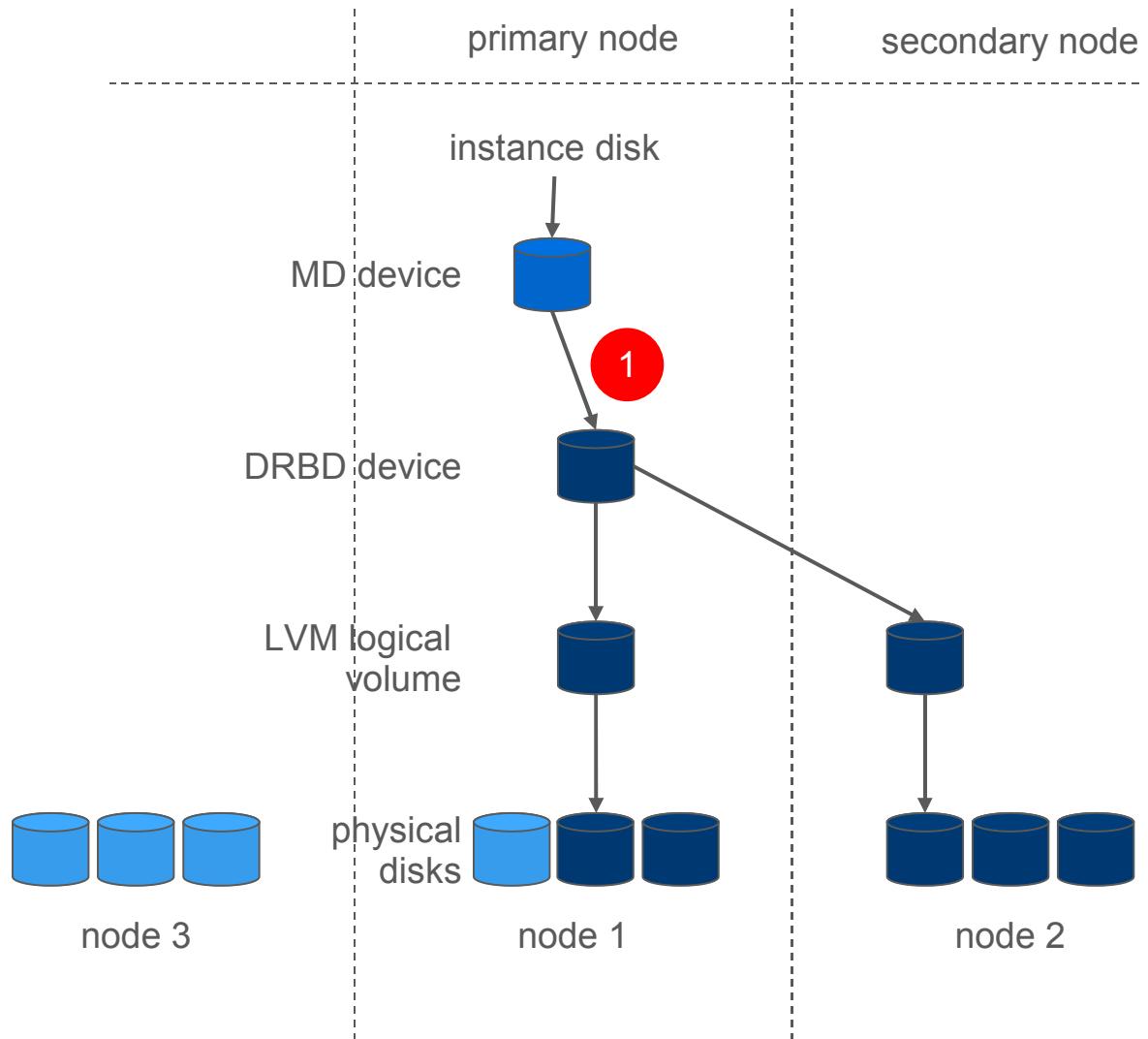
`remote_raid1` details

Ganeti remote_raid1 disk recovery



remote_raid1 failover

1. dark blue DRBD set serves data

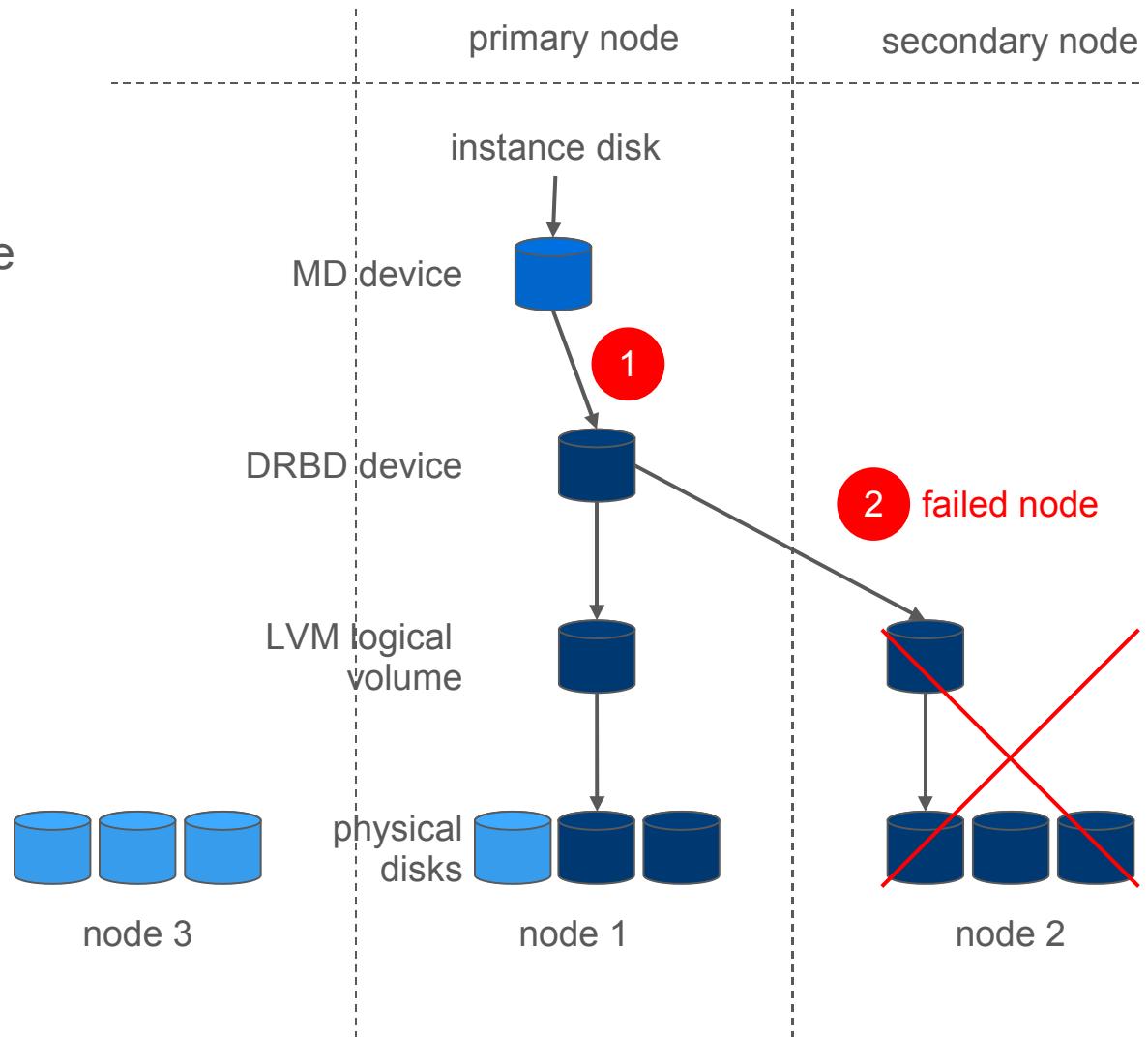


Ganeti remote_raid1 disk recovery



remote_raid1 failover

1. dark blue DRDB set serves data
2. node fails in dark blue DRDB set

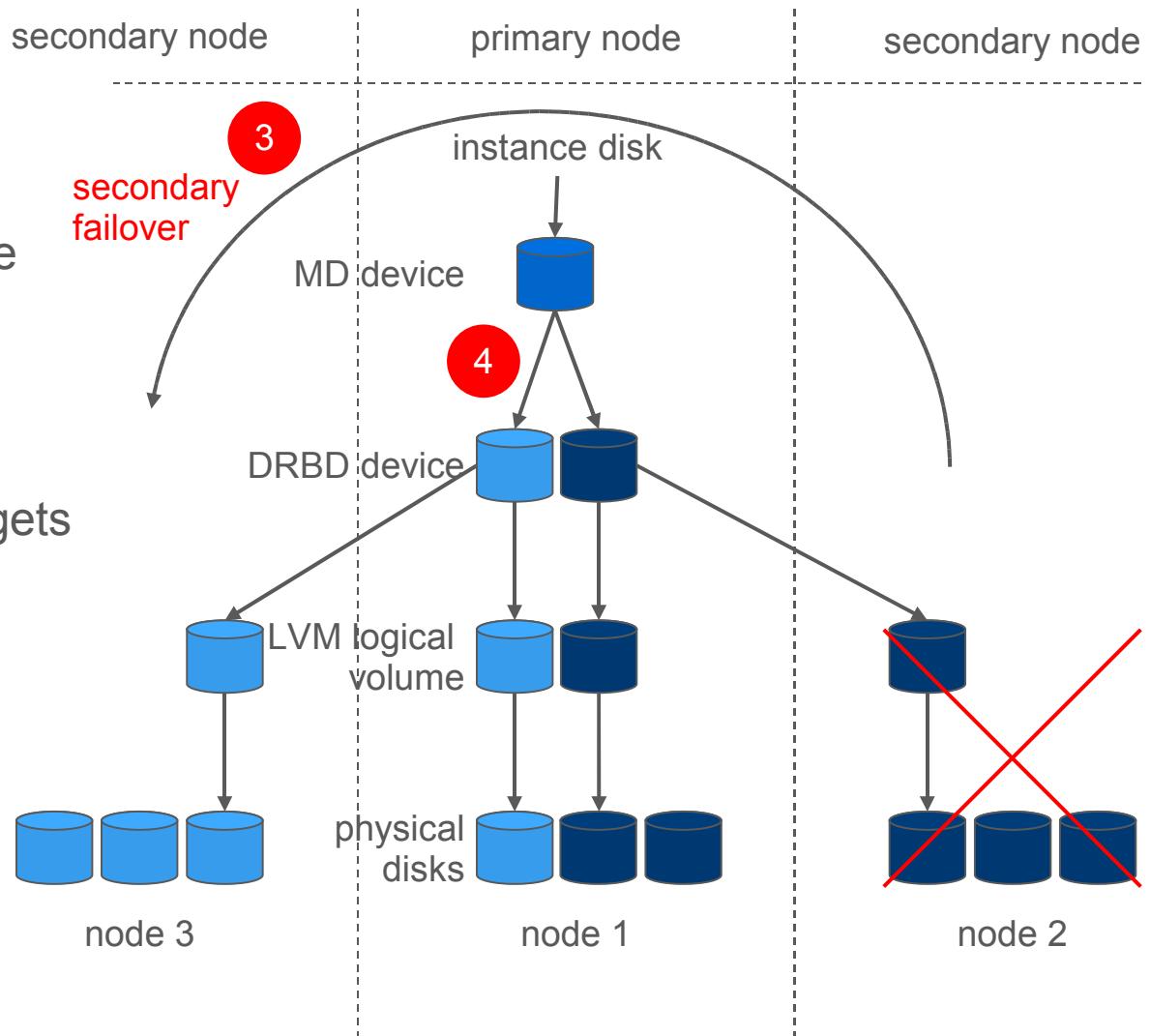


Ganeti remote_raid1 disk recovery



remote_raid1 failover

1. dark blue DRDB set serves data
2. node fails in dark blue DRDB set
3. admin: gnt-instance replace-disks
4. light blue DRDB set gets added and is synchronized

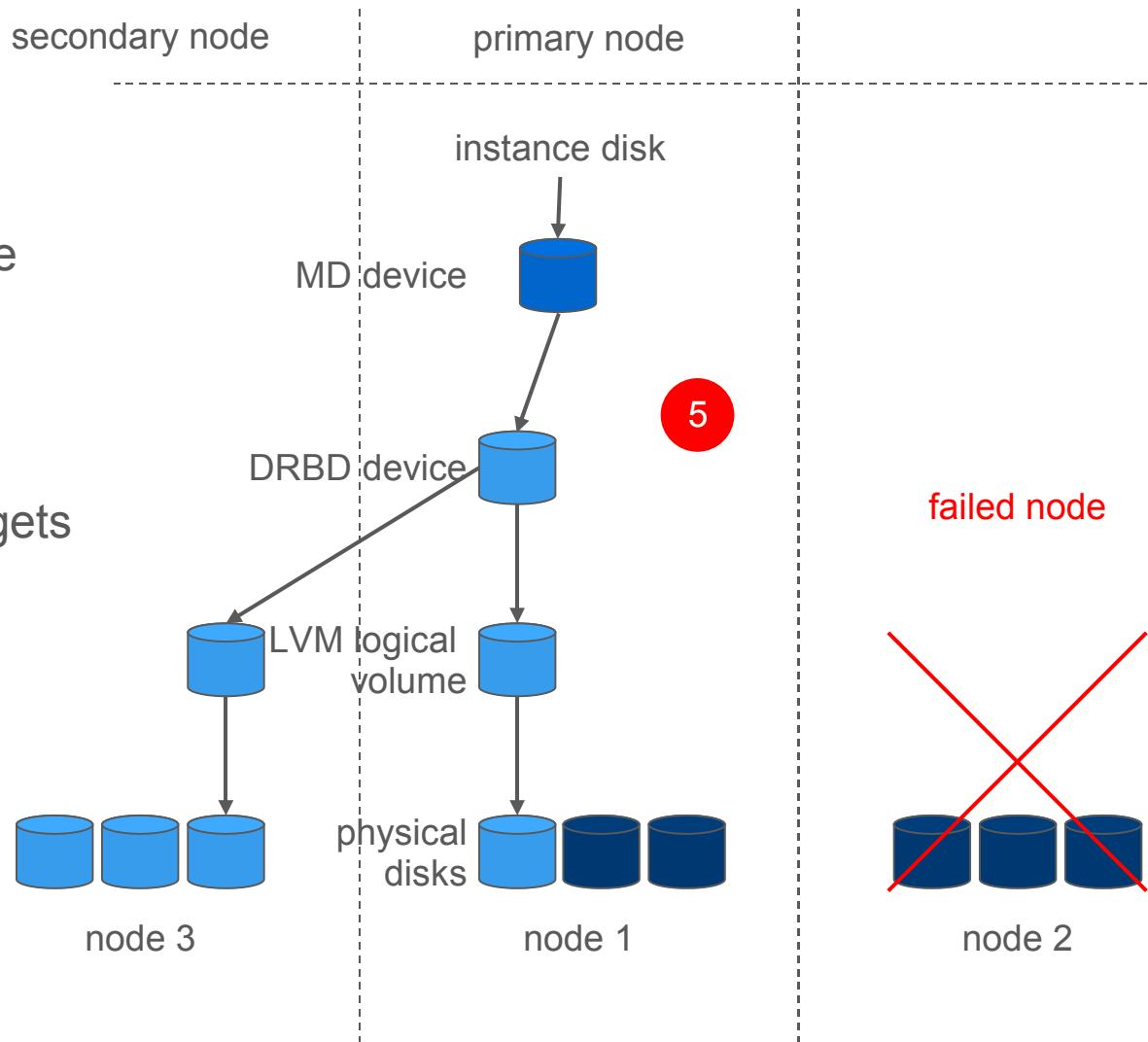


Ganeti remote_raid1 disk recovery



remote_raid1 failover

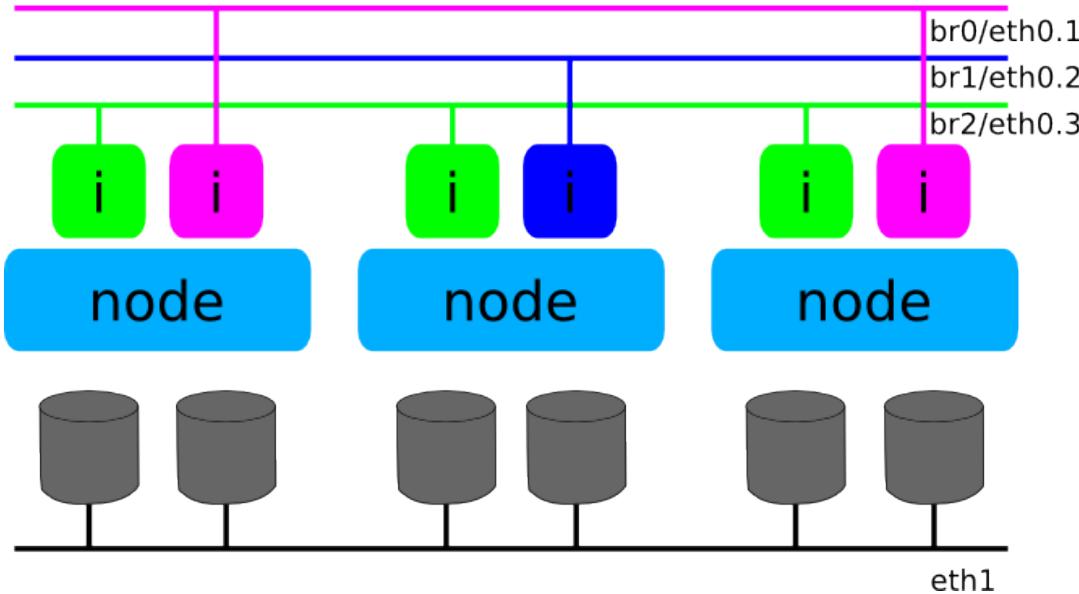
1. dark blue DRDB set serves data
2. node fails in dark blue DRDB set
3. admin: gnt-instance replace-disks
4. light blue DRDB set gets added and is synchronized
5. dark blue DRDB set gets removed



Optional advanced features



- Separate replication network
- Multiple bridges/VLAN support
- Tagging (new)



Ganeti usage in Google



42	empty1 (empty1)
41	switch1 (switch1U)
40	
39	gnt-node1 (server2U)
38	gnt-node2 (server2U)
37	gnt-node3 (server2U)
36	gnt-node4 (server2U)
35	gnt-node5 (server2U)
34	gnt-node6 (server2U)
33	gnt-node7 (server2U)
32	gnt-node8 (server2U)
31	gnt-node9 (server2U)
30	gnt-node10 (server2U)
29	gnt-node11 (server2U)
28	gnt-node12 (server2U)
27	gnt-node13 (server2U)
26	gnt-node14 (server2U)
25	gnt-node15 (server2U)
24	gnt-node16 (server2U)
23	gnt-node17 (server2U)
22	gnt-node18 (server2U)
21	gnt-node19 (server2U)
20	gnt-node20 (server2U)
19	
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3	
2	
1	

- 20-node Ganeti cluster
- 64-bit node OS
- 80 virtual instances
- used for internal systems
- **not** used for google.com
- best for non-resource intensive systems

- developed at Google
- license: GPLv2
- code location: <http://code.google.com/p/ganeti/>
- August 2007
 - open source and release 1.2b1
- November 2007
 - release 1.2b2
- December 2007
 - release 1.2
- February 2008
 - release 1.2.1
- Later
 - release 1.3

1.2 Roadmap



- Release 1.2b2:
 - new cluster configuration format
 - drbd8 disk template
 - simplify common tasks (node evacuation, reboot, tags)
 - ganeti-watcher now reactivates drbd pairs
 - easier packaging experience
 - tags
- Release 1.2:
 - no more new features
 - code cleanup and bugfixes
- Future point releases:
 - only features that do not affect the core code
 - investigate experimental support for KVM and Xen-HVM

1.3 Draft Roadmap

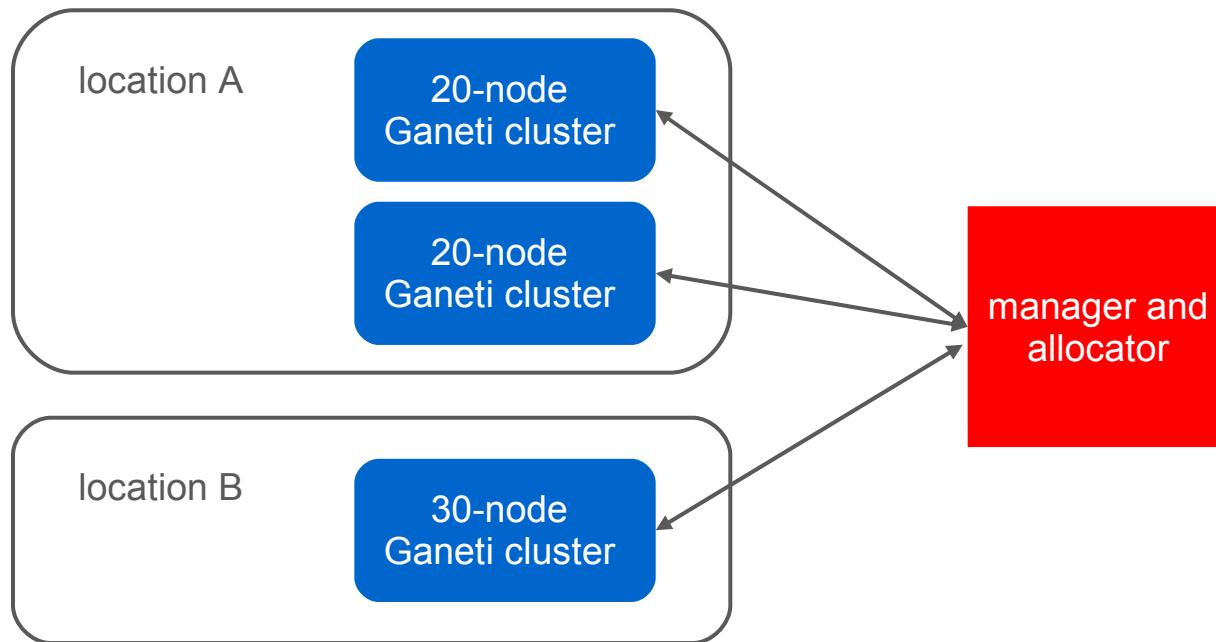


- External API
- Transparent failover
- Granular locking
- Job Queuing
- Support for more diverse instances
- Stable support for different virtualization technologies

The Future



- automatic instance failover
- automatic node allocation
- master node election
- manager GUI / meta-cluster manager



Demo and Q&A
