Auto-learning of SMTP TCP Transport-Layer Features for Spam and Abusive Message Detection

Georgios Kakavelakis, Robert Beverly, Joel Young

Center for Measurement and Analysis of Network Data Naval Postgraduate School, Dept. Computer Science {gkakavel,rbeverly,jdyoung}@cmand.org December 8, 2011

### **USENIX LISA 2011**



Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS) Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

LISA 2011 1/39

## Outline

## Motivation

- 2 Detecting Bot-Generated Spam
- 3 SpamFlow Architecture
- SpamFlow Results
- 5 Conclusions



A (10) > (10)

- 2011Q3 MAAWG email metrics: 89% of email is abusive.
- Huge volumes of spam, spammers quickly adapt to defenses.
- Whether user, provider, or vendor, spam is still a problem!

### Our Prior SpamFlow Work Asked:

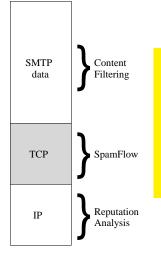
- What is the transport (TCP/IP packet stream) character of spam?
- Are there differences between spam and ham flows?
- How to exploit differences in a way which spammers cannot easily evade?



Motivation

Background

### **Understanding SpamFlow**



- Not looking at IP header (reputation)
- Not looking at data (conent)
- SpamFlow: TCP stream, incl timing
- FINs, RSTs, Duplicates, OOO pkts, 3WHS timing, packet jitter, receive window, maximum idle time, etc. (20 features in total)



A (10) A (10) A (10)

### SpamFlow, previous work

#### "Exploiting Transport-Level Characteristics of Spam" [BS08]:

- Utilize statistical machine learning methods
- Offline analysis
- Demonstrate > 90% accuracy, precision, recall (w/o content or reputation!)
- Correctly identify  $\simeq$  78% of false negatives from content filtering alone



#### Motivation

### **Obstacles to Deployment**

#### But ... Obstacles to Deployment:

- Lots of "plumbing," i.e. exposing transport-features to higher layers
- Must be real-time
- Must be on-line
- Training a supervised learner

#### USENIX LISA 2011 Contributions:

- Tackle these deployment issues, did the "hard" work
- Built an opensource SpamFlow plugin for SpamAssassin
- (And show performance numbers it really works!)



(I) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1))

## Outline

### Motivation

- 2 Detecting Bot-Generated Spam
  - 3 SpamFlow Architecture
  - SpamFlow Results
  - 5 Conclusions



< 6 b

### **Transport-Level Characteristics of Spam**

Why does SpamFlow work?

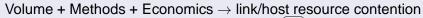
### Two Observations on Spam

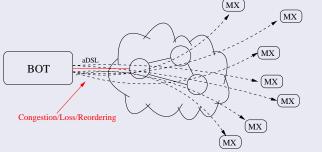
- Low Penetration:
  - due to existing filters, user ambivalence
  - ullet  $\to$  huge volumes of spam
- Sending Method:
  - Botnets, dialup, etc.
  - $\bullet \ \rightarrow \text{Low asymmetric bandwidth, widely distributed}$



### **Transport-Level Characteristics of Spam**

### Combining Observations: Low Penetration + Sending Methods





#### **Contention:**

Contention manifests as TCP/IP loss, retransmission, reordering, jitter, flow control, etc. Particularly with the large buffers in consumer cable/DSL modems.

# SMTP and TCP

#### Transmission Control Protocol:



- Simple Mail Transport Protocol (SMTP) uses TCP for transport
- Sequence of SMTP commands between Mail Transport Agents (MTAs)
- Mail contents are packetized

How do Spam Connections Behave?

Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS)

Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

LISA 2011 10 / 39

< Al

Detecting Bot-Generated Spam

**Building intuition** 

# How do Spam Connections Behave?

RcvQ 0	SndQ 0	Local srv:25	Foreign Addr 92.47.129.89:49014	State SYN RECV
0	0	srv:25	ppp83-237-106-114.:29081	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	88.200.227.123:25068	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	92.47.129.89:49014	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	ppp83-237-106-114.:29084	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	88.200.227.123:25068	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	88.200.227.123:25069	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	88.200.227.123:25070	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	88.200.227.123:25074	SYN_RECV
0	0	srv:25	84.255.150.15:4232	SYN_RECV
0	25	srv:25	222.123.147.41:50282	LAST_ACK
0	28	srv:25	adsl-pool-222.123.:1720	LAST_ACK
0	31	srv:25	222.123.147.41:50152	LAST_ACK
0	15	srv:25	222.123.147.41:50889	LAST_ACK
0	9	srv:25	88.245.3.19:venus	LAST_ACK
0	25	srv:25	78.184.155.70:1854	FIN_WAIT1
0	23	srv:25	190-48-30-225.spe:50920	FIN_WAIT1
0	23	srv:25	dsl.dynamic812132:48154	FIN_WAIT1
0	23	srv:25	ip-85-160-91-16.e:48093	FIN_WAIT1
0	23	srv:25	88.234.141.158:48389	FIN_WAIT1
0	23	srv:25	p5B0FBB5D.dip.t-d:11965	FIN_WAIT1



**H** 16

Detecting Bot-Generated Spam

**Building intuition** 

# How do Spam Connections Behave?

RcvQ	SndQ	Local	Foreign Addr         State           92.47.129.89:49014         SYN_RECV           ppp83-237-106-114.;29081         SYN_RECV           88.200.2         TCP Stuck in States
0	0	srv:25	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 25 28	srv:25 srv:25 srv:25 srv:25 srv:25 srv:25 srv:25 srv:25	<ul> <li>Ppp83-23 88.200.2</li> <li>Stays in these states for minutes</li> <li>Half-open connections</li> <li>Remote MTAs that</li> </ul>
0	31	srv:25	<ul> <li>222.123.:</li> <li>222.123.:</li> <li>"disappear" mid-connection</li> <li>Remote MTAs that send</li> <li>Ip-85-16</li> <li>FIN and disappear</li> </ul>
0	15	srv:25	
0	9	srv:25	
0	25	srv:25	
0	23	srv:25	
0	23	srv:25	
0	23	srv:25	
0 0 	23 23	srv:25 srv:25	88.234.14. p5B0FBB5D.dip.t-d:11965 FIN_WAIT1



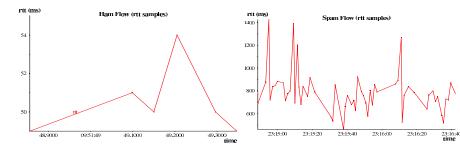
- E

A >

# What about RTT?

Received: from vms044pub.verizon.net From: "Dr. Beverly, MD" <b@ex.com> Subject: thoughts Dear Robert, I hope you have had a great week!

```
Received: from unknown (59.9.86.75)
From: Erich Shoemaker <ried@ex.com>
Subject: ReplIca for you
A T4g Heuer w4tch is a luxury statement
on its own.
In PrestIge ReplIcas, any T4g Heuer...
```





## Outline

### Motivation

- 2) Detecting Bot-Generated Spam
- SpamFlow Architecture
  - SpamFlow Results
  - 5 Conclusions



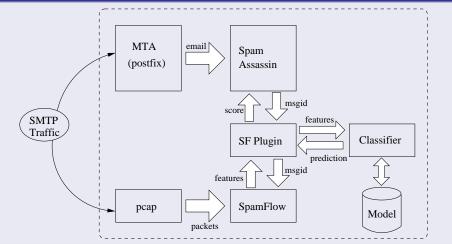
A (10) > (10)

Plugin

### SpamAssassin Plugin

### So... we built it.

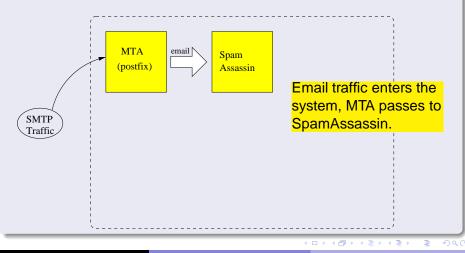
#### Moving from research to production:



Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS)

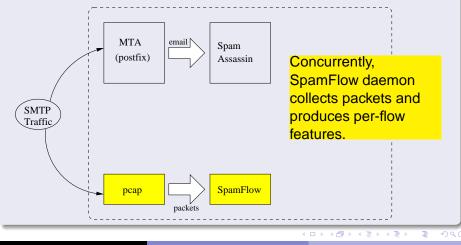
Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

#### Architecture:





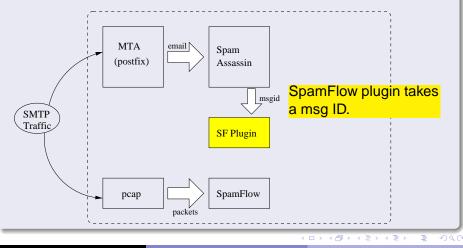
#### Architecture:



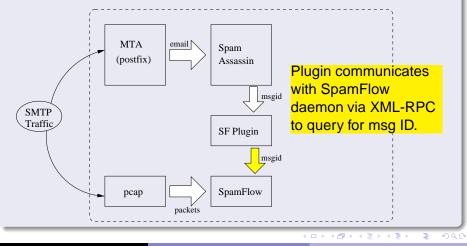
Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS) Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

LISA 2011 16 / 39

#### Architecture:



#### Architecture:



# SpamFlow Architecture Matching Emails and Flows Mapping Traffic Flows to Email

### Querying SpamFlow by Message ID:

- SF Plugin queries SpamFlow for traffic features corresponding to an email message
- How to determine which network traffic flow (and its packets) belongs to a given email message?

### Mapping Traffic Flows to Email:

- **Message-ID**: RFC2822, §3.6.4: "Though optional, every message SHOULD have a Message-ID: field. The Message-ID: field contains a single unique message identifier."
- *IP:Port Tuple*: Modify the MTA to record in the email header the ephemeral port of the remote MTA.

### Mapping Traffic Flows to Email

#### Message-ID:

- Not guaranteed to be present
- Requires SpamFlow to perform Deep Packet Inspection
- Increases SpamFlow complexity to reassemble transport stream

#### **IP:Port Tuple:**

- Reliable, fast, simple
- Requires trivial change to MTA
- No DPI

#### SpamFlow:

We use **IP:Port** as the message identifier. Message-ID support planned in next version.

Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS) Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

< ≣ ► ৗ • ি ৭ ৫ LISA 2011 20 / 39

### Mapping Traffic Flows to Email

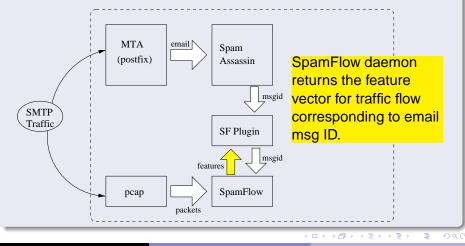
#### Postfix:

```
--- src/smtpd/smtpd.c.orig
+++ src/smtpd/smtpd.c
@@ -2807,9 +2807,9 @@
if (!proxy || state->xforward.flags == 0) {
  out_fprintf(out_stream, REC_TYPE_NORM,
     "Received: from %s (%s [%s])",
   "Received: from %s (%s [%s:%s])",
+
    state->helo name ? state->helo_name : state->name,
    state->name, state->rfc addr);
    state->name, state->rfc addr, state->port);
```

#### Qmail:

```
--- received.c.orig
+++ received c
@@ -44.2 +44.3 @@
+char *remoteport;
 char *remotehost;
@@ -63.2 +64.5 @@
  safeput(ggt,remoteip);
 remoteport = getenv("TCPREMOTEPORT");
+
 qmail_puts(qqt,":");
  safeput(ggt,remoteport);
+
  qmail puts(qqt,")\n by ");
```

### Architecture:

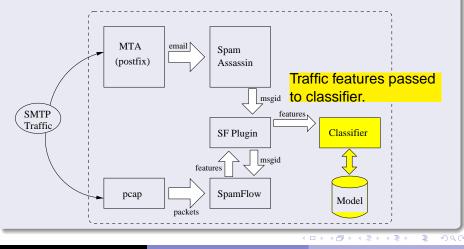


Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS) Auto-learning S

Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

LISA 2011 22 / 39

### Architecture:

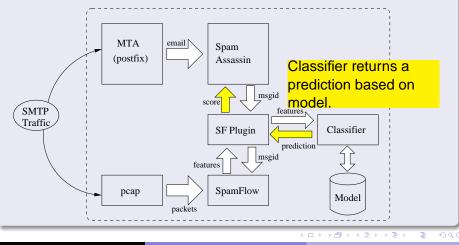


Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS) Auto-learning SMTP

Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

LISA 2011 23 / 39

### Architecture:



Kakavelakis, Beverly, Young (NPS)

Auto-learning SMTP TCP Features for Spam

LISA 2011 24/39

### **Example Email**

#### Example Tagged Email:

```
From Josephine@rsi.com Tue Feb 01 23:21:58 2011
Return-Path: <Josephine@rsi.com>
X-Spam-Checker-Version: SpamAssassin 3.3.1 (2010-03-16) on ralph.rbeverly.net
X-Spam-Level: **
X-Spam-Status: No, score=2.9 required=5.0 tests=BAYES_40,HTML_MESSAGE,SPAMFLOW,
UNPARSEABLE RELAY autolearn=no version=3.3.1
X-Spam-Spamflow-Tag: 3792891725:37689,12,10,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,53248,34.464852,0.162818,
120.441156.148.297699.51.891697.5840.48.1.64
X-Spam-SpamFlow-Predict: 1
Received: (gmail 30920 invoked from network); 1 Feb 2011 23:21:57 -0000
Received: from cm-static-18-226.telekabel.ba (77.239.18.226:37689)
Received: from vdhvjcvivjvbwyhxnscvfwg (192,168,1,185) by bluebellgroup.com (77,239,18,226)
with Microsoft SMTP
Message-ID: <4D489025.504060@etisbew.com>
Date: Wed, 2 Feb 2011 00:20:48 +0100
From: Essie <Essie@hermes.com>
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US; rv:1.9.2.12)
```



## Auto-Learning

#### Training:

- Central problem in any supervised learner how to train?
- Attacks and traffic features evolve
- Every installation environment is different, we observe very different traffic characteristics
- Can't distribute "canned" or "stock" trained traffic how to customize per site?



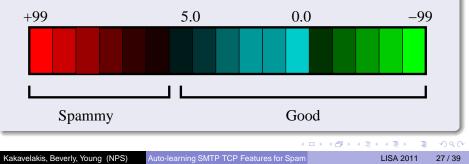
### SpamAssassin Scoring

#### SpamAssassin Scoring:

#### Many rules, e.g.

- In header, subject contains a gappy version of 'cialis': SUBJECT DRUG GAP C:2.108 0.989
- In body, HTML font color similar to background : HTML FONT LOW CONTRAST: 0.713 0.001

#### Each rule hit contributes to final continuous message score



### Auto-Learning

Some messages are clearly spam (hit many rules), or clearly ham (very low score). Two random examples:

#### Non-Spammy Message (-1.5):

X-Spam-Status: No, score=-1.5 required=5.0 tests=BAYES\_00,RP\_MATCHES\_RCVD, UNPARSEABLE\_RELAY autolearn=ham version=3.3.2

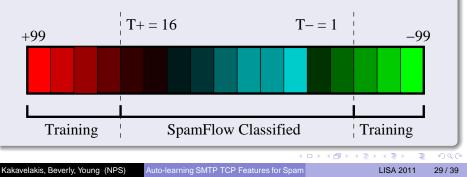
#### Very Spammy Message (30.8):

From: Wellsfargo Internet Banking Alerts!!! <services@wellsfargo.com>
Subject: You Have 1 New Security Message Alerts!!!
X-Spam-Status: Yee, score=30.8 required=5.0
tests=BAYES\_50,DATE\_IN\_PAST\_96\_XX,
DOS\_0E\_TO\_MX\_IMAGE,FORGED\_MUA\_OUTLOOK,FORGED\_OUTLOOK\_HTML,FROM\_MISSP\_DKIM,
FROM\_MISSP\_MST.FROM\_MISSP\_NO\_TO,FROM\_MISSP\_USER,FSL\_HELO\_NON\_FQDM\_1,
HELO\_NO\_DOMAIN,HTML\_MESSAGE,MIME\_HTML\_ONLY,MISSING\_HEADERS,NSL\_RCVD\_FROM\_USER,
RCVD\_IN\_BREL\_LASTEXT,RCVD\_IN\_XEL,RDNS\_NONE,SHORT\_HELO\_AND\_INLINE\_IMAGE,
TO\_NO\_BRKTS\_DIFECT,TO\_NO\_BRKTS\_MSFT\_UIPARSBABLE\_RELAY,
XMAILER\_MIMEOLE\_OL\_1ECD5 autolearn=no version=3.3.2

### Auto-Learning

#### Auto-Learning:

- If other modalities (e.g. keywords, rule tests) indicate strong possibility of spam (high score) or ham (low score), use that as an *training example*
- Incrementally build the model
- Requires no human labeling or work!



## Outline

### Motivation

- 2 Detecting Bot-Generated Spam
- 3 SpamFlow Architecture
- SpamFlow Results
- 5 Conclusions



A (10) A (10) A (10)

### **Production Experiments**

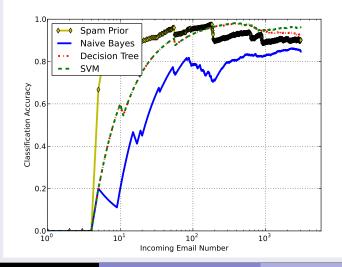
#### January-March, 2011:

- Auto-learning thresholds based on spam distribution (normal,  $\mu = 16.3, \delta = 7.7$ )
- $\tau^+ = 16$  and  $\tau^- = 1$
- Yields training of 2,685/5,510 (48.7%) spam and 267/416 (64.2%) ham messages
- Experiments using Naive Bayes, C4.5 decision trees, SVM



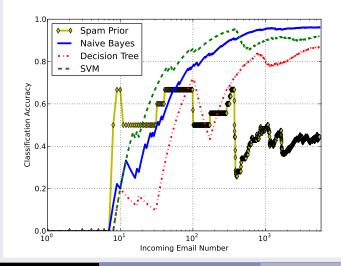
### **Auto-Learning Performance**

### Auto-Learning Accuracy ( $\tau^+ = 16, \tau^- = 1$ ):



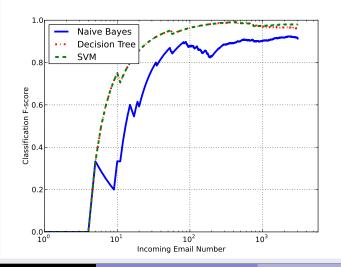
### **Auto-Learning Performance**

### Auto-Learning Accuracy ( $\tau^+ = 30, \tau^- = 1$ ):



### Auto-Learning Performance

#### Auto-Learning F-Score ( $\tau^+ = 16, \tau^- = 1$ ):



### **Auto-Learning Performance**

### SpamFlow Weight in Composite Score

- Currently a (configurable) fixed weight vote by SpamFlow that contributes to final score
- We experimented with two weights
- Working on optimizing and providing continuous weight depending on SpamFlow confidence

#### **Real-World Benefit**

	tp	fp	tn	fn	F-Score
SpamAssassin	5288	3	137	87	0.991
SpamFlow	5224	65	75	151	0.980
SA+SpamFlow(1)	5299	3	137	76	0.992
SA+SpamFlow(2)	5335	19	121	40	0.995

### Outline

### Motivation

- 2 Detecting Bot-Generated Spam
- 3 SpamFlow Architecture
- SpamFlow Results
- 5 Conclusions



不得 とくき とくき

### **Current Research**

#### Application to Other Domains:

- Attacks (automated) against web servers
- Can't rely on reputation/ports (as compared to SMTP)
- Scam-hosting infrastructure, Botnet CDNs (e.g. Canadian pharma, proxying, relaying, etc.)

#### Utilizing Transport Features:

- Adversarial TCP/IP stack to cause suspected bot to perform more work, contributing to the feedback loop such that transport features are exacerbated
- LISA 2011 poster with details, come see us!

(I) < ((()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) < (()) <

### SpamFlow Availability

#### SpamFlow Availability:

- Final testing phases
- Running in production at several installations
- autoconf'd, packaged, etc.
- January, 2012 release
- OpenSource license
- Tested with Postfix/Qmail and SpamAssassin
- Please contact us, or sign-up on mailing list for release updates

http://www.cmand.org/spamflow/

### Summary

#### Thanks!

- Attacking spam at a different layer
- Created SpamFlow SpamAssassin plugin + architecture:
  - On-line and real-time transport-layer classification of live email messages on a production MTA.
  - Auto-learning of transport features to build model across different operating environments without human training.

#### Questions?

http://www.cmand.org/spamflow/



(I) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1)) < ((1))