HotCloud'I I



#### Enabling Consolidation and Scaling Down to Provide Power Management for Cloud Computing

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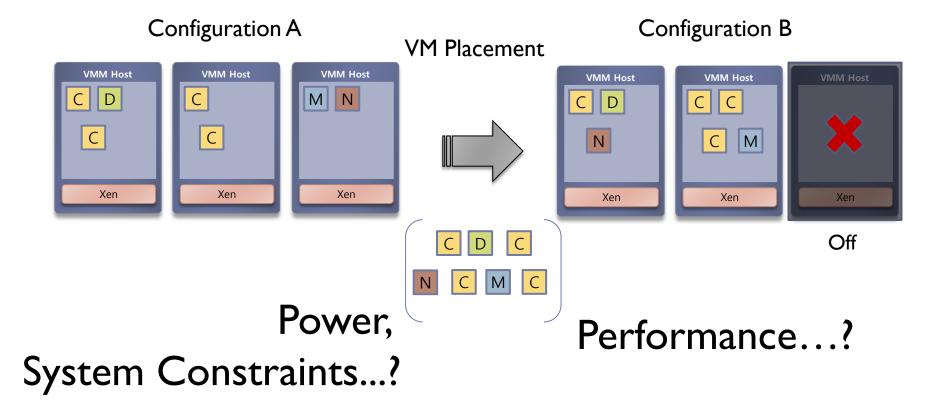


Background - Power Management in Virtualized Environment



- Virtualization techniques for VM scheduling
  - VM consolidation
  - VM live migration
- Goal of VM scheduling
  - To maximize utilization performance
- Require power management for green computing
  - Power management (dynamic cluster scaling scaling down)
  - Introduce additional trade-offs







# Require Various Studies ...

- To better design a VM scheduler in terms of power and performance
  - VM placement algorithm
- Examining various aspects of VM consolidation
  - The effects of VM co-location
  - The cache effects
  - The effects of CPU thermal throttling

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## Experimental Settings – The Effects of VM Co-location



#### A study on the impact of performance interference

	Benchmarks	General Characteristics (CpuMemDskNet)	Remarks	
ſ	gobmk	С	SPECcpu2006	
	mcf	СМ	SPECcpu2006	
	postmarkLrg	D		
	netperf	Ν		
L	bzip2	Cm	SPECcpu2006	] -
	tpc	cmn		Mive
	cg	cn	NPB	Various Mived
	mg	cmn	NPB	
	сору	d	Lightweight I/O	J
	postmarkSm	d	Lightweight I/O	

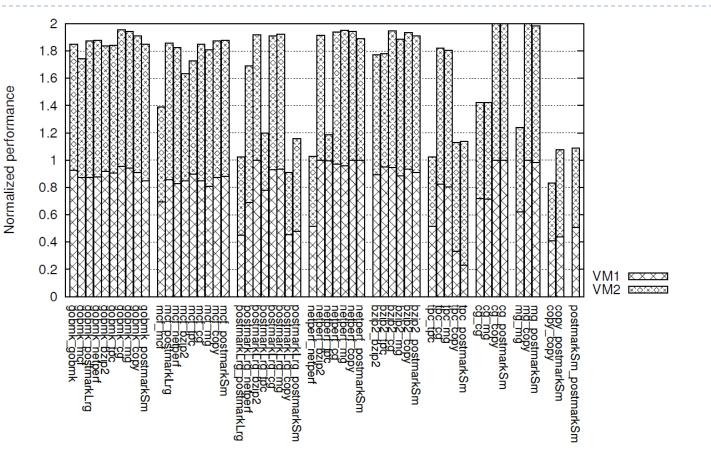
#### **Physical Machine**

- Quad-core 2.83Ghz, 8GB RAM
- Xen 3.3 Installed
- Each VM

Workloads

- I VCPU, 2GB MEM, 20GB image

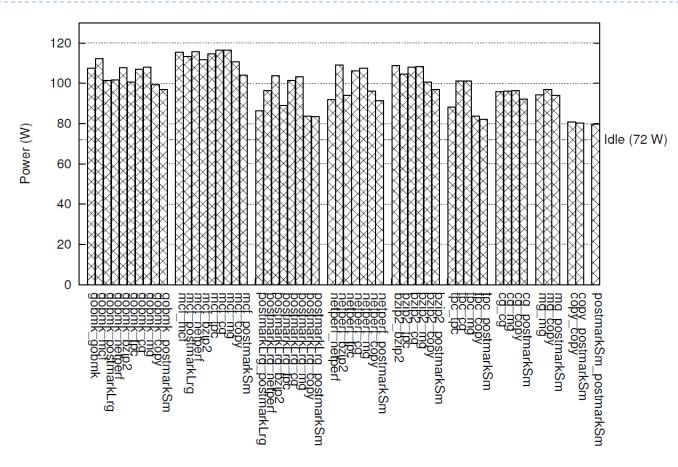
#### The Effects of VM Co-location – Performance Interference



Workload-aware VM placement: consider workload characteristics during consolidation



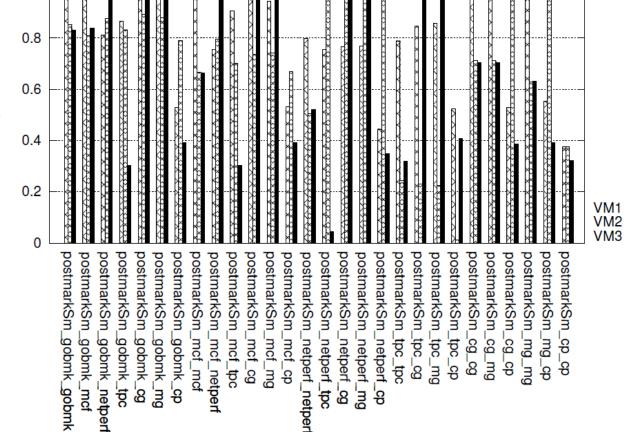
### The Effects of VM Co-location – Power Consumption



 Insight: CPU and memory-intensive applications tend to consume more power







Normalized performance

<u>x x x X</u> xoxxox



## Cache Effects

I				
0.8				
0.6				
0.2				
0	Concentration Concentration		Con Con Con Con	Connormal Connor
		00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,		60,700,700 0,902 186,186 10,702 186,186 10,702

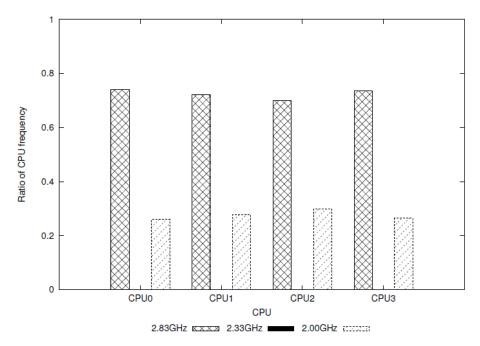
	Table 2.3: CPU pinning configuration on Xen								
	CPU ID	0	1	2	3				
		dom0	benchmark						
•		dom0		benchmark					
		dom0		benchmark	benchmark				
		dom0	benchmark	benchmark					

- Quad Processor Q9950
  - two independent, but shared 12MB of L2 cache (2x6MB)

- Insight: the disk intensive workload shows better performance when pinning together with domain 0
- Cache-aware VM placement: pinning VMs (domain U) by L2 cache, but also pinning domain U with domain 0



Running CPU-intensive applications at the maximum frequency



- Insight: Due to CPU thermal throttling, the frequency of the cores does not constantly remain at 2.83Ghz to avoid overheating
- Thermal-aware VM placement: mixing different types of workload rather than consolidate only CPU-intensive application



# Conclusion

- Examined various aspects of VM consolidation
  - To design a better-aware VM scheduler (VM placement)
- Still there are more opportunity for better scheduling
  - Workload-aware VM placement
    - Consider workload characteristics during consolidation
  - Cache-aware VM placement
    - Pinning domain U with domain 0 for I/O intensive workload
  - Thermal-aware VM placement
    - Consolidate different types of workload instead of CPU-intensive applications only



# Thank you

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